1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS
3	No. 1:09-cr-10243-MLW
4	
5	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
6	
7	vs.
8	
9	RYAN HARRIS
10	
11	*****
12	
13	For Jury Trial Before:
14	Chief Judge Mark L. Wolf
15	Jury Selection
16	
17	United States District Court District of Massachusetts (Boston.)
18	One Courthouse Way Boston, Massachusetts 02210
19	Tuesday, February 21, 2012
20	* * * * * *
21	
22	REPORTER: RICHARD H. ROMANOW, RPR
23	Official Court Reporter United States District Court
24	One Courthouse Way, Room 5200, Boston, MA 02210 bulldog@richromanow.com
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1	I N D E X	
2		
3	Preliminary Matters 4	
4	Jury Selection	
5	Motions in Limine 242	
6		
7	EXHIBITS	
8	EARIBII S	
9		
10	(None marked.)	
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PROCEEDINGS

(Begins, 9:00 a.m.)

THE CLERK: Criminal Matter 09-10243, the United States of America versus Ryan Harris. The Court is in session. You may be seated.

THE COURT: Good morning. Would counsel please identify themselves for the Court and for the record.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Good morning, your Honor.

Adam Bookbinder and Mona Sedky for the United States.

MR. McGINTY: And, your Honor, Charles McGinty and Christine Demaso for Ryan Harris. Ryan Harris is seated right at counsel table.

THE COURT: Okay.

On the agenda today, this morning, and to some extent this afternoon, I have jury selection addressing the evidentiary issues relating to the first witness, Mr. Phillips, um, finishing the discussion of the admissibility of certain posts, um, I understand there are no evidentiary issues relating to the second witness, Kohler, and I'll discuss with you further the preliminary instructions. In addition, I want to get clarification of the revised exhibit list and revised, I think, redacted exhibits that I have received a short time ago.

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Is there anything else that we should plan to
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     discuss today?
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: I don't believe so, your
     Honor.
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                MR. McGINTY: No, your Honor.
                THE COURT: Okay. Well, let me do this.
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           I just received the revised exhibit list and what
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     I understand to be redacted exhibits that now conform
     with the rulings that I've been making. Is that
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     correct?
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: They do, your Honor, for the
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     chats for sure and for the posts I know there were some
     that the Court had reserved on. In those cases we left
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     in there more than may ultimately be admitted and if so
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     we'll redact them further.
16
                THE COURT: And did you add one additional
17
     exhibit?
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: We did, your Honor, it's
     Exhibit 32.
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20
                THE COURT: And did you also give me some
     additional Jencks?
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: We did.
23
                THE COURT: Who or what is that for?
                MR. BOOKBINDER: It is the Jencks that was
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     created in the past maybe two weeks or so since we
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provided you with our binder set, just during the course 1 2 of the witness prep. THE COURT: All right. Let me ask you this 3 4 before I review with you the questions that I intend to 5 ask the potential jurors. 6 Trying from 9:00 until 1:00, recognizing that the 7 openings will be tomorrow, what's the best estimate of 8 how long the case will take before it gets to the jury to decide? 9 10 MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, we certainly will 11 finish our case next week and we'll go into next week at 12 least into, I would say, Tuesday at least, I'll probably 13 be with witnesses, maybe until Wednesday. I don't think 14 -- I would expect that we'll finish witnesses by 15 Wednesday. 16 THE COURT: That's fine. 17 MR. BOOKBINDER: That's my best guess. 18 THE COURT: Okay. And, Mr. McGinty, does the 19 defendant anticipate presenting any evidence? 20 MR. McGINTY: Um, your Honor, not at this time, and I think that's a fair estimate. You know, 21

THE COURT: I'll tell them that we expect we'll finish the evidence next week, but it could conceivably go into the following week. This is just so

maybe Thursday. But I think that's a fair estimate.

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they can tell me if they have particular issues with regard to the schedule.

All right. I told you we're going to get 68
jurors. Mr. Hohler has the list. He'll give it to you
when I tell him to. And Juror Number 1 on that list
will be to my far left in the first row and we'll go
down. At present I propose to ask 15 questions. If the
answer from any juror is "yes," the juror will stand and
tell me his or her name and number, and we'll all make a
note, including my clerks, of what questions each juror
has answered "yes" to. When that process is complete --

Um, could the Court Security Office identify himself please.

COURT OFFICER: Thomas Chamberlein.

know, I'm going to go back to the jury room to question the jurors individually. That is a public proceeding. I will say that if anybody in the courtroom wants to observe it, when we go back, can come. It's essential that you and anybody who substitutes for you know that and tell anybody who comes into the courtroom that if they want to observe the jury selection process, you'll take them back to the jury room. Okay?

COURT OFFICER: I understand.

THE COURT: Thank you.

All right. So we'll go back there, I'll follow up on why people have answered "yes" and ask if there's anything else they feel they should have answered "yes" to. When I have qualified 32 jurors, we'll select the jury. The defendant will have 10 and the government 6 discretionary challenges to the first 28 and you'll have one each for the remaining 4. And we'll go over the order in which they'll be exercised at sidebar.

Is there any questions about the process?

MR. BOOKBINDER: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Here are the questions at the moment I intend to ask and, in fact, I'll let you comment, if you want, on the first one before I go through the rest.

The first question is: "In this case the defendant Ryan Harris is charged with a conspiracy and scheme to defraud internet service providers by selling cable modem hacking products and doing other things to help people who use them to obtain internet cable -- to obtain cable internet service from those providers without paying for those services. Has anyone read or heard anything about the case?

MR. McGINTY: Well, first of all, your Honor, the "without paying," um, there's several different purposes they've set up in the indictment. One is to

get free cable service without paying, another is to get increased service, um, a third is to secure anonymity on the internet. And each of those are alleged and each of those should be indicated to the jury.

THE COURT: Well, I don't know about the last one. I think I could amend this. It's very helpful. It's just what I wanted.

(Pause.)

THE COURT: I could say "would use them, the modem hacking products, to obtain cable internet service from the providers without making required payments for those services." In other words, this is the point in which I'm just trying to find out if they've heard anything about the case. Okay? But thank you. That's helpful.

Okay. That was Question 1. But now I'm going to go through the other 14 and you'll comment at the end.

Second, I'm going to ask the attorneys to introduce themselves and the defense counsel to introduce Mr. Harris.

Third, I'm going to ask Mr. Hohler to read the list of the potential witnesses, and for both those questions I'll ask whether they or anybody close to them knows any of you or any of the potential witnesses.

Fourth, I'll explain the schedule, that we're

going to start tomorrow, that we will sit from 9:00 until 1:00, that the case is expected to take about seven days to present, and it may take a few days more, and that once the jury is deliberating, they'll have to plan to be here until at least 4:30 in the afternoon.

I'll ask whether that schedule will make it very difficult or impossible for anybody to serve?

Fifth, I'll ask if any of them have ever served on a jury or a grand jury?

Sixth, I'll ask if they or anyone close to them has ever been involved in a criminal matter as a victim, witness or a defendant.

Seventh, I'll ask whether they or anybody close to them has ever been employed in law enforcement as a police officer or an agent, a prosecutor, or a corrections officer or in any other way?

Eighth, I'll ask if any of them are able to -well, I'll ask if they feel they are able to judge the
testimony of a law enforcement officer like the
testimony of anyone else and not assume that person is
more or less likely to be telling the truth because he
works in law enforcement?

Ninth, I'll ask whether they or anybody close to them has ever been employed by a cable company or other internet service provider?

Tenth, I'll ask if they or anyone close to them has ever obtained cable television or internet service without paying the required fee?

Eleventh, I'll ask whether they or anybody close to them has ever had a favorable or unfavorable experience with law enforcement that might affect their ability to be impartial?

Twelfth, I will tell them that one or more of the witnesses in this case has been convicted of a federal crime and in order to get certain benefits has agreed to assist the government in the investigation and prosecution of this case. This is a permissible law enforcement technique. You will be instructed to examine the testimony of such witnesses and any other witness given immunity for his or her testimony with special care, but you may rely on it if you find it truthful. Do you have any attitude toward criminals who cooperate with the government or witnesses who receive immunity for their testimony that might injure your ability to follow this instruction?

Thirteenth, I will tell them there are certain fundamental principles in every criminal case like this one. The defendant is presumed innocent. The burden of proof is on the government to prove the defendant is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The defendant does

not have to prove he is innocent. The defendant does not have to testify and if he chooses not to testify, you may not draw any suggestion that he is guilty from the fact that he did not testify. Jurors must decide the case based on the facts proven by the evidence and follow the law as I describe it putting aside any idea the juror may have regarding whether the law is wise or not. If the defendant is proven guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, the jury must find him guilty. If the defendant was not proven guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, the jury must find the defendant not guilty. Then I'll ask whether anyone feels he or she could not follow these essential principles in this case?

Fourteenth, I'll ask whether any of them have any difficulty hearing or understanding English or any other problem that would make it difficult for them to be a juror?

Fifteenth, I'll ask whether there's any other reason anyone feels he or she could not be a fair and impartial juror in this case?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, I have very little to suggest. There's only one thing.

I believe you said you were going to ask whether anyone or their family members have been employed in law enforcement, and I was wondering whether you could add

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to that "or by a defense attorney"?
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                THE COURT: All right.
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: There maybe a very few of
     those, there probably are not a lot, but it seems to be
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     a fair addition to the question. The vast resources of
     the defense counsel.
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 7
                THE COURT: All right. (Writes.)
                                                     All
     right. I'll do that.
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: And one other.
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           The question about whether someone has obtained
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     cable television or internet without paying, there's
     another -- there are historical cases like this
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     involving satellite TV, and so I'm wondering whether
     rather than getting specific about the technologies,
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     whether it would be simpler just to say, whether anyone
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     has obtained television or internet access without
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     paying, which then would cover whatever technology
     somebody was using?
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                THE COURT: Well, the reason I didn't do that
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     originally is that some of us are old enough to remember
     where you could get television for free lawfully.
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, the question, I
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     guess, we propose is without paying the required fees.
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     It assumes that. But, you're right, of course about
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     that.
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THE COURT: All right. (Writes.) I'll say "a
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     required fee." It's not always required.
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: Sure.
                THE COURT: Mr. McGinty, do you have any --
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                MR. McGINTY: I don't, your Honor. Thank you.
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                THE COURT: All right.
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           Mr. Hohler has the list of -- he can give them to
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     you now.
                (Passes out list.)
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                THE COURT: All right.
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           So we don't have the jurors ready yet?
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                THE CLERK: No, Judge.
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                THE COURT: All right. The jurors are not
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     available yet. I think we might profitably use this
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     time to work on some of the evidentiary issues and I
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     think the most immediate relate to Phillips. We haven't
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     discussed these previously, but I think this goes back
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     to the defendant's original motion in limine, which is
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     Docket 96 and 99. The government responded on February
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     5th on the docket. That's Number 106.
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           Here's the general principles that I intend to
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     apply. Do you have the papers you need? Mr. McGinty
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     may be looking.
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                MR. McGINTY: I have 106. I'm sorry. And the
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     other docket is?
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THE COURT: Your motion is 96 and the memo is 99.

MR. McGINTY: Thank you.

THE COURT: Here are the general principles I intend to apply to Mr. Phillips' testimony.

As I understand it, Phillips is an unindicted co-conspirator. The conspiracy alleged in the indictment went from about 2003 to 2009, although I understand that he and Mr. Harris parted company at some point in about 2007. Phillips' testimony regarding his own knowledge, his intent, his state of mind, his action, are all potential evidence of the existence of a conspiracy between Phillips and Mr. Harris and Phillips' membership in it. So that would be admissible.

Phillips can testify regarding what the defendant said and did in 2003 through 2007 or probably before 2003. If, as I recall, their relationship began earlier, that would be evidence of the defendant's knowledge, intent and possible overt acts.

Phillips was not designated as an expert, therefore you cannot provide expert evidence or testimony. However, as I understand it, with regard to the admissible testimony that he has, I don't find that Rule 403 would operate to exclude otherwise admissible identified evidence as I understand it.

So those are the general applicable principles, I would say. If you want, we can go through particular matters in the defendant's motion in limine, Document 95. I'm sorry. Document 99.

And I'm told that Mr. Phillips is expected to testify.

How do you pronounce the name of the company?

MR. BOOKBINDER: TCNISO. That's how we've been pronouncing it.

THE COURT: Okay. TCNISO. To the extent that Phillips wants to testify or is able to testify that Harris showed him how to use the company's products to get free or enhanced internet and saw Harris use the products to do so, that would be admissible. They would be statements by a defendant offered by a party opponent, they would be intrinsic to the alleged conspiracy, at least if they were during the period of the alleged conspiracy, and would provide context. They are relevant to Mr. Harris's knowledge, which Direct Sales, as well as common sense, indicates. It's relevant to intent, proving intent.

The fact that the government's not charged Harris with his own use of the company's products doesn't render the evidence irrelevant. First of all, he's charged with engaging in this scheme and his own use

would be part of the scheme. The government will have to prove that Mr. Harris intended to engage in a scheme or intended to conspire to get free internet and his own activities are relevant to doing that.

With regard to the operation of TCNISO, I think it's not correct to say that Phillips does not have personal knowledge about how the company was run at the time of the charged purchases. I would think that some of handshaw's purchases occurred prior to -- well, one of them occurred prior to 2007 and another one was in 2007, if I can recall correctly?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, that's when Hanshaw obtained the products, that's right, but that's the only correction, that he didn't buy them, he just got them through the website and was given access by TCNISO someplace. But, yes --

THE COURT: But in any event, the operation of the company in the period that Mr. Phillips has personal knowledge is relevant as part of the period of the alleged conspiracy.

MR. McGINTY: Well, I think the government has acknowledged a vulnerability thing which is that, um, Nathan Hanshaw says that in 2005 he downloaded a free product from the website, um, and that is the only, um, transaction that's part of the proof here that coincides

with Phillips' part of the company. That interaction, that downloading activity, is not part of the sales and production of product that occurred while Phillips was there. So Phillips' testimony, possible testimony about what was done back then, how it was done, who packed things, um, who presented them, who responded to customers complaints and so forth, does not get made relevant to the subsequent sales by anything involving Mr. Hanshaw. So that stuff is not relevant to the sales that are at issue here.

THE COURT: Let me $\ensuremath{\text{--}}$ I may have to look at the indictment.

(Pause.)

THE COURT: Why is it irrelevant? It may not be sufficient to prove it, but --

MR. McGINTY: Well, what the government wants to do is to have an inference drawn from, um, what Phillips is saying, which is that Harris himself had responded to orders and suggests that's what happened in '08, which would then give knowledge -- Mr. Harris inferentially knowledge of who the customers were to the buy in '08. So they want to make that jump from something that Mr. Phillips would say in a different time frame, um, to Harris' knowledge in '08 with respect to the two people that purchased products in '08. So

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there's not -- you know, there's a probative absence
here. The government would like to benefit from --
          THE COURT: And what does the government say
about that?
          MR. BOOKBINDER: I quess I'm not clear about
that or understand their argument.
          THE COURT: Try to speak in the microphone,
please.
          MR. BOOKBINDER: I apologize. I'm not sure I
totally understand the argument.
      The conspiracy here is charged from between 2003
and 2009. Mr. Hanshaw will testify that he downloaded a
series of products he was given access to beginning
around 2003 and going to about 2007 and specifically the
2005 download is charged to his account, but -- and the
conduct that this case is about and the conspiracy,
which goes through this long period of time,
Mr. Phillips was involved for a good chunk of that time
and he should be able to describe how -- how his
involvement in the company --
          THE COURT: Count 2 isn't downloading 2005?
          MR. McGINTY: I'm sorry?
          THE COURT: Count 2 isn't --
          MR. McGINTY: It's downloading 2005, correct,
but it's downloading --
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THE COURT: That's a time when Phillips was there?

MR. McGINTY: That's correct. Um, it does not involve the packaging and selling of an item to

Mr. Hanshaw. So what Phillips knew from the time he was there and whether that bears on what happened in 2008 are two different questions.

What the Court ought to perhaps be alerted to is that the government has charged that Mr. Hanshaw had obtained, um, software and firmware on two different occasions, '05 and '07. What the evidence is going to show, um, is that on those occasions, the first of them, he downloaded something, paid nothing for it, and there wouldn't have been any notification to TCNISO about that activity, simply accessing the internet and the download of some items. And the second one is, um, is code that he induced someone else to give him -- this Isabella Lindquist, for consideration of \$100. So what you have here is Harris linked to neither of those and what the government ought to be aware of is that not only is there a worry here about whether there's an outer rim to this conspiracy, but there's a temporal problem here where the government is pulling in a time frame, based on what Hanshaw is presumably going to contribute to the case, when Hanshaw's ultimate testimony is going to be

he never dealt with Harris, um, that Harris was hostile to him, and that anything he got he got by means other than getting them from TCNISO.

So, you know, in terms in inviting the kind of variance that's going to prove ultimately to be prejudicial here, the Court ought to be aware to this. And I think the government is inviting in some considerable problems through Mr. Hanshaw's testimony.

THE COURT: Well, this is helpful to me, but it -- but based on what I know, it doesn't persuade me that the Phillips' testimony is inadmissible.

MR. McGINTY: Well, were the Court to give an instruction that Mr. Phillips' testimony relating to what happened in '05, um, can't be used to draw inference as to the conduct of the company in '08, that's one thing, but if it's coming in in a plenary way, that's something quite different. And just sort of backing up my point about the temporal concern here --

why the government has to prove -- the argument -- the allegation is that Mr. Harris devised or aided and abetted a scheme -- I mean, you're focused on the conspiracy for now. I do think there are complexities concerning the conspiracy given the way the case is indicted. Um, but I'm focused, at the moment, I think

it's simpler, on the alleged scheme to defraud, the substantive wire fraud count, and even assuming there's no conspiracy charge, um, Mr. Harris could be found guilty as a principal or as an aider and abetter. Let's say Hanshaw was the principal.

MR. McGINTY: And if we look at that, then that substantive proof has to be tailored to the proposition that Harris either encouraged Hanshaw to do something, meaning that he motivated him to do it in some direct way for which there would have to be direct evidence, and incidentally there isn't any, or secondly he aided and abetted someone with knowledge of how he was contributing to that person's effort. And if it's downloading here a piece of software without there being any notice to Harris that this was ever done, then the only predicate that's going to make that wire fraud possible is a predicate that rests solely on the capability of the product, um, and --

THE COURT: Yeah, I don't think so. I mean, I don't think he has to -- you can -- hold on a second. I gave you this in my **DiMasi** instructions. I think you'll find it on Page 37. And I expect I'm going to instruct with regard to the use of the wires.

"It must be made as part of an attempt to execute or accomplish the scheme. The defendant does not have

to be personally responsible for the wire, but the government must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that he knew or reasonably could have foreseen that the use of the wires would follow in the course of the scheme."

MR. McGINTY: And let's grant that -- let's grant that, and then the issue is, is the raw act of downloading -- because Harris would not have known about the downloading, it's simply someone on the net and pressing the "download" button. But would the raw act of downloading somehow inferentially create knowledge on Harris's part that he's aiding and abetting a person whose conduct he doesn't even know about solely by virtue of the capability of the object?

THE COURT: I expect I'm going to -- I've done more work on *Direct Sales* and later today we'll talk more about the preliminary instructions and then I'll draft something for tomorrow. I think it's going to be pretty basic. And then the final instructions, which would be in about a week from now, um, it would be substantial and balanced.

But I think there's going to need to be -- I'm probably going to instruct that there's going to need to be something more than selling a product with knowledge that it could or even would be used illegally, you know, something that shows he's promoting the venture beyond

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that. But as it's been explained to me, the government's got proof of -- you know, it has evidence of that and it will argue that a jury can prove, um, that that occurred. And therefore, you know, the downloading -- based on what's been explained to me, it seems that the evidence will permit, but not require, the jury to conclude that Mr. Harris should reasonably foresee that the wires would be used to download equipment that would be used to steal internet service and that's evidence, although not alone sufficient proof, that he engaged in the alleged wire fraud scheme. MR. McGINTY: It sort of begs the question of what's the additional proof that's going to be the plus factor. THE COURT: Well, I mean, as I've been going through the -- you know, some of the proof --Does the government have evidence of Mr. Harris's own communications about trading MACs -- about sniffing MACs and trading MACs? MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Yeah, that type of thing. MR. McGINTY: Well, can I make a specific -- I know that the Court had said, um, that, um, his own use may be part of a scheme, um, that there are schemes where personal conduct is alleged to be part of a

scheme, but this isn't one of them. The scheme here is 1 the sale of things which can be used for, it's not that 2 3 Harris as part of achieving that scheme necessarily had 4 to be contributing to that by himself getting on the 5 internet and himself doing this --6 THE COURT: No, the wires -- I don't think --7 I don't read the indictment to say that Mr. Harris 8 didn't personally participate in the scheme, um, the wires that are charged in furtherance of the scheme are 9 10 not wires that he sent himself, um, they're wires that 11 the government, I believe, alleges he caused to be sent 12 or reasonably should have foreseen would be sent in execution of this scheme. 13 14 MR. McGINTY: Can you have a scheme with someone you don't know? 15 16 THE COURT: Yeah. 17 MR. McGINTY: When the scheme is between you 18 I mean, there's no other persons. 19 between you and him. Can you have a scheme with 20 somebody you don't know? 21 THE COURT: We've been through this, um, yes. 22 MR. McGINTY: Well, in --23 THE COURT: Well, here, look, we'll come back 24 to this later. And we're going to have continuous 25 conversations, I expect, right up until the time I

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instruct the jury and maybe even afterwards.
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                MR. McGINTY: There's one other thing I was
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     hoping to address, which is the Court had said that
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     there may be -- that the government may elicit testimony
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     relating to Mr. Phillips.
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                THE COURT: We're going to come back to all of
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     this this afternoon, or I expect this afternoon, but
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     after we pick the jury. Okay? I'm not ending this
     discussion, but the jurors are on their way up, so this
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     is the time for me to take a recess so they can be
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     seated.
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                MR. McGINTY: I'm sorry, your Honor? That we
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     may take a recess?
                THE COURT: I'm going to take a recess until
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     the jurors are seated. The Court is in recess.
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16
                (Recess, 9:50 a.m.)
17
                (Resumed, 10:00 a.m.)
18
                THE CLERK: Criminal Matter 09-10243, the
19
     United States of America versus Ryan Harris. The
20
     Honorable Mark L. Wolf presiding. You may be seated.
21
                (Venire is seated.)
22
                THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, good
23
     morning.
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                THE JURY VENIRE: (In unison.) Good morning.
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                THE COURT: I've been impaneling jurors for
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almost 27 years and I haven't lost a juror yet. It's going to be fun.

Good morning.

THE JURY VENIRE: (In unison -- but louder.)

Good morning.

THE COURT: There you go.

I am Mark Wolf, I'm the Chief Judge of the United States District Court. I will be presiding in this criminal case.

In a moment I'm going to ask you 15 questions, each of which can be answered "yes" or "no." If the answer for you is "yes" or you're not sure what the correct answer would be, you should stand up and then we'll start on my far left in the first row and I'll ask you to give me your name, and when you give me your name, I'll give you the number that you are on this sheet, 1 through 68, and that's a number that's different than any number you had before, so please try to remember it, because if you get up to answer another question, if you can tell me your name and your number, or even just your number, um, that would cause things to go even more quickly.

After I've asked all 15 questions, I'm going to go with the parties back in the jury room and I'm going to see you individually to ask you why you answered "yes"

to certain questions, and even if you didn't answer "yes" to any questions, whether on reflection there's anything you feel you should have answered "yes" to.

It's very important that you answer these questions accurately. They -- the information they illicit serves two purposes. First, it may be that some of you should be excused for cause. For example, in the process of selecting the jury I'm going to have the list of the potential witnesses read to you and if one of those witnesses is your cousin, for example, then this is not a case in which you can be an impartial juror, although you might be a great juror for another case. In addition -- and then you'd be excused for cause.

In addition, from among those of you who could be fair and impartial in this case, the parties have some discretionary challenges and the information that you will provide will give them information they need to decide how to exercise those discretionary challenges.

As I said, it's very important that you answer the questions I'm going to ask you truthfully and to emphasize that I'm going to ask Mr. Hohler, the Deputy Clerk, to administer to you your oath as potential jurors.

THE CLERK: Members of the jury pool please rise and raise your right hand, please.

(Jury venire, rises.) 1 THE CLERK: Do you solemnly swear that you 2 3 will make the true answers to such questions as should 4 be put to you by the Court in the matter now pending, so 5 help you, God? 6 THE JURY VENIRE: (In unison.) 7 THE CLERK: You may be seated. 8 (Jury venire, seated.) THE COURT: Here is the first question. 9 10 In this case the defendant, Ryan Harris, is 11 charged with conspiracy, a scheme to defraud internet 12 service providers by selling cable modem hacking 13 products and doing other things to help people who use them to obtain cable internet service from the providers 14 15 without making required payments for the services. any of you read or heard anything about the case? 16 17 (Silence.) 18 THE COURT: There is no response. 19 Next I'm going to ask the lawyers to introduce 20 themselves and the defense lawyer to introduce Mr. Harris and I'm going to want to know whether you or 21 22 anybody close to you knows any of them? MR. BOOKBINDER: Good morning. I'm Assistant 23 24 U.S. Attorney Adam Bookbinder. 25 MS. SEDKY: Good morning. My name is Mona

Sedky and I work with the Department of Justice. 1 2 MR. McGINTY: And my name is Charles McGinty. 3 I represent Ryan Harris, who is here and with me seated 4 at the table. 5 MS. DEMASO: My name is Christine Demaso and I 6 also represent Ryan Harris. 7 THE COURT: All right. 8 Do you or anybody close to you know any of the lawyers or Mr. Harris? 9 10 (Silence.) 11 THE COURT: There's no response. 12 I'm going to have Mr. Hohler read to you the list 13 of people who might be witnesses in the case and then again ask if you or anybody close to you knows any of 14 15 them. 16 THE CLERK: Craig Phillips. Christopher 17 Kohler. Isabella Lindquist. Benjamin Brodfuehrer. 18 Jose Larosa. William Madeira. Nathan Hanshaw. 19 Daddy recordkeeper. Timothy Russell. And Jason Ryan. 20 THE COURT: Do you or anybody close to you know any of the possible witnesses? Again, there's no 21 22 response. Now I'm going to tell you about the schedule for 23 24 this case. We'll select the jury today and the jury 25 will be excused after it is chosen. We'll begin

```
tomorrow at 9:00. Each day we'll go from 9:00 until
 1
     1:00 with a break for about 15 minutes at around 11:00.
 2
 3
           I expect that the case will take about seven days
 4
     to try and the evidence should be completed next week,
 5
     but sometimes it takes a little longer. So it's
 6
     possible that the case will go into the week after
 7
     next. Once all the evidence is presented and you've
8
     heard the closing arguments and my instructions, the
     jury will begin to deliberate. While the jury is
 9
10
     deliberating, it will have to be here in the afternoon
11
     or afternoons until about 4:30, unless the jury wants to
12
     stay longer.
           I'd like to know whether that schedule would make
13
     it very difficult or impossible for any of you to serve
14
     in this case?
15
                   If the answer is "yes," please stand.
16
     Please stand.
17
                (People stand.)
18
                THE COURT: Tell me your name and then I'll
19
     tell you your number.
20
                THE JUROR: Joan Lovely. I'm Juror Number 4.
21
                THE COURT: you're right, you're Juror Number
     4, and you've answered "yes" to Question Number 4.
22
23
           Right here in the front row. Go ahead.
24
                THE JUROR: Abdellah Benchikhi.
25
                THE COURT: All right. You're Juror Number 3.
```

```
THE JUROR: Laurie Warner.
 1
 2
                            Juror Number 6.
                THE COURT:
 3
                THE JUROR: Daniel Rogier.
 4
                THE COURT:
                            Juror Number 7.
 5
                THE JUROR:
                            Joseph Foresi.
 6
                THE COURT: Juror Number 11.
 7
                THE JUROR: Ryan Kerrigan.
                THE COURT: Hold on just one second, please.
 8
     Who's next?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Ryan Kerrigan.
11
                THE COURT: Actually I'd like the people in
12
     front of me, please.
                            Joanne Collins.
13
                THE JUROR:
                            All right. You're Number 24.
14
                THE COURT:
15
                THE JUROR:
                            Jodi Garie.
16
                THE COURT: Number 25.
17
                THE JUROR: Ryan Kerrigan.
18
                THE COURT:
                            Number 28.
                            Svetlana Dobkin.
19
                THE JUROR:
20
                THE COURT:
                            Number 29.
21
                THE JUROR: Ann Fitzgerald.
22
                THE COURT:
                             46.
23
                THE JUROR: Harish Patel.
24
                THE COURT: 48.
25
                (Pause.)
```

```
1
                THE COURT: How about back there.
 2
                THE JUROR: Winnie Ho.
 3
                THE COURT: 49.
 4
                THE JUROR: Andrew Hyman.
 5
                THE COURT: You're 66.
 6
                THE JUROR: John Caron.
 7
                THE COURT: Again, please.
 8
                THE JUROR: John Caron.
 9
                THE COURT: 54.
10
                THE JUROR: Peter Gale.
11
                THE JUROR: 55.
12
                THE JUROR: Susan Collina.
13
                THE COURT: 56.
                THE JUROR: Nancy Cass.
14
                THE COURT: 57.
15
16
           Who do we got in front of you there?
17
                THE JUROR: William Wing.
18
                THE CLERK: Number 40.
                THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Number 40.
19
20
                THE JUROR: Robert Cannon.
21
                THE COURT: Number 41.
22
                THE JUROR: Pamela Woleyko.
23
                THE COURT: Yes, 44.
24
                (Pause.)
25
                THE COURT: All right.
```

```
Fifth, I'd like to know whether any of you have
 1
 2
     ever served on a jury or on a grand jury?
 3
           Just stand up. If the answer is "yes," just stand
 4
     up.
 5
                (Juror stands.)
 6
                THE COURT: Say that again?
 7
                THE JUROR: You want my name, right?
 8
                THE COURT: Yes.
 9
                THE JUROR: April Gendall.
10
                THE COURT: And you're Number 2. You've
11
     answered "yes" to Number 5.
12
                THE JUROR: Number 3.
                THE COURT: Okay.
13
                THE JUROR: Number 7.
14
15
                THE COURT: No, we're going to -- try to do
     it, you know, in numerical order. It will make it a
16
17
     little easier for me and simpler.
18
           So you are Number 7?
19
                THE JUROR: Yes.
20
                THE COURT: Mr. Rogier.
                THE JUROR: Number 11.
21
22
                THE COURT: Are you Mr. Foresi?
23
                THE JUROR:
                            That's correct.
24
                THE COURT: Okay.
25
                THE JUROR: Number 15.
```

```
THE COURT: Ms. Kiernan?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: Yes.
 3
                THE COURT: All right.
 4
                THE JUROR: Andrew Barnaby.
                            Number 18.
 5
                THE COURT:
 6
                THE JUROR: Kathleen Seville, Number 26.
 7
                THE COURT: You are 26. Thank you.
 8
                THE JUROR: Mary McDonough.
                            32.
 9
                THE COURT:
10
                THE JUROR: Marybeth Robinson.
11
                THE COURT:
                            33.
12
                THE JUROR: Katherine Heinze.
                THE JUROR:
                            36.
13
                THE JUROR: Robin Zahner.
14
15
                THE COURT: I'm sorry. Could you tell me that
16
     again?
17
                THE JUROR: Robin Zahner.
18
                THE COURT: Okay. 38.
19
                            40.
                THE JUROR:
20
                THE COURT: Okay, 40. Okay.
21
                THE JUROR: Maureen Bradley, 42.
22
                THE COURT: Correct.
23
                THE JUROR: Pamela Woleyko, Number 44.
24
                THE COURT: Okay.
25
                THE JUROR: Brian Downey.
```

```
THE COURT:
                            50.
 1
                THE JUROR: Edward Demers.
 2
 3
                THE COURT: You're 51.
                            55, Peter Gale.
                THE JUROR:
 4
 5
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
                THE JUROR: Charles Upton.
 6
 7
                THE COURT: 67. All right.
8
           Sixth, I'd like to know whether you or anybody
     close to you has ever been involved in a criminal matter
 9
10
     as a victim, a witness, or a defendant? If the answer
11
     is "yes," please stand.
12
                (People stand.)
13
                THE JUROR: Adam Crosbie, 14.
14
                THE COURT: Okay, and you've answered "yes" to
15
     Ouestion 6.
16
                THE JUROR: Lorraine Melling.
17
                THE COURT:
                            35.
18
                THE JUROR: Winnie Ho, Number 49.
19
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
20
                THE JUROR: Number 44.
21
                THE COURT: Just one second. I've been making
22
     my notes incorrectly.
23
                (Pause.)
24
                THE COURT: All right. Could you tell me the
25
     last one, please, whoever gave me the last one.
```

```
THE JUROR: 44, Pamela Woleko.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Thank you very much.
 3
           All right. Who else have we got?
                THE JUROR: Number 67.
 4
 5
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
                THE JUROR: Joseph Witt.
 6
 7
                THE COURT: Okay, you're 61.
 8
                THE JUROR: John Loughlin.
                THE COURT: You're 58.
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Robert Plourde.
11
                THE COURT:
                            You're 65.
12
                THE JUROR:
                            66.
13
                THE COURT:
                            56?
14
                THE JUROR: 66, Andrew Hyman.
15
                THE COURT: 66.
                                All right.
16
           Seventh, I'd like to know whether you or anybody
17
     close to you has ever been employed in law enforcement
18
     as a police officer or an agent or a prosecutor or a
19
     corrections officer or in any other way or whether any
     of you has ever been employed as or by a defense
20
21
     attorney in criminal cases?
22
                (People stand.)
23
                THE COURT: All right. In the front row.
24
                THE JUROR: 15.
25
                THE COURT: All right. And you've answered
```

```
"yes" to Question Number 7.
 1
 2
            In the second row now.
 3
                THE JUROR: Charlie Daly.
 4
                THE COURT: You're Number 12.
 5
                THE JUROR: Cathleen Sheehan.
 6
                THE COURT:
                             17.
 7
                             19, Scott Travis.
                THE JUROR:
 8
                THE COURT:
                             Okay.
 9
                THE JUROR:
                             25, Jodi Garie.
10
                THE COURT: All right.
11
                THE JUROR:
                             27, Christopher Ciampa.
12
                THE COURT: All right.
                             28, Ryan Kerrigan.
13
                THE JUROR:
14
                THE COURT:
                             Okay.
15
                THE JUROR: Breton Tolles.
16
                THE COURT: You're Number 47.
17
                THE JUROR:
                             33.
18
                THE COURT:
                             Okay.
19
                THE JUROR:
                             35.
20
                THE COURT:
                             Okay.
21
                             Kevin Demello, 43, I believe.
                THE JUROR:
                             That is correct.
22
                THE COURT:
23
                THE JUROR:
                             Justin Quinlan.
24
                THE COURT: I'm sorry. Could you tell me that
25
     again?
```

```
THE JUROR:
                             Justin Quinlan.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: You're Number 63.
 3
                             66.
                THE JUROR:
 4
                THE COURT:
                             Okay.
 5
                THE JUROR:
                             Catherine Umina, 53.
 6
                THE COURT:
                             Okay.
 7
                THE JUROR:
                             55.
 8
                THE COURT:
                             Okay.
 9
                THE JUROR:
                             Susan Collina, 56.
10
                THE COURT:
                             Okay.
11
                THE JUROR:
                             John Loughlin, 58.
12
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
13
                THE JUROR:
                             61, Joseph Witt.
14
                THE COURT: All right.
15
                     If you're a juror in this case you'll be
16
     required to judge the testimony of a law enforcement
17
     officer like the testimony of anyone else and not assume
     that that person is more likely or less likely to be
18
19
     telling the truth because he works in law enforcement.
20
     Is there anybody who feels that he or she could not
21
     judge the testimony of a law enforcement officer like
22
     the testimony of anyone else?
23
                (Silence.)
24
                THE COURT: There's no response.
25
            Next I'd like to know whether you or anybody close
```

```
to you has ever been employed by a cable company or any
 1
     other internet service provider? If the answer is
 2
     "yes," please stand.
 3
 4
                (People stand.)
 5
                THE JUROR:
                             63.
                THE COURT: And that is Question 9.
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: Charles Upton.
 8
                THE COURT: Okay. And you're 67.
                THE JUROR:
                            67?
 9
10
                THE COURT: 67.
11
           Next, I'd like to know whether you or anybody
     close to you has ever obtained television or internet
12
13
     service without paying a required fee? If the answer is
14
     "yes," please stand.
                (Laughter.)
15
16
                (People stand.)
17
                THE COURT: No, it's essential that you answer
18
     this truthfully. You're not going to be prosecuted for
19
     it, but this is critical information. This is the world
20
     we live in, it's a relevant question, but it's one that
21
     has to be -- it's absolutely essential that you answer
22
     it honestly.
                THE JUROR: Laurie Warner, Number 6.
23
24
                THE COURT: And this is Number 10. Just a
25
     moment.
```

```
THE JUROR: Crosbie, 14.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Okay.
 3
                THE JUROR: Bruce Demello.
 4
                THE COURT: 21.
 5
           Let's see. Who do we got right here?
 6
                THE JUROR: 35.
 7
                THE COURT: Okay.
 8
                THE JUROR: Leana Pomales.
 9
                THE COURT: You're Number 37.
10
           Who do we have in the front row?
11
                THE JUROR: Number 8, Thomas Popson.
12
                THE COURT: Okay.
13
                THE JUROR: Peter Shelley.
                THE COURT: Okay, you're Number 34.
14
                             43.
15
                THE JUROR:
16
                THE JUROR:
                             55.
17
                THE JUROR:
                             56.
                THE JUROR:
18
                             66.
19
                THE COURT: All right.
20
           Eleventh, I'd like to know whether you or anybody
21
     close to you has had a favorable or unfavorable
22
     experience with law enforcement that might affect your
23
     ability to be fair and impartial for both sides in this
24
     case?
25
                (Silence.)
```

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THE COURT:
 1
                            There's no response. Twelfth --
 2
     I'm sorry. Go ahead.
 3
                THE JUROR:
                            55, Peter Gale.
                THE COURT:
                            55?
 4
 5
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
                THE COURT:
                            That's Question Number 11.
 6
 7
                            56.
                THE JUROR:
 8
                THE COURT: All right.
           Twelfth. I'll tell you that one or more of the
 9
10
     witnesses in this case has been convicted of a federal
11
     crime and in order to get certain benefits has agreed to
12
     assist the government in the investigation and
13
     prosecution of the case. This is a permissible law
14
     enforcement technique. You will be instructed to
15
     examine the testimony of such a witness and any other
16
     witness given immunity for their testimony with special
17
     care, but that you may rely on it if you find it to be
     truthful. Do you have any attitude towards criminals
18
19
     who cooperate with the government or witnesses who
20
     receive immunity for their testimony that might injure
     your ability to follow that instruction?
21
22
                (People stand.)
23
                THE COURT: Okay. This is Question 12.
24
                THE JUROR:
                            3.
25
                THE JUROR:
                             6.
```

```
1
                THE COURT: Okay.
 2
                             15.
                THE JUROR:
 3
                THE JUROR: Rich Destefano.
 4
                THE COURT: You're Number 20.
 5
                THE JUROR:
                             21.
 6
                THE JUROR:
                             25.
 7
                THE JUROR:
                             32.
 8
                THE COURT:
                             I'm sorry. What number?
 9
                THE JUROR:
                             32.
10
                 THE JUROR:
                             34.
11
                THE JUROR:
                             41.
12
                THE JUROR:
                             43.
                THE JUROR:
13
                             48.
14
                THE JUROR:
                             56.
15
                THE JUROR:
                             57.
16
                THE JUROR:
                             58.
17
                THE JUROR: 61.
18
                THE COURT: All right.
19
            Thirteenth, I want to explain to you the
20
     fundamental principles that apply in this and every
21
     other criminal case. First among them is the defendant
22
     is presumed innocent. The burden of proof is on the
23
     government to prove the defendant is guilty beyond a
24
     reasonable doubt. The defendant does not have to prove
25
     that he is innocent. The defendant does not have to
```

1

2

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25

testify, and if he chooses not to testify, you may not draw any suggestion that he is guilty from his decision not to testify. You must decide the case based on the facts that are proven by the evidence and apply the law as I describe it, putting aside any idea you may have as to whether the law is wise or not. If the defendant is proven quilty beyond a reasonable doubt, you, as a juror, must find him guilty. If the defendant is not proven guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, you must find him not quilty. Is there anyone who feels that he or she cannot follow these essential principles? (Silence.) THE COURT: There's no response. Fourteenth, I would like to know whether any of you have any difficulty hearing or understanding English or any other problem that would make it difficult for you to be a juror? THE JUROR: Upton, 67, your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. And that's Question 14. Marie Brandao. THE JUROR: THE COURT: You're Number 52. THE JUROR: Number 23, Daniel Wong. THE COURT: Okay. THE JUROR: Number 29.

```
1
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
 2
                THE JUROR:
                             48.
 3
                            45.
                THE JUROR:
                THE COURT:
                            Yes?
 4
 5
                THE JUROR:
                            58.
                THE COURT: And fifteenth, having heard all
 6
 7
     those questions, is there any other reason that any of
8
     you feel that you cannot be a fair and impartial juror
     in this case?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Could I hear Number 6 again?
11
                THE COURT: Yes.
12
           Sixth, I asked whether you or anybody close to you
13
     had ever been involved in a criminal matter in any way
14
     as a victim, a witness, or as a defendant?
15
                THE JUROR: Yes.
                THE COURT: And you're Number 1.
16
17
           All right. Now --
18
                (Juror standing.)
19
                THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry. Is this to the
20
     question of whether there's some other reason why you
21
     could not be a --
22
                THE JUROR: I'd like to go back, if possible,
23
     I think, to Number 10, if you've had a negative
24
     influence by an officer or --
25
                THE COURT: Right. The question was, have you
```

```
or anybody close -- no, that wasn't 10. 11, actually.
 1
           Have you or anyone close to you had a favorable or
 2
     unfavorable experience with law enforcement that might
 3
 4
     affect your ability to be impartial in this case?
 5
                THE JUROR: I would like to change my answer
 6
     to "yes."
 7
                THE COURT: All right. And can you give me
     your name and number, please?
8
 9
                THE JUROR: Brenton Tolles, Number 47.
10
                THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
11
           And I'm going to ask you all, when we go back,
12
     whether having had more time to think about it, there's
13
     something else you feel you should have answered "yes"
14
     to.
15
                (Interruption by juror.)
16
                THE COURT: All right. Let's see. With
17
     regard to question -- I'm not sure. With regard to
18
     Question 6, whether you or anybody close to you has ever
19
     been involved in a criminal matter in any way, um, I had
20
     Number 67, which is Mr. Upton, answering "yes."
           Did you answer that question "yes," Mr. Upton?
21
22
                THE JUROR: What was the question?
23
                THE COURT:
                            Whether you or somebody close to
24
     you had ever been involved in a criminal matter in any
25
     way?
```

```
THE JUROR: I think I'm 57.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Oh, 57. Here, stand up. What's
 3
     your name?
 4
                THE JUROR: Nancy Cass.
 5
                THE COURT: I may have misheard you.
                (Pause.)
 6
 7
                THE COURT: All right.
 8
                (Interruption by juror.)
                THE JUROR: Number 58, the same.
 9
10
                THE COURT: Okay. I actually had you
11
     answering that one "yes." Thank you.
12
           All right. Thank you. You've done a great job so
13
     far. Now I'm going to go back with the parties and
14
     start seeing you one at a time.
           Please don't discuss with each other what I've
15
     just asked you or what you've answered, because if
16
17
     there's some reason that you're disqualified, I don't
18
     want you to infect somebody else. So you can talk about
19
     whether it's ever going to snow again or whether the
20
     Celtics are ever going to win a game again or whether
     the Red Sox are going to redeem themselves this year,
21
22
     but don't talk about the little you know about this
23
     case. This process is going to take a while, probably a
24
     couple of hours, so I'll thank you in advance for your
25
     perseverance, if not patience. This is a crucial part
```

```
of the trial and you're making a great contribution to
 1
     the administration of justice by participating.
 2
           The Court will be in recess.
 3
                (Short recess, 10:30 a.m.)
 4
 5
                (Resumed in jury room, 10:45 a.m.)
                THE COURT: All right. Do you have Mr. Harris
 6
 7
     and the members of the public and perhaps the media
8
     present?
 9
                (Pause.)
10
                THE COURT: All right. Do you mind saying who
11
     you are.
12
                MS. NORTON: My name is Gwen Norton. I'm with
     "Wired."
13
14
                THE COURT: Okay. And, Ms. Norton, you're
15
     welcome to be here. But I think, because of the nature
16
     of some of the questions, that I'll need to tell the
17
     prospective jurors that there is a member of the media
18
     here and if they feel uncomfortable answering certain
19
     questions, that you may have to be excused for parts of
20
     this, that I will close the proceedings in certain
21
     circumstances. Okay?
22
                (First juror enters.)
23
                THE COURT: But, actually, I wasn't quite
24
     ready yet.
25
           Would you just step out for just a minute.
```

THE CLERK: Yes, your Honor. 1 2 (First juror steps out.) 3 THE COURT: So, as I went over it with you, I'm going to guestion the prospective jurors to follow 4 5 up on what they answered "yes" to. I will look at you to see if you have any questions or any reactions, you 6 7 can signal me, but you don't have to express them in front of the potential juror. If I have a question for 8 you or you seem to have an objection, then I'll excuse 9 10 the juror and we'll discuss it. Then I'll have the 11 juror back. Our goal is to get 32. Okay? 12 MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, one thing before 13 we begin. I was walking back in from the bathroom and 14 one of the jurors in the back stopped me on my way in 15 and asked me, "Are you the Bookbinder from Newton?" I said, "Yes, I do live in Newton." And he said, "Oh, 16 17 you're with" -- and there's a law firm in Newton with 18 "Bookbinder" in the name, and he may have said the first 19 name of that person, and I said, "No, that's not me." 20 THE COURT: The better thing would be to say 21 "I can't talk to you." MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor, you're 22 23 Frankly I thought he was asking me where the 24 bathroom is, so I thought I should --25 THE COURT: All right. All right. Well, do

```
you know who the juror is?
 1
                MR. BOOKBINDER: I don't know. He's one of
 2
 3
     the ones on the last row on the left.
                THE COURT: Well, when he comes in you can
 4
 5
     identify him.
 6
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor.
 7
                THE COURT: Okay.
 8
                MS. NORTON: Your Honor, when I go out, can I
     leave my stuff here?
 9
10
                THE COURT: Yes.
11
                (First juror enters.)
                THE COURT: Hello. Right here, please.
12
13
                THE CLERK: Judge, there's a spectator outside
14
     waiting to come in.
                THE COURT: We'll do this first.
15
16
           Would you please say your name for the record.
17
                THE JUROR: Susan Laventure.
18
                THE COURT: All right. Ms. Laventure, in
19
     addition to the parties and my staff, there's actually a
20
     member of the media here and there may be one coming in
     from the public. If there are any of these questions
21
22
     that you think are so personal that you would not want
     to answer them, including what I'm about to ask you, um,
23
24
     just tell me and I'll ask them to step out. I can do
25
     that. But generally they have a right to be here.
```

```
So I think the first question, the only question
 1
     to which you answered "yes," is whether you or somebody
 2
     close to you had ever been involved in a criminal matter
 3
 4
     in any way? Are you comfortable telling me with the
 5
     presence of the public and the media here?
                THE JUROR: Yes, that's fine.
 6
 7
                THE COURT: Okay. What caused you to answer
8
     "yes" to that question?
                THE JUROR: My son was charged with assault
 9
10
     and battery on a police officer.
11
                THE COURT: Okay. And what happened as a
     result of that?
12
13
                THE JUROR: He -- there wasn't a trial. He
14
     pled guilty, um, just to get it over with. It was in
     his youth. It was just to get it over with.
15
16
                THE COURT: All right. How long ago was
17
     that?
18
                THE JUROR: Maybe three years. Yeah, maybe
19
     three years.
20
                THE COURT: Okay. And is there anything about
     that experience that would injure your ability to be
21
     fair to both sides in this case?
22
23
                THE JUROR: Well, I believe that he was
24
     racially profiled. He's a man of color and I believe
25
     that he was racially profiled, and I was pretty upset
```

about it.

THE COURT: And in this case I expect some law enforcement officers will testify and, of course, it's the United States government that's prosecuting the defendant. But do you think you would be able to put aside -- not forget, but just put aside what happened with your son and decide this case based solely on the evidence --

THE JUROR: Um --

THE COURT: -- and the law as I describe it?

THE JUROR: I think so. I also needed -- you also said if someone close to you had been in law enforcement, and I am divorced from him, he was my second husband, but he was a state police sergeant.

THE COURT: All right. Um, maybe I have to revise the formal question. But -- all right. Well --

THE JUROR: And it just so happens, the child I'm talking about, he was his father.

THE COURT: All right. But in this whole constellation of things, of course, you know, what happened to your son has nothing to do with the evidence or the law relating to this case, but there are no right or wrong answers, there just has to be honest answers.

Do you feel you can sort of put aside whatever you feel about your ex-husband, um, whatever you feel about

what happened to your son? And I didn't say forget it,
I said to put it aside and not let it influence how you
decide this case.

THE JUROR: Yeah, I think I could put it

THE JUROR: Yeah, I think I could put it aside.

THE COURT: All right.

And, you know, I told you that if you're a juror in this case, among other things, you'll be called upon to judge the credibility, the believability possibly of the testimony of some law enforcement people. You know, given the fact that you're divorced from a state policeman, do you feel you could treat the testimony of a law enforcement officer like the testimony of anybody else, be open minded, and not assume he's more likely or less likely to be telling the truth because he's employed in law enforcement?

THE JUROR: Yeah, as long as it's no more and no less, yeah, I could treat them -- I would give it no more credence. But, yeah, I could treat them fairly.

THE COURT: All right. And having more time to think about it, is there any other reason you feel you could not be a fair and impartial juror in this case?

THE JUROR: No.

THE COURT: All right. Well, you're eligible

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to be a juror and now you're the first that's eligible.
 1
     And I should have said this outside, but we're actually
 2
 3
     looking for 32 before we pick the jury. So go back and
 4
     take your seat and wait, please.
 5
                THE JUROR: Yes.
                THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
 6
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
8
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     Question Number 5 as to whether she had ever served on a
 9
10
     jury.
11
                (Person from public enters jury room.)
12
                THE COURT: Hello. Do you want to watch this?
13
                THE SPECTATOR: Correct.
14
                THE COURT: Okay. And you're a member of the
15
     public?
16
                THE SPECTATOR: Correct.
17
                THE COURT: Okay. As I said earlier, there
18
     may be a point in which I have to ask you and the other
19
     member of the public to step out, but it will just be
20
     for a short period of time. Okay?
21
                THE SPECTATOR: Not a problem.
22
                (Next Juror.)
23
                THE COURT: All right. Could you please say
     your name for the record.
24
25
                THE JUROR: April Gendall.
```

THE COURT: And, Ms. Gendall, in addition to 1 the parties and my staff, we have two members of the 2 3 public here and one is a member of the media. If there 4 is anything that I ask you that you don't feel 5 comfortable answering with them here, um, I'll ask the 6 member of the media and the member of the public to step 7 out for a minute. Okay? 8 THE JUROR: Sure. 9 THE COURT: Okay. I think the only question 10 to which you answered "yes" to is the question whether 11 you had ever served on a jury or a grand jury, is that 12 right? 13 THE JUROR: Correct. 14 THE COURT: When and where did you serve on a 15 jury? 16 THE JUROR: Last March in Waltham, 17 Massachusetts. 18 THE COURT: Is there anything about that experience that you think would affect your ability to 19 20 be a juror, listen to the evidence, apply the law, and 21 decide this case? 22 THE JUROR: No. 23 THE COURT: No? All right. And is there anything else, having a little more 24 25 time to have thought about it, that you think you should

```
have answered "yes" to?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: No.
 3
                THE COURT: All right. Well, you're eligible
     to be a juror, you're the second, and when I get 32
 4
 5
     we'll pick and see if you're actually going to be one.
 6
     Okay?
 7
                THE JUROR: Thank you, very much.
 8
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT: The next person, according to my
 9
10
     notes, answered "yes" to 4 about the schedule, 5, jury
11
     service, and, um, 12, which is an attitude towards
12
     cooperating witnesses.
13
                (Next juror.)
14
                THE COURT: Good morning.
15
                THE JUROR: Good morning.
16
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
17
     the record.
18
                THE JUROR: Abdellah Benchikhi.
19
                THE COURT: And let me tell you that, in
20
     addition to the parties and my staff, we have two
     members of the public, one of whom is a reporter. If
21
22
     there's anything I ask you that you feel uncomfortable
     saying in front of the media or a member of the public,
23
24
     I can ask the two of them to step out. Everybody else
25
     has to stay.
```

THE JUROR: Sure.

THE COURT: I think there are a couple of questions to which you answered "yes" and one of them is whether the schedule would impose so great a hardship that it would be difficult or impossible for you to serve.

THE JUROR: Sure. The length. You mentioned that it might go beyond next week and my wife is scheduled to be out of town. I have a 2-year old and an 8-year old and if I'm here in the court, um, there's no one to pick up any of my kids if there's an emergency or something.

THE COURT: Yeah. If you were on the jury, um, and I do think we'll probably end next week, but this is exactly why I give a very expansive definition. If you're on the jury and you're not deliberating and there was a family emergency, then I'm going to have some alternates, some extras, so I could let you go and that wouldn't be a problem. But if we were in jury deliberations, um, that would be more difficult, but not impossible, because I keep the alternates here. But if I understand you right, you have somebody to take care of them other than you, it's just a question of whether there was an emergency?

THE JUROR: Um, yes. My wife, she's going to

North Carolina for business and if she's not here, then at least one of us has to be available in case anything happens.

THE COURT: Yeah. Well, one way or another I would let you go in an emergency. I mean, even if we were deliberating, I would just send everybody home and say "Come back tomorrow."

THE JUROR: Okay. That's my concern.

THE COURT: Well, it's a good concern.

And I think you also told me, in response to Question 12, that you had some attitude about people who are themselves criminals and cooperate with the government or get immunity, that that might not affect your ability to scrutinize their testimony with particular care, but to trust it and rely on it if you found it was truthful. Can you explain to me what caused you to answer "yes"?

THE JUROR: Um, I've been through another case where the chief, um, person that was, you know, for the defense was someone with a criminal record and that affected how, you know, the deliberation in that case went on. So, in my opinion, I looked at someone who is going to help to free themselves as -- you know, it's very difficult for me to see how, you know, truthful they're going to be.

```
THE COURT: Well, what I will tell the jury in
 1
 2
     more detail is -- well, where were you a juror before?
                THE JUROR: Um, Suffolk.
 3
                THE COURT: Suffolk. And was the witness that
 4
 5
     was cooperating somebody called by the defense or by the
     prosecution?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: He was called by the defense,
8
     actually.
                THE COURT: Okay, by the defense.
 9
           Well, I will tell the jurors that you have to
10
11
     examine the testimony of --
12
                THE JUROR: I'm sorry. By the prosecutor.
13
                THE COURT: Oh, by the prosecutor. That's the
14
     way it usually goes.
15
                THE JUROR:
                            Yeah.
16
                THE COURT: Okay. I'll tell the jurors that,
17
     you know, if somebody has criminal charges or could have
18
     criminal charges against him and is testifying pursuant
19
     to a grant of immunity, that nothing he says will be
20
     used against him, um, that you should scrutinize his
21
     testimony with particular care because a person in that
22
     position has an incentive to make things up to help
23
     himself. But if you believe he's being truthful, if you
24
     find it's corroborated by other evidence and you believe
25
     it, you know, then you can and should rely on it. And,
```

```
1
     of course, every case is unique.
                THE JUROR: Sure.
 2
 3
                THE COURT: So do you feel you would be able
     to follow that instruction in this case, in other words,
 4
 5
     examine that witness's testimony with particular care
     because, as you already know, such a person may have a
 6
 7
     motive to make things up, but, you know, also be open to
8
     believing it if he impresses you as credible,
     believable, or if there's other evidence that supports
 9
10
     what he said?
11
                THE JUROR: Um, I still find it kind of hard
12
     for me to, um, look at his or her testimony as being 100
13
     percent truthful.
14
                THE COURT: Okay. And let me ask you
15
     something else. You're an IT consultant?
16
                THE JUROR: Yes, I am.
17
                THE COURT: Um, and do you know anything
18
     about, you know, like how somebody would hack into --
19
     I'm not asking if you've done it, but --
20
                THE JUROR: Sure.
21
                (Laughter.)
22
                THE COURT: I did ask you that, and you
23
              But do you -- do you know about sort of the
24
     technology of hacking?
25
                THE JUROR: Sure.
```

1

2

3

4

5

6

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25

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THE COURT: All right, I'm going to excuse
      There are no right or wrong answers. I know
you've been candid. But you have to be able to follow
all of the instructions and I think you have a degree of
skepticism about cooperating witnesses that would make
it difficult if not impossible for you to follow this.
And -- and people with IT expertise are not necessarily
going to be disqualified from serving on the jury, but I
would have asked you a whole series of questions, um --
you have to rely on the evidence and not on what you
know, so you can't come back to the jury room and say,
"I'm an IT consultant, you know, and because of this I
know this is right and this is wrong."
      Okay.
             So I'm going to excuse you in this case.
                                                       Ι
appreciate your candid responses. Go downstairs. You
may get sent home. Um, but don't tell anybody else why
you've been excused, please.
          THE JUROR: Thank you so much.
          (Juror leaves.)
          THE COURT: Okay. The next person also
answered "yes" to 4, she's a teacher. Maybe she's going
to go back to school next week.
          MR. McGINTY: They have a week off from school
this week, your Honor.
           (Next juror.)
```

```
1
                THE COURT: Good morning.
 2
                THE JUROR: Good morning.
 3
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
 4
 5
                THE JUROR:
                            Joan Lovely.
                THE COURT: Ms. Lovely, um, in addition to the
 6
 7
     parties and my staff, we have two members of the public,
8
     one is a reporter, and if I ask you any questions that
     you feel uncomfortable about answering with the members
 9
10
     of the public or the media here, let me know and I can
11
     excuse them. Okay?
12
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
13
                THE COURT: Okay. I think you said the
     schedule imposed a special hardship on you. Why is
14
15
     that?
16
                THE JUROR: It's not a real hardship, but I
17
     have a flight to Philadelphia a week from Thursday
18
     afternoon.
19
                THE COURT: Um, we may not be finished then.
     What are you going to Philadelphia for?
20
21
                THE JUROR: My daughter has business and I'm
     going with her.
22
23
                THE COURT: And when did you make those
24
     arrangements?
25
                THE JUROR: A few weeks ago.
```

```
THE COURT: And did you know you might be
 1
 2
     called for jury service now?
 3
                THE JUROR: Yeah, but I thought it was over
     before this trial, I thought it was three weeks and it
 4
 5
     was over on Friday.
 6
                THE COURT: All right. Are you working as a
 7
     teacher now?
 8
                THE JUROR: I'm retired.
                (Pause.)
 9
10
                THE COURT: Did you ever hear the story about
11
     W.C. Fields, he said, "First prize, one week in
12
     Philadelphia, second prize, two weeks in Philadelphia"?
13
                (Laughter.)
                THE JUROR: I know. It's just to spend some
14
     time with my daughter, you know.
15
16
                THE COURT: All right. You're excused.
17
                THE JUROR: I actually would like to serve.
18
                THE COURT: Well, actually, I'd like you to
19
             Well -- all right.
20
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
21
                (Juror leaves.)
22
                THE COURT: The next person, I think, did not
23
     answer "yes" to anything:
24
                (Next juror.)
25
                THE COURT: Hello.
```

```
1
                THE JUROR: Hi.
 2
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
 3
     record.
 4
                THE JUROR: Joanne Sebeika.
 5
                THE COURT: Ms. Sebeika, in addition to the
 6
     parties and my staff, there are two members of the
 7
     public here, one of whom works for the media.
8
     there's anything I'm going to ask you that you feel
     uncomfortable answering in front of the public or the
 9
10
     media, let me know and I can excuse them. Okay?
11
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
12
                THE COURT: I don't think you answered "yes"
13
     to anything, but having had a little more time to think
     about it, is there anything you feel you should have
14
15
     answered "yes" to?
16
                THE JUROR: No.
17
                THE COURT: And what do you do for work?
18
                THE JUROR: I'm a worker's comp. claims
19
     adjustor.
20
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
21
           Well, you're eligible to be a juror, you're the
22
     third, and when I get 32, we'll see if you're actually
23
     going to be one.
24
           So if you would go take your seat, we'll get back
25
     to you as soon as I get those 32.
```

```
1
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
 2
                (Juror leaves.)
 3
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     4, on the schedule, and 12, to attitude on cooperating
 4
 5
     witnesses.
                MS. DEMASO: And 6.
 6
 7
                THE CLERK: 6? I'm sorry?
                MS. DEMASO: Juror Number 6 is "yes" to
 8
     Ouestion 10.
 9
10
                THE COURT: To Question 10? Do the parties
11
     have that, too? I might have put it in --
12
                (Next juror.)
13
                THE COURT: Hello.
14
                THE JUROR:
                            Hi.
15
                THE COURT: All right. Would you say your
     name for the record.
16
17
                THE JUROR: Laurie Warner.
18
                THE COURT: And, Ms. Warner, in addition to
19
     the parties and my staff, we have two members of the
20
     public here, and one works for the media. If you feel
21
     uncomfortable answering any of these questions with the
22
     public or the media here, let me know and I'll excuse
23
     them.
            Okay?
24
                THE JUROR: Okay.
25
                THE COURT: I think the first question to you
```

```
which you answered "yes" to is whether the schedule
 1
 2
     would impose a special hardship on you. What caused you
 3
     to answer "yes"?
 4
                THE JUROR: Yes. My son moved in with me
 5
     about two months ago, with my grandchildren, and one is
     8, another is two months old, um, because their mother
 6
 7
     is a serious drug addict. So he has a job, he just
8
     started six months ago and he has no time off, so I take
     care of the kids and --
 9
10
                THE COURT: You're excused. Good luck.
11
                THE JUROR: Thank you so much.
12
                (Juror leaves.)
13
                THE COURT: I have the next person answering
14
     "yes" to 4, 5 and 10. She answered "yes" to -- he
15
     answered "yes" to --
16
                (Pause.)
17
                THE COURT: I must have misplaced that 10.
18
     Okay.
19
                (Next juror.)
20
                THE COURT: Hello.
21
                THE JUROR: Hello.
22
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
23
24
                THE JUROR: Daniel Rogier.
25
                THE COURT: And, Mr. Rogier, in addition to
```

```
the parties and my staff, we have two members of the
 1
 2
     public here, one of whom is a reporter. If there is
 3
     anything I ask you that you feel uncomfortable answering
 4
     with the public or the media here, let me know and I'll
 5
     ask that they step out. Okay?
 6
                THE JUROR: Sure.
 7
                THE COURT: I think the first question you
8
     answered "yes" to is whether the schedule would impose a
     special hardship on you. Why is that?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Um, I'm closing on a house
11
     tomorrow.
12
                THE COURT:
                            What time?
13
                THE JUROR:
                            2:00 in the afternoon.
                THE COURT:
14
                            Where?
15
                            In Norwell.
                THE JUROR:
                THE COURT: You can get there for 2:00. We're
16
17
     going to be finished by 1:00.
18
                THE JUROR: Okay.
19
                THE COURT: And are you a teacher?
20
                THE JUROR: I am.
21
                THE COURT: Well, would they get a substitute
     for you next week or something if you're on this jury?
22
23
                THE JUROR: I believe they do for a number of
24
     days, but I'm not really sure how many days.
25
                MR. McGINTY: Isn't school out, your Honor?
```

```
THE COURT: So you teach in the Brockton
 1
 2
     Public Schools. What do you teach?
 3
                THE JUROR: Middle school history.
                THE COURT: Okay. I think you said you served
 4
 5
     on a jury before?
 6
                THE JUROR: Yeah.
 7
                THE COURT: Is there anything about that case
8
     or your experience in that case that would affect your
     ability to listen to the evidence here, follow the law
 9
10
     as I describe it, and decide it based on the evidence
11
     and the law?
12
                THE JUROR: Um, I don't know. It was awful.
13
                THE COURT: Why was it awful?
14
                THE JUROR: I was chosen as an alternate
15
             I had to sit in a room for six and a half hours
     doing nothing. I was physically sick the next day.
16
17
                (Laughter.)
                THE COURT: Well, if you're a juror in this
18
19
     case, you wouldn't be an alternate. The alternates are
20
     selected separately towards the end.
21
                THE JUROR: Well, I did have one other thing I
     answered "yes" to.
22
23
                THE COURT:
                            Sure.
24
                THE JUROR: I think it was 7 or 8, but anyone
25
     in my family who works for the cable company. I have an
```

```
uncle and my wife has another uncle who both work for
 1
 2
     Comcast.
 3
                THE COURT: And have you ever talked to them
     about anything relating to the theft of cable services?
 4
                THE JUROR: Just casual conversation.
 5
 6
                THE COURT: What types of things, do you
 7
     recall?
8
                THE JUROR: Like "Did you ever catch anybody
     with a black box?"
 9
10
                THE COURT: You asked them that?
11
                THE JUROR: Yeah. It's somebody that I see
12
     very frequently. It's come up in conversation. Um,
13
     because he works from home now. He changed from working
     in an office to working at home and stuff. We've talked
14
15
     about it a little bit.
16
                THE COURT: That's one of the uncles?
17
                THE JUROR: That's one of the uncles. That's
18
     my wife's uncle.
19
                THE COURT: And what do you recall he said to
20
     you?
21
                THE JUROR: Um, nothing, off the top of my
     head.
22
23
                THE COURT: And given the fact that you have
24
     two relatives who work for cable companies and you've
25
     had these casual conversations, do you feel comfortable
```

```
you could decide this case based on the evidence and not
 1
     based on anything they may have said to you?
 2
 3
                THE JUROR: I probably would be more for what
     the company is for.
 4
                THE COURT: Would it make a difference if one
 5
     of the companies was Comcast?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR:
                            Yeah.
                THE COURT: It would?
 8
                THE JUROR: Yeah.
 9
10
                THE COURT: All right. You're excused.
11
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
12
                THE COURT: You have to go downstairs. Please
13
     don't tell anybody why you've been excused.
14
                THE JUROR:
                           Okay.
15
                (Juror leaves.)
16
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
17
     10, obtaining free service.
18
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello. Would you please say your
19
20
     name for the record.
21
                THE JUROR: Thomas A. Popson.
22
                THE COURT: Mr. Popson, in addition to the
23
     parties and my staff, we have two members of the public
24
     present, including one who is a reporter. If you would
25
     prefer not to answer any of the questions with the
```

```
public and the media here, I will ask them to step out.
 1
 2
     Okay?
 3
                THE JUROR: Okay.
 4
                THE COURT: In fact, I'm going to ask you
 5
     about your response about whether you or anyone close to
 6
     you ever obtained television or internet service without
 7
     paying a required fee.
           Would you like me to have them step out or are you
8
     okay with them being here?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Um, could you give me legal advice
11
     or --
12
                (Laughter.)
13
                THE JUROR: Then, yeah, I might as well if
14
     you're offering that option.
15
                THE COURT: All right. Then why don't you
16
     step out, please. It's important that I get
17
     uninhibited, candid responses. And please don't talk to
18
     anybody who's out in the hallway.
19
                (Public and reporter step outside.)
20
                THE COURT: All right. What prompted you to
     answer "yes" to the question whether you or anybody
21
22
     close to you had ever obtained television or internet
23
     service without paying the required fee?
24
                THE JUROR: Well, I had to think about it for
25
     a while, but about 10 years ago I was looking at a condo
```

or a townhouse and my neighbor had satellite through
Direct TV, Direct Wave, he ran a cable underneath, and
we split the fee. So probably Direct TV would have
preferred me to get my own satellite connection.

THE COURT: All right.

And in this case the defendant, Mr. Harris, is charged with essentially running a business, um, that was a scheme to assist people in getting internet service without paying the required fee.

THE JUROR: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: And you heard me explain what the jurors would be required to do, presume he's innocent, listen to the evidence, decide based on the law as I describe it whether it proves he's guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and find him guilty if the government has met that high burden, and find him not guilty if it has not.

Do you feel you could do that and put aside your own experience or do you think the fact that you did what you just described, um, would or might have some impact on how you decide the case?

THE JUROR: I don't think it would have an impact.

THE COURT: And why is that?

THE JUROR: Well --

```
Just explain it to me.
 1
                THE COURT:
                THE JUROR: Um, I think my presumption is that
 2
     there's a bigger scale that we're talking about here and
 3
 4
     it was, um, a magnitude of difference.
 5
                THE COURT: Yeah, allegedly.
           All right. And what do you do for work?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: I work in mortgage banking. I'm a
     loan officer.
8
                THE COURT: All right. Why don't you step out
 9
10
     for just a minute.
11
                (Juror leaves.)
12
                THE COURT: Is there any objection to
13
     Mr. Popson?
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor. In light of
14
15
     his experience, between doing something very similar to
16
     what's charged in this case, and notwithstanding his,
17
     you know, statement that the scope would matter to him,
18
     I would suggest that it's too close, that he would base
19
     his judgments and his assessment of testimony, at least
20
     in part, on his own experiences.
21
                MR. McGINTY: I don't agree. I think his
22
     description of the magnitude of difference indicates
     that he would differentiate between this situation and
23
24
     the situation he was in. So I differ.
25
                THE COURT: Yeah, I'm not going to sustain the
```

objection. I don't -- I think often I would, but I have to do this case by case, and he seemed to me to be thoughtful, candid, and in a way he went, you know, to what arguably is the heart of the matter, and you're prosecuting somebody who allegedly is being in the business of doing this.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Although, your Honor, the specific counts in this case relate to individuals, or one person obtaining free access, and that's in -- in each of the wire fraud counts are based on -- are based on that, and Mr. Harris is just one individual.

THE COURT: I understand.

All right. The objection is overruled. Maybe this is why we have peremptory challenges. But I'm satisfied Mr. Popson's eligible to be a juror. Okay? Bring him in.

(Juror returns.)

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Popson, in reliance on your assurance that you'll be fair to both the government and the defendant -- well, let me ask you this. You know, let me you a little more about the case.

The defendant is charged with conspiring or engaging in this scheme with individual users and there are allegations of wire fraud for the use of the wires

```
by individual users who are obtaining free internet
 1
     service. When I tell you that, as you think about it,
 2
     does it change your sense of whether, you know, you
 4
     could be fair and if the evidence proves a crime beyond
 5
     a reasonable doubt, find the defendant quilty, even
 6
     though you'll be hearing from some people who did
 7
     something that's arguably similar to what you did many
8
     years ago?
 9
                THE JUROR: Um, the question is can I be
10
     impartial?
11
                THE COURT: Yeah.
12
                THE JUROR: I think I can be.
13
                THE COURT: And I do, too.
14
           All right. You're eligible to be a juror. When I
15
     get 32, we'll see if you're actually going to be one.
16
     Okay?
17
                THE JUROR: Okay.
18
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT: The next person, I think, did not
19
20
     answer "yes" to anything.
21
                (Same three people from the public and press
22
     enter again.)
23
                (Next juror.)
24
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
25
     the record.
```

THE JUROR: Julianna Morrall. 1 THE COURT: Ms. Morrall, in addition to the 2 3 parties and my staff, we have two members of the public, 4 one of whom is a reporter, and if there's anything 5 you're uncomfortable answering with the media or the 6 public here, let me know and I'll ask them to step out. 7 I don't think you answered "yes" to anything. 8 Having had more time to think about it, is there anything you think you should have answered "yes" to? 9 10 THE JUROR: No. 11 THE COURT: And it says here that you're 12 involved with nonprofit management "Flying Kites." What is that? 13 14 THE JUROR: I'm a director of development for 15 "Flying Kites," is the organization's name, and we run a 16 school and orphanage in Kenya. The name is misleading. 17 It's supposed to invoke childhood. It has nothing to do 18 with flying kites. 19 THE COURT: That's great. 20 All right. Well, you're eligible to be a juror, and you're the 5th, and when I get 32, we'll see if 21 22 you're actually going to be one. All right? 23 THE JUROR: Okay. And that's it? 24 THE COURT: Well, is there anything else you 25 think you should have answered "yes" to? Oh, I asked

```
1
     you that already.
 2
                THE JUROR: No.
 3
                THE COURT: Okay. That wasn't so bad, was
     it?
 4
 5
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
                THE COURT: Okay.
 6
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
 8
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     4 and 10, I believe.
 9
10
                MR. BOOKBINDER: 4, 5 and 10.
11
                THE COURT: Oh, wait a minute.
12
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: I have 4 and 10 down.
13
14
           Hello.
15
                THE JUROR: Hello.
                THE COURT: Would you say your name, please.
16
17
                THE JUROR: Antonette Mitchell.
18
                THE COURT: And, Ms. Mitchell, in addition to
     the parties and my staff, I have two members of the
19
     public and one's a reporter, so if there's anything I
20
21
     ask you that you don't feel comfortable answering with
22
     the public or the media here, let me know and I'll ask
     them to step out. Okay?
23
24
                THE JUROR: Okay.
25
                THE COURT: Did you answer "yes" to any of the
```

```
questions?
 1
                THE JUROR: No.
 2
 3
                THE COURT: Well, I guess somebody else did
     and I wrote it by your name. Sorry.
 4
 5
           But having had more time to think about it, is
     there anything you think you should have answered "yes"
 6
 7
     to?
 8
                THE JUROR: Number 6.
                THE COURT: Whether you or somebody close to
 9
10
     you had ever been involved in a criminal matter?
11
                THE JUROR: Yeah, but I'm not sure really.
12
                THE COURT: Well, tell me what raises the
13
     question.
14
                THE JUROR: My sister got in trouble in
15
     California, but I don't know any of the details.
16
                THE COURT: Okay. And do you think you could
17
     put aside whatever happened to your sister and decide
18
     this case based solely on the evidence and the law as I
     describe it?
19
20
                THE JUROR: Yes.
21
                THE COURT: All right.
22
           And you work? What do you do for work?
                THE JUROR: An intake coordinator. Insurance.
23
24
                THE COURT: All right. And what does your
25
     husband do?
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```
THE JUROR: A wire technician.
 1
                THE COURT: Who does he work for?
 2
 3
                THE JUROR: Precision Coding.
                THE COURT: Precision Coding.
 4
           What does a wire technician do?
 5
                THE JUROR: I have no idea.
 6
 7
                (Laughter.)
8
                THE COURT: That makes two of us.
                THE JUROR: I think he coats the wires for all
 9
10
     the electrical stuff.
11
                THE COURT: All right. But it doesn't have
12
     anything to do with internet service?
13
                THE JUROR: Oh, no. No. No. No.
14
                THE COURT: All right.
15
           Well, you're eligible to be a juror and you're the
     sixth, and when I get 32, we'll see if you're actually
16
17
     going to be one. Okay?
18
                THE JUROR: Okay.
19
                THE COURT:
                            Thank you.
20
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT: Now, what did the next juror
21
     answer "yes" to, 4, 5 and 7, but not 10? All right.
22
23
                (Next juror.)
24
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
25
     the record.
```

THE JUROR: Joseph Foresi. 1 THE COURT: And, Mr. Foresi, in addition to 2 3 the parties, I have two members of the public here, one 4 who works for the media. If there's anything that I ask 5 you that you don't feel comfortable answering with the media and the public here, I'll ask them to step out. 6 7 Okay? 8 THE JUROR: Okay. THE COURT: I think the first thing that you 9 10 answered "yes" to is whether the schedule would impose a 11 special hardship. Why is that? 12 THE JUROR: I work in the investment community 13 and the stock market's open most days between 9:00 and 14 5:00 and it's been a little bit volatile lately and so 15 that creates a distraction. 16 THE COURT: What do you do? 17 THE JUROR: I'm a securities analyst. 18 THE COURT: So you're analyzing securities, 19 not trading them? 20 THE JUROR: Right. 21 THE COURT: So you say it creates a 22 distraction. But it's very important that jurors be a 23 cross-section of the community, people who do a wide 24 range of things, and people with responsibilities as 25 well as those who don't have as many, and that's

```
actually part of the reason that the trials just go from
 1
 2
     9:00 until 1:00, so people can get to work and keep up
 3
     or you can work extra hours, you know, to sort of keep
 4
     your head above water. But, you know, you said it would
 5
     be a distraction.
 6
           If it turned out, despite what you told me, that
 7
     you're a juror in this case, do you think you would be
8
     able to pay careful attention to the evidence when
     you're deliberating, take whatever time is necessary to
 9
10
     decide the case, and not just go along with somebody
11
     else to get it over with?
12
                THE JUROR: Yes.
13
                THE COURT: All right. And then I think you
14
     said you also had some experience on a jury?
15
                THE JUROR: Yes.
16
                THE COURT: Where and when was that?
17
                THE JUROR: Um, it was at the state level. I
18
     was a foreman on a jury.
19
                THE COURT: And is there anything about that
20
     experience that you think would injure or affect your
     ability to decide this case based on its unique
21
22
     evidence?
23
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
24
                THE COURT: All right. I appreciate your
25
     candor. I'm not going to excuse you because of the
```

```
schedule for just the reasons I described to you.
 1
     but I'm going to get 32 people before we figure out
 2
 3
     which 14 are going to be jurors, so don't panic yet.
 4
                THE JUROR: All right. That's fine.
 5
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
                (Juror leaves.)
 6
 7
                THE COURT: The next person, I think, answered
8
     "yes" to 7 about employment in law enforcement.
 9
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello.
10
11
                THE JUROR: Hi.
12
                THE COURT: would you please say your name for
13
     the record.
14
                THE JUROR: Charles James Daly.
15
                THE COURT: And, Mr. Daly, in addition to the
16
     parties and my staff, there are two members of the
17
     public here, one of whom is a reporter. So if there's
18
     anything I ask you that you prefer to respond to without
19
     the public and the media here, let me know and I'll
20
     excuse them.
21
                THE JUROR: All right.
22
                THE COURT: I think the only question to which
23
     you answered "yes" is whether you or somebody close to
24
     you had been employed in law enforcement. Is that
25
     right?
```

```
THE JUROR: Yes.
 1
                THE COURT: And what prompted you to answer
 2
 3
     that?
 4
                THE JUROR: Um, my cousin Donnie works as a
 5
     Haverhill police officer.
                THE COURT: Okay. And do you talk to him
 6
 7
     about his work from time to time?
8
                THE JUROR: From time to time, yeah.
                THE COURT: Does it have anything to do with
 9
10
     the alleged theft of internet services or television
11
     services?
12
                THE JUROR: No.
13
                THE COURT: And you heard me say if you were a
14
     juror in this case you would be required to judge the
15
     testimony of a law enforcement officer like the
16
     testimony of anyone else and not assume that he's more
17
     or less likely to be telling the truth than somebody
18
     else. Do you feel you could do that?
19
                THE JUROR: Yes.
20
                THE COURT: Would it be uncomfortable for you,
     with regard to your cousin, if it turned out you were on
21
22
     a jury that found the defendant not quilty?
23
                THE JUROR: Um, no, I can't say that it would
24
     cause a lot of discomfort.
25
                THE COURT: Would it cause any?
```

```
THE JUROR: Well, I don't talk to him that
 1
 2
     frequently.
 3
                THE COURT: All right. And, actually, do you
 4
     understand that if you're a juror, you can't talk to
 5
     your cousin or anybody else about the evidence as you're
 6
     hearing the case?
 7
                THE JUROR: Yes.
                THE COURT: All right.
8
           What do you do for work?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: I'm a compliance consultant, the
11
     federal securities laws.
12
                THE COURT: Okay.
13
           Well, you're eligible to be a juror and you're the
14
     8th, and when I get 32, we're going to see if you're
15
     actually going to be a juror. So if you go take your
16
     seat, persevere, we'll get to you as soon as possible.
17
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
18
                (Juror leaves.)
19
                (Next juror.)
20
                THE COURT: The next person, I think, did not
     answer "yes" to anything.
21
22
           Hello.
23
                THE JUROR: Hello.
24
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
25
     record.
```

1 THE JUROR: Therese Bissinger. THE COURT: And, Ms. Bissinger, in addition to 2 3 the parties and my staff, I have here two members of the 4 public, one of who is a reporter. If there's anything I 5 ask you that you don't want to answer with the media or 6 the public here, let me know and I'll have them step 7 out. Okay? 8 But I don't think you answered "yes" to anything. Having more time to think about it, is there anything 9 10 you think you should have answered "yes" to? 11 THE JUROR: The only thing I have a question 12 about is law enforcement. Is that fire department 13 also? 14 THE COURT: Um, it can be. 15 THE JUROR: My husband is a retired firefighter. 16 17 THE COURT: All right. And would that affect 18 -- you know, are you able to judge the testimony of a 19 law enforcement officer like the testimony of any other 20 person? 21 THE JUROR: I believe so. 22 THE COURT: All right. You'll eligible then to be a juror, you're the 9th 23 24 eligible person, and when I get 32, we'll see if you're 25 actually going to be one. Okay?

```
1
                THE JUROR: Okay.
 2
                THE COURT: Thank you.
 3
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT: I think the next person answered
 4
 5
     "yes" to 6 and 10.
                (Next juror.)
 6
 7
                THE COURT: Hello.
 8
                THE JUROR: Hello.
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
 9
10
     the record.
11
                THE JUROR: Adam Crosbie.
12
                THE COURT: Mr. Crosbie, in addition to the
13
     parties and my staff, I have two members of the public,
14
     one of whom is a reporter, here. But if any -- if you
15
     would prefer that the members of the public and the
16
     reporter not be here to discuss these questions that you
17
     answered "yes" to about whether you or somebody close to
18
     you had been involved in a criminal case, whether you or
19
     anybody close to you had obtained television or internet
20
     services without paying, then I'll ask them to step
     out. Would you prefer they step out or are you okay
21
22
     with having them here?
23
                THE JUROR: I'm okay with having them here.
24
                THE COURT: Okay. And what prompted you to
25
     answer "yes" concerning whether you or anyone close to
```

```
you had ever been involved in a criminal case?
 1
                THE JUROR: Well, I've known a fair amount of
 2
 3
     people who have been arrested before, but none of them
 4
     have gone to trial. But I've known a fair amount of
 5
     people who have been under police custody.
 6
                THE COURT: And what kinds of things were they
 7
     arrested for?
8
                THE JUROR: Um, drunk driving, minor drug
     stuff, fights, generally.
 9
10
                THE COURT: And do you have a sense of whether
11
     they were treated fairly or unfairly?
12
                THE JUROR: Um, one of my friends wasn't
13
     Mirandized at all one time they brought him in. So
     that's pretty much it.
14
15
                THE COURT: All right. And given the
     experiences that your friends have had, do you feel
16
17
     comfortable you could be fair to the government, the
18
     prosecution, and the defendant as well as in this case?
19
                THE JUROR: I mean, I probably could, but I
20
     feel like they could get away with certain things that
21
     other people can't get away with.
22
                THE COURT: Who can get away with some
23
     things?
24
                THE JUROR:
                            The government.
25
                THE COURT: All right. And I think you also
```

told me that you or somebody close to you had obtained internet or television service without paying the required fee. Who is that?

THE JUROR: I've known a lot of hackers since like high school and stuff, like people who have been jumping onto my high school's account like way back.

Just stuff like that.

THE COURT: Well, in this case the defendant is charged essentially with running a business that -- um, and doing, you know, selling products and doing other things that help people hack into internet service providers and get free service and some of the witnesses, although they're not one of the defendants, are going to be individual people who did that. You know, given the fact that you know a fair number of people who did that, do you feel comfortable that you could be fair to the government as well as the defendant and find the defendant guilty if the evidence shows he's guilty beyond a reasonable doubt or do you have some hesitation on that?

THE JUROR: I have a little bit of hesitation.

THE COURT: Yeah, based on the two things that you just described, I'm going to excuse you. There's no right or wrong answers, I just need honest answers, and, you know, in the circumstances this is not the right

```
case for you. Okay?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: Okay.
 3
                THE COURT: All right. Just go downstairs and
     don't tell any of the potential jurors why you were
 4
 5
     excused.
 6
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
8
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     5, jury service, 7, employment in law enforcement, 12,
 9
     attitudes towards cooperating witnesses.
10
11
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello. Would you please say your
12
     name for the record.
13
14
                THE JUROR: Eileen Kiernan.
15
                THE COURT: And, Ms. Kiernan, I think -- well,
16
     let me tell you first that in addition to the parties we
17
     have here two members of the public, one's a reporter,
18
     and if you're uncomfortable answering any of my
19
     questions with representatives of the public or media
20
     here, let me know and I'll ask them to step out. Okay?
     You have to say "yes" or "no" for the record.
21
22
                THE JUROR: Yes.
23
                THE COURT: All right. I think one of the
     questions you answered "yes" to is whether you have some
24
25
     attitudes toward people who cooperate with the
```

get immunity or other people who get immunity and whether you would be able to follow my instruction that you should scrutinize the testimony of a person in that situation with special care, but that you could rely on it if you found the person credible or corroborated by other evidence. What caused you to answer "yes" to that question?

THE JUROR: I just think -- my first feeling would be is I would be doubtful.

THE COURT: You would be doubtful? You said that would be your first feeling.

THE JUROR: My first feeling is I would doubt the legitimacy of it.

THE COURT: And why would you doubt it?

THE JUROR: I guess because I think they're criminals.

THE COURT: Because they're criminals.

And I would tell the jury that you should scrutinize it with special care, that you should be skeptical, because a person in that instance has an incentive to make things up to help themselves. But there are people in that position who also, sometimes, testify truthfully, and while you're examining it with special care, you should be open-minded, and if you

```
listen to it and it sounds believable or you listen to
 1
     it and it's supported by other believable evidence, then
 2
 3
     you can rely on it. Do you feel you could do all of
 4
     that, even starting with the skepticism that you
 5
     described, or do you think it's almost certain that you
     wouldn't believe such a person?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: I wouldn't say it's almost
8
     certain, no, but I would be dubious at the start.
                THE COURT: Okay. And I think you said -- you
 9
10
     also answered "yes" to the question about whether you
11
     know anybody who works in law enforcement. Who is
12
     that?
13
                THE JUROR: My son-in-law.
                THE COURT: What does he do?
14
15
                THE JUROR: He works for Northeastern and he's
     in criminal justice and he's been working at
16
17
     Northeastern about 20 years, as security.
18
                THE COURT: And do you feel, as I said, that
19
     you could judge the testimony of a law enforcement
20
     officer like the testimony of anybody else and not
     assume that person is more or less likely to be telling
21
     the truth because he works in law enforcement?
22
23
                THE JUROR: I would be all right with that,
24
     yes.
25
                THE COURT: And do you understand you couldn't
```

```
discuss this case while it's going on with your son-in-
 1
     law or anybody else if you're a juror?
 2
 3
                THE JUROR: Uh-huh.
                THE COURT: You have to say "yes" or "no."
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: Oh, yes.
                THE COURT: Okay. And would it be awkward or
 6
 7
     uncomfortable for you with your son-in-law if it turned
8
     out you were on a jury that found a defendant not
     quilty?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: No.
11
                THE COURT: All right. Why don't you step out
12
     for a minute.
           Oh, actually I think you answered "yes" to another
13
14
     question.
15
           Did you say you also served on a jury at one
16
     time?
17
                THE JUROR: Yes, in Salem.
                THE COURT: Is there anything about that
18
19
     experience that would --
20
                THE JUROR: Actually it wasn't in Salem, I
     think it was in Lowell.
21
22
                THE COURT: And is there anything about that
23
     experience that you think might injure your ability to
24
     decide this case based on its unique evidence and reach
25
     a decision?
```

1 THE JUROR: No. 2 THE COURT: Why don't you step out for just a 3 minute. 4 (Juror steps out.) 5 THE COURT: Is there any objection to 6 Ms. Kiernan? 7 MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor. She seems 8 to be coming from a position of bias against the cooperator and I think that's different than what the 9 10 instruction the Court plans to give to people. 11 MR. McGINTY: If I might? Her words were 12 "dubious at the start," which followed, I think, closely 13 by what it was that your Honor was instructing her on. So I thought she was conveying with clarity exactly what 14 15 the instruction would direct her to do. 16 THE COURT: Yeah, but I would tell them to 17 scrutinize it with particular care because -- yeah, I'm 18 going to overrule that objection, too. I think that her 19 skepticism is based on the factors that I'll be 20 instructing, which should cause them to examine it with care, but she struck me as a thoughtful person that 21 22 would listen to the evidence and not disregard anybody's 23 evidence just because her initial skepticism proved to 24 be supported. So that objection is overruled. 25 MR. BOOKBINDER: One other thing, your Honor?

```
She notes that her spouse is retired.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Okay. I'll ask her about that.
 3
     Sure.
 4
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Also, your Honor, if you
 5
     would ask what she teaches, to get some more specificity
     about that?
 6
 7
                THE COURT: It may be a special needs school.
 8
                (Juror returns.)
 9
                THE COURT: Okay. Just a couple of more
10
     questions.
11
           You're a teacher?
12
                THE JUROR: A technology teacher.
13
                THE COURT: A technology teacher. Oh, so what
14
     do you teach?
15
                THE JUROR: I teach kids how to use computers
16
     and consult with other teachers on software and stuff
17
     that they should use.
18
                THE COURT: All right. This case involves,
19
     you know, an alleged scheme to facilitate hacking and
20
     getting internet service without paying for it. Do you
     know anything about the technology of how that would be
21
22
     done?
23
                THE JUROR: No, not really. I don't know
24
     anything about how it would be done, no.
25
                THE COURT: Because if you're a witness in
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this case -- if you're a juror in this case, you'll have
 1
     to decide the case based on the evidence and they'll be
 2
 3
     testimony about, you know, the technology and how
 4
     hacking is done, and you would have to rely on the
 5
     evidence that you find believable, but it wouldn't be
     appropriate or permissible for you to be in the jury
 6
 7
     room and say, "Well, wait a minute. I understand
     technology and although nobody told us this, here's some
8
     information."
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Well, we have strong principles at
11
     our school and about people using it and --
12
                THE COURT: What do you mean by strong
13
     principles?
14
                THE JUROR: Well, about kids bringing their
15
     own devices to the school, they need to go through
     school privacy, they need to sign papers, and go along
16
17
     with the standards of the school.
18
                THE COURT: All right. And what is the
19
     Cotting School?
20
                THE JUROR: It's a school for physically
     disabled kids.
21
22
                THE COURT: That's that I thought.
23
           And it says your husband is retired. What did he
24
     do before he retired?
                THE JUROR: He was a graphic designer.
25
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THE COURT: All right. You're eligible to be
a juror, you're the 10th, and when I get 32, we'll see
if you're actually going to be one. Okay? Thank you.
          (Juror leaves.)
          THE COURT: The next person, I think, did not
answer "yes" to anything.
          (Next juror.)
          THE COURT: Hello.
          THE JUROR: Hi.
          THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
the record.
          THE JUROR: Malcom Lele.
          THE COURT: Mr. Lele, in addition to the
parties and my staff, we have two members of the public,
one of whom is a reporter, and if there's anything I ask
you that you feel uncomfortable answering with the
public or the media here, let me know and I'll ask them
to step out. Okay?
      I don't think you answered "yes" to anything.
Having more time to think about it, is there anything
you feel you should have answered "yes" to?
          THE JUROR: Um, did you ask about civil cases
or just criminal cases?
          THE COURT: I asked if anybody close to you
had ever been involved in a criminal case.
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Have you ever been involved in a civil case? 1 2 THE JUROR: Yeah. What were the circumstances? 3 THE COURT: THE JUROR: I got sued a number of times. 4 5 THE COURT: Okay. And what were the suits about? 6 7 THE JUROR: Um, I own a bicycle store and I 8 got sued there two or three times. THE COURT: All right. And is there anything 9 10 about those experiences that you think would impact your 11 ability to be fair to both sides in this case? 12 THE JUROR: Well, probably not. 13 THE COURT: All right. When you say "probably 14 not," maybe you're just being careful. But this is a 15 criminal case on very different facts and, you know, do 16 you have any feelings about the legal process or the 17 court system that you couldn't put aside and assume or 18 presume Mr. Harris is innocent and listen to the evidence and decide based on the evidence and the law as 19 20 I describe it whether he's been proven quilty beyond a reasonable doubt. Can you do that? 21 22 THE JUROR: Yes. 23 Okay. Well, you're eligible to be THE COURT: a juror, you're the 11th, and when I get 32, we'll see 24 25 if you're actually going to be one. Okay?

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1
                THE JUROR: Okay.
 2
                THE COURT: Thank you.
 3
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT:
                            The next person, I think, answered
 4
 5
     "yes" to 7, employment in law enforcement.
                (Next juror.)
 6
 7
                THE COURT: Hello.
 8
                THE JUROR: Hello.
 9
                THE COURT: Would you say your name for the
10
     record.
11
                THE JUROR: Cathleen Sheehan.
12
                THE COURT: Ms. Sheehan, in addition to the
13
     parties and my staff, I have two members of the public
14
     here and one of them is a reporter. If there is
15
     anything I ask you that you prefer not to answer with
16
     the public or the media here, let me know, and I'll have
17
     them step out.
18
                THE JUROR: Okay.
                            I think you answered "yes" to
19
                THE COURT:
20
     Question 7 whether you or somebody close to you has ever
     been employed in law enforcement or as a defense
21
22
     lawyer. Who is that?
                THE JUROR: My father, he was an IRS agent.
23
24
                THE COURT: All right. And do you know what
25
     kind of work he did, did he do criminal work or -- he
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did criminal work?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: White collar, but, yeah.
 3
                THE COURT: Okay. And is he retired now?
                THE JUROR: He passed away. He passed away in
 4
 5
     2007.
                THE COURT: Okay. And did you used to talk to
 6
 7
     him about his work from time to time?
8
                THE JUROR: Um, he was very quiet about it,
 9
     so, no.
10
                THE COURT: All right. And do you feel that
11
     you could judge the testimony of a law enforcement
12
     officer like the testimony of anyone else and not
13
     presume that person is more likely or less likely to be
     telling the truth because he works in law enforcement?
14
15
                THE JUROR: Yes, I believe that's the case.
                THE COURT: Okay. And, you know, your father
16
17
     was an investigator for the federal government and this
18
     case will be prosecuted, you know, by the federal
19
     government. Do you feel that you could properly presume
20
     Mr. Harris is innocent, listen to the evidence, and
     decide whether it proves he's guilty beyond a reasonable
21
     doubt and find him not quilty if you're not satisfied
22
23
     that it's done that?
24
                THE JUROR: Um, yeah, I really do believe that
     because, um, you know, my father just believed in the
25
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truth and I think there are a lot of people that he
 1
     worked that he wasn't all that impressed with or was
 2
 3
     impressed with. It just depended on who the person
 4
     was. So I think that I would make a judgment based on
 5
     the facts.
 6
                THE COURT: All right. Why don't you step out
 7
     for just a second.
8
                THE JUROR: Okay.
                THE COURT: Thank you.
 9
10
                (Juror steps out.)
11
                THE COURT: Okay. Mr. McGinty?
12
                MR. McGINTY: There's one IRS agent and I have
13
     a question whether she knows him or not.
14
                THE COURT: Who is that?
15
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Jason Ryan.
16
                THE COURT: Hold on a second.
17
           But other than that, do you anticipate having an
18
     objection to it?
19
                MR. McGINTY: No, I don't.
20
           And where is Ryan based in, would it be the same
21
     office or --
22
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Well, right now he's in a
23
     drug task force that I believe is in Watertown, but he's
24
     generally been based out of Boston.
25
                THE COURT: I'm just concerned the office is
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-- it's Jason Ryan?
 1
 2
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Jason Ryan
 3
                (Juror returns.)
                THE COURT: Let me ask you this. Do you know
 4
 5
     in which office your father worked when he worked for
     the IRS?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: It was back when he retired, in
     '55, and so it was about 30 years ago.
8
 9
                THE COURT: So he worked 30 years ago? He
     retired 30 years ago?
10
11
                THE JUROR: Yeah, he retired 30 years ago.
12
                THE COURT: All right.
13
           Well, you're eligible to be a juror, you're the
14
     12th, and when I get 32, we'll see if you're actually
15
     going to be one. Okay?
16
                THE JUROR: Okay.
17
                THE COURT: Thank you very much.
18
                THE JUROR: All right.
19
                (Juror leaves.)
20
                THE COURT: And the record should reflect that
     Mr. McGinty silently signaled me that he was withdrawing
21
22
     his question when he heard her father worked almost --
23
                MS. SEDKY: Yeah, I think our agent is 25.
24
                (Laughter.)
25
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
```

```
5, service on the jury, and it says he's a system
 1
     architect. I think I'll ask what that is.
 2
 3
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Thank you, your Honor.
                (Next juror.)
 4
 5
                THE COURT: Hello.
                THE JUROR: Hi.
 6
 7
                THE COURT: Would you say your name for the
     record, please.
8
 9
                THE JUROR: Andrew Barnaby.
10
                THE COURT: Mr. Barnaby, in addition to the
11
     parties and my staff, we have two members of the public,
12
     one of whom is a reporter. But if there's anything I
13
     ask you that you're uncomfortable answering with the
     public or the media here, I'll ask them to step out.
14
15
                THE JUROR:
                            Thank you.
16
                THE COURT: This says you're a system
17
     architect for Boston University. When does that mean?
18
                THE JUROR: I design computer systems for
19
     Boston University.
20
                THE COURT: All right. In this case you heard
21
     me say that it's charged that Mr. Harris engaged in a
22
     scheme to sell devices that would permit people to hack
23
     into internet service providers, get free service, and
24
     do other things to help you do that. Do you know about
25
     the technology that, you know, would be used in any such
```

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alleged scheme?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: It's not really my area of
 3
     expertise.
 4
                THE COURT: What is your area?
 5
                THE JUROR: Designing reporting systems and
     transaction processing systems.
 6
 7
                THE COURT: All right. Because you understand
8
     that if you, like any other person, were a juror in this
     case, then you have to decide the case based on the
 9
10
     evidence, and they'll be evidence about the technical
11
     aspects of hacking, I expect, but it wouldn't be proper
12
     for you or anybody else to come back to the jury room
13
     and say, "Well, we didn't hear any testimony on this,
     but I know the following." Do you feel you could follow
14
     that instruction and decide the case based on the
15
16
     evidence and not on your own outside experience?
17
                THE JUROR: Um, it's a tough question to
18
     answer. (Pause.) I think I might have difficulty doing
19
     that.
20
                THE COURT: Okay. Why don't you --
                THE JUROR: Just based on the things that I
21
22
     know about networking.
23
                THE COURT: So you know things that relate to
24
     hacking or networking?
25
                THE JUROR: Well, no, nothing about hacking.
```

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THE COURT: Nothing about hacking.
 1
 2
           All right. And I think you also said that you had
 3
     served on a jury before?
 4
                THE JUROR: Yes.
 5
                THE COURT: When and where was that?
                THE JUROR: That was in Middlesex District
 6
 7
     Court.
8
                THE COURT: Is there anything about -- I'm
 9
     sorry?
10
                THE JUROR: It was two or three years ago.
11
                THE COURT: Okay. Is there anything about
12
     that experience that you think would injure your ability
     to listen to the evidence and decide this case based on
13
     the unique evidence and the applicable law?
14
15
                THE JUROR: I don't think so, no.
16
                THE COURT: All right. So let me see if I
17
     understand this right. Basically you don't feel you
     know about the technology that would relate to hacking.
18
19
     Or do you know about altering modems, for example?
20
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
21
                THE COURT: But when I asked you that general
     abstract question, you know, if there was something that
22
23
     was within your knowledge and expertise, you know, you
24
     would not be sure you would be able to disregard what
25
     you know, if it wasn't testified to.
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THE JUROR: I would have a hard time giving
 1
 2
     you a definitive answer on that.
 3
                THE COURT: Yeah. Yeah.
                                          I can see that.
           Why don't you step out for a minute.
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: Sure.
 6
                (Juror steps out.)
 7
                THE COURT: Is there any objection or concern
     about Mr. Barnaby?
8
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, I quess there's
 9
10
     some concern about his answer that he would have trouble
11
     disregarding his personal experience. Yes, I think
12
     that's a concern. It's hard to know what portions --
13
     there will be a variety of portions of technical
14
     testimony about internet access and computer software
15
     and it's hard to know what portions may stray into areas
16
     that --
17
                THE COURT: Yeah, and I may sustain the
18
     objection, but I want to hear from the defendant first,
19
     though, but I actually thought he was being very careful
20
     in saying, "I can't tell you definitively that I
     wouldn't rely on my knowledge." But I'm just wondering
21
22
     if he really does know anything relating to this case.
23
                MR. BOOKBINDER: And, your Honor, I certainly
24
     don't question his candor, but I think if we get into
25
     one of those areas that --
```

THE COURT: Yeah, and what does the defendant say?

MR. McGINTY: Your Honor, I think what he is explaining is he does has a foundational understanding of the technology, but he does not have any specific information or learning about this. So I'm not concerned about any intrusion of his sort of foundational knowledge with this specific knowledge. He's sort of in the nature of a lawyer who is going to be potentially sitting on a jury, yet the lawyer knows the law in a general sense, but so long as the lawyer doesn't know the specific law relating to the case, there's no bar against him serving on the jury.

So I think he was candid. I think that if he had specific information or specific knowledge about modems, he would have acknowledged that and it would have been sort of to the point. But the fact that he has general knowledge is not a basis for --

THE COURT: Yeah, I just don't know enough myself to question him that thoroughly to see whether there's overlap. I'm going to excuse him.

MR. McGINTY: My concern about this is I don't want stricken from the jury people that have ranges of experience and technical experience.

THE COURT: That have what?

MR. McGINTY: If someone has, um, you know, a technical background or a computer background, but it's not specific to this, I think striking him on this basis is inappropriate.

THE COURT: I didn't strike him just because he has a computer background, I struck him because he didn't give me an adequate assurance that he would decide the case based solely on the evidence.

You can bring him in.

MR. McGINTY: Your Honor, note my objection.

THE COURT: Okay.

(Juror returns.)

THE COURT: And, Mr. Barnably, I'm going to excuse you. I really appreciate the care and candor with which you answered my questions and I'm not capable now, and I might never be, of explaining to you exactly what the evidence is going to be on the technology, so I can't be -- like you, I can't be assured that it won't overlap with things that you know independently. But you shouldn't be interjecting into jury deliberations, so I'm going to excuse you. I think you would be a great juror for another case, although it possibly won't be today. But why don't you go downstairs and tell them that I excused you and I expect they'll send you home. All right? Thank you very much.

```
1
                THE JUROR:
                            Thank you.
 2
                (Juror leaves.)
 3
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     7, employment in law enforcement or with a defense
 4
 5
     lawyer.
                (Next juror.)
 6
 7
                THE COURT: Right here. Hello.
 8
                THE JUROR: How are you doing?
                THE COURT: Okay. Would you please say your
 9
10
     name for the record.
11
                THE JUROR: Scott Travis.
12
                THE COURT: Mr. Travis, in addition to the
13
     parties, I have two members of the public, one of whom
14
     is a reporter. So if there's anything you feel
15
     uncomfortable answering with the public or the media
     here, let me know and I'll ask them to step out.
16
17
                THE JUROR: Okay.
18
                THE COURT: I think the only question to which
19
     you answered "yes" is the question whether you or
20
     somebody close to you has been employed in law
     enforcement or by a defense lawyer. Who is that?
21
22
                THE JUROR: I have an uncle who was a Boston
23
     cop, Joe Travis, and he's actually downstairs screening
24
     the scanner there.
25
                THE COURT: Oh, he's a Court Security
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Officer?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: Yeah. I didn't know that until I
 3
     saw him today.
 4
                THE COURT: All right.
 5
           Do you understand that if you're a juror in this
     case, you can't discuss the evidence while you're
 6
 7
     hearing it with him or anybody else?
 8
                THE JUROR: Yes.
 9
                THE COURT: And do you feel comfortable that
10
     you could judge the testimony of a law enforcement
11
     officer like the testimony of anyone else and not assume
12
     that person is more likely or less likely to be telling
     the truth because he works in law enforcement?
13
                THE JUROR: Yes.
14
                THE COURT: And would it be at all
15
16
     embarrassing or uncomfortable for you with your uncle if
17
     it turned out you were on a jury that found the
18
     defendant not quilty?
19
                THE JUROR: No.
20
                THE COURT: All right.
21
           Well, you're eligible to be a juror, you're the
     13th, and when I get 32, we'll see if you're actually
22
23
     going to be one. Okay?
24
                THE JUROR: All right.
25
                (Juror leaves.)
```

The next person answered "yes" to 1 THE COURT: 12, which is attitudes towards cooperating individuals. 2 3 (Next juror.) 4 THE COURT: Would you please say your name for 5 the record. 6 THE JUROR: Richard Destefano. 7 THE COURT: Mr. Destefano, in addition to the 8 parties and my staff, there are two members of the public here and one of them is a reporter. If there's 9 10 anything you feel uncomfortable answering with the 11 public or the media here, let me know and I'll ask them 12 to step out. Okay? 13 THE JUROR: Okay. 14 THE COURT: I think the only question to which 15 you answered "yes" is 12 as to whether -- with regard to 16 a person who, um, had been convicted of a federal crime 17 or was otherwise given immunity, um, that you would be 18 able to scrutinize that person's testimony with care, but rely upon it if you thought it was believable or 19 20 found it was corroborated by other evidence and therefore was believable. 21 22 What was the thinking that prompted you to answer 23 "yes" to the question about whether you had some 24 attitude that would make it hard for you to follow that

25

instruction?

THE JUROR: Um, the problem I see is if the prosecution cuts a deal with someone and says -- and it depends on the crime, but the way I look at it, just from a human-type of perspective, if you go to someone and say, "Hey, no jail time if you testify against XYZ guy," to me you would look at it and say, "Hey, that sounds like a good deal to me, I'll testify so I won't have to serve any jail time." I mean, I don't know a lot about the law, but can't they just summons him to come in and testify?

THE COURT: Well, here, the way it works, and I'll tell you a little more. The short answer is "no" because under the Constitution of the United States you have a Fifth Amendment right not to say anything that may tend to incriminate you. So the government can, um, get a court order -- if they ask for it, they get it, that gives a person immunity, um, that says -- that places the Fifth Amendment right that says that nothing you say can be used against you in a criminal prosecution except for perjury, or if you lied. Um, or they can enter into an agreement with somebody and say, you know, "If you agree to testify, we promise not to use anything against you."

In addition -- and somebody might be convicted of a crime or be vulnerable to being convicted and they can

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make a deal and I'll tell the jury that, you know, if you have somebody they've made a deal with who has been convicted or could be convicted, or at least prosecuted, or if they've given somebody immunity, that you should examine that person's testimony with particular care, rely on it with caution, because a person in that circumstance, a witness in that circumstance has an incentive to make things up to help himself, to try to get a lower sentence, to try to not to get prosecuted, but while you're examining it with care, you should keep an open mind. And if you believe it, because the person seems credible when he's testifying or because there's other evidence that supports what he's saying, then, you know, you can and should rely on that testimony and if you believe it, rely on it in part in deciding the case.

Now that I've explained that to you more fully, do you think you could follow that instruction?

THE JUROR: The immunity thing, that to me kind of makes sense against -- you know, if you come in and you know you're going to plead the fifth, so you're immune from anything you testify, but when the prosecution goes in and says, "No jail time if you come in and testify," to me that just makes this person want to testify, you know. I don't know if that makes sense

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1
     or not.
                THE COURT: No, that's what I'm trying to get
 2
 3
     at. That's why I asked the question.
 4
           I'm going to excuse you from being a juror in this
 5
     case. You've got a thoughtful and deep feeling about
     this and I'm concerned that you wouldn't be able to
 6
 7
     follow the law in the sort of balanced way that I
8
     instructed. And there are no right or wrong answers in
     this, there's just honest answers, and you gave me
 9
10
     that.
11
           So go downstairs, tell them that I excused you.
                                                              I
12
     think they'll probably send you home.
13
                THE JUROR: Okay. Have a good day.
14
                (Juror leaves.)
15
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
16
     10.
17
                MR. McGINTY: I thought he would be an
18
     exemplary juror.
19
                (Laughter.)
20
                THE COURT: The record should reflect that
     Mr. McGinty is laughing.
21
22
           This person answered "yes" to 10, whether anyone
23
     close to him obtained internet or cable without paying a
24
     fee, and, 12, about attitudes toward cooperating
25
     witnesses.
```

```
(Next juror.)
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Hello. Come right here, please.
 3
     Please say your name for the record.
 4
                THE JUROR: Bruce Demello.
 5
                THE COURT: Mr. Demello, in addition to the
     parties and my staff, I have two members of the public
 6
 7
     here, one's a reporter. If you would prefer, because of
8
     the nature of what I'm going to ask you, like did you or
     somebody close to you ever get free internet or
 9
10
     television service? If you would prefer that they not
11
     be here, then I'll ask them to step out. It's important
12
     that you give me candid and complete answers. Okay?
13
                THE JUROR: Uh-huh.
                THE COURT: You have to say "yes" or "no" for
14
15
     the record.
16
                THE JUROR: No, I don't care.
17
                THE COURT: Okay. The first question in which
18
     you answered "yes" is whether you or someone close to
19
     you had ever obtained television or internet service
20
     without paying the required fee. Why did you answer
     "yes"?
21
22
                THE JUROR: Um, I have done it, I think.
23
     have had it.
24
                THE COURT: And how did you do it?
25
                THE JUROR: I got a box from a guy. It cost
```

about 100 bucks. This is going back probably 15 years ago. And I had TV for probably two months and then it died and I never did it again, because my wife was like out of her mind.

(Laughter.)

THE COURT: When you say she was out of her mind, what do you mean?

THE JUROR: She threw that box out of here, because supposedly it wasn't legal. I mean, we were getting cable, but we weren't getting paid channels. We weren't supposed to be getting paid channels.

THE COURT: So it upgraded your service?

THE JUROR: It upgraded my service.

THE COURT: And that's one of the allegations, one of the charges in this case, is that Mr. Harris devised and developed those devices and did other things to help people either get internet service for free or to get premium service without paying the extra cost.

Given the fact that you did this yourself -- well, excuse me.

Given the fact that you did what you just described to me, because you didn't describe it to me as income of a business, but given the facts of what you just described to me, do you feel comfortable that you could presume Mr. Harris is innocent, listen to the

evidence, and if the evidence is going to include testimony from people who bought these devices and used them, but they're not being prosecuted in this case, that they've been given immunity, and that's the next thing that you answered to, but do you feel comfortable that if the evidence proves Mr. Harris guilty beyond a reasonable doubt you would vote to find him guilty and that you would be able to totally put aside and not be influenced by your experience that seems still kind of emotional to you and to me?

THE JUROR: I'm sweating as we speak. Um, honestly I'm not comfortable putting, you know, anybody in jail, whether it be six months or five years. I'm very uncomfortable with that. I'm just -- I know sometimes evidence can seem really, you know, strong towards that defendant, but at the same time I -- my heart says, you know, I'm just really not comfortable being that person. I don't know why. I just --

THE COURT: Actually that's a question that I sometimes ask, but nobody asked me to do it now, um, about judging somebody else.

I'm going to excuse you from being a witness in this case. I can see for you it's very uncomfortable right now about sending somebody away who sold devices allegedly like the device that you had and it would get

```
harder not easier in my experience.
 1
                THE JUROR: I believe it would.
 2
 3
                THE COURT: Okay. So you're excused. Just
     don't tell any potential juror why you were excused.
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: Thank you very much. And good
 6
     luck to you.
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
8
                THE COURT: The next person, I think, didn't
 9
     answer "yes" to anything.
10
                MR. McGINTY: If only he had 11 friends.
11
                (Laughter.)
12
                THE COURT: Well, according to the number of
13
     people who answered Question 10 "yes," he has 11
14
     friends, they just may not get on the jury. Or they
15
     just might. Some do and some don't.
16
                (Next juror).
17
                THE COURT: Hello. Good morning. Would you
18
     say your name for the record, please.
19
                THE JUROR:
                            Thomas Fitzgerald.
20
                THE COURT: Mr. Fitzgerald, you just sat in
     Mr. Hohler's seat. I might have to have you work for
21
22
     me.
                THE JUROR: Pardon, sir?
23
24
                THE COURT: You just sat in what's usually
25
     Mr. Hohler's seat. I was going to get you closer to me,
```

```
but you're fine right there.
 1
                THE JUROR: Oh, excuse me, sir.
 2
 3
                THE COURT: All right.
           In addition to the parties and my staff, we have
 4
 5
     two members of the public here, one's a reporter.
     there's anything I ask you that you're uncomfortable
 6
 7
     saying with the public or the media here, then I'll ask
8
     them to step out.
 9
           I don't think you answered "yes" to anything.
10
     that you have more time to think about it, is there
11
     anything you think you should have answered "yes" to?
12
                THE JUROR: No.
13
                THE COURT: And this says you used to be an
     electrician?
14
15
                THE JUROR: I am an electrician.
16
                THE COURT: You're an electrician but you're
17
     not working right now?
18
                THE JUROR: Right. I'm retired.
19
                THE COURT: Okay. What kind of electrical
20
     work did you do?
21
                THE JUROR: We did building maintenance and
     machine wiring. I worked for Polaroid for 30 years.
22
23
                THE COURT: All right. Did you have anything
24
     to do with internet or internet services?
25
                THE JUROR: No.
```

```
THE COURT: All right. And have you had any
 1
 2
     trouble hearing me today?
 3
                THE JUROR: No, not at all.
 4
                THE COURT: All right. Well, you're eligible
 5
     to be a juror, you're the 14th, and when I get 32, we'll
     see if you're actually going to be one. Okay?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: Okay. Have a nice day.
 8
                THE COURT: Thank you. You, too.
                (Juror leaves.)
 9
10
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
11
     14 about some difficulty hearing or understanding
12
     English.
13
                (Next juror.)
14
                THE COURT: Good morning. Oh, actually now
15
     it's good afternoon.
16
           Would you please say your name for the record.
17
                THE JUROR: Daniel Wong.
18
                THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Wong, in addition to
19
     the parties and my staff, there are two members of the
20
     public here, and one of them is a reporter. So if
     there's anything I ask you that you don't feel
21
22
     comfortable answering with the public or a reporter
23
     here, I'll ask them to step out. Okay?
24
                THE JUROR: Okay.
25
                THE COURT: You have to say "yes" or "no," so
```

```
1
     he can hear you.
 2
                THE JUROR: Oh, "yes."
                THE COURT: I think you answered "yes" to
 3
     Question 14 as to whether anybody had any difficulty
 4
 5
     hearing or understanding English or any other problem
     that would make it hard for them to be a juror. Why did
 6
 7
     you answer "yes"?
8
                THE JUROR: I'm hearing impaired. I rely on a
 9
     hearing aid.
10
                THE COURT: Okay. So you rely on a hearing
11
     aid.
12
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
13
                THE COURT: Have you been able to hear me
     fine?
14
15
                THE JUROR: Well, I wanted to ask you, can you
16
     repeat Question 1?
17
                THE COURT: All right. I described the case.
     Well, I'm going to excuse you. I mean, I think we have
18
19
     devices that would amplify sound for jurors, but you
20
     already have a hearing aid, and I think there's going to
     be like -- I don't know, I can tell you what Question 1
21
     is, but I'm just afraid -- do you think if you were on
22
23
     the juror you would have trouble following the
24
     testimony?
25
                THE JUROR: Yes, but the problem with my
```

```
hearing is I sometimes -- you're still like lagging
 1
     behind, and I'm interpreting the words, and when things
 2
 3
     go fast, I get confused very easily.
 4
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
 5
           I appreciate your explaining that to me. I think
     otherwise you would be a great juror. But it does go
 6
 7
     fast and there are jury deliberations and there would be
8
     a lot of people talking. All right?
                THE JUROR: Well, out of curiosity, what was
 9
10
     Ouestion 1?
11
                THE COURT: I said what the case was about.
12
     In this case I said that Mr. Harris is charged with a
13
     conspiracy and a scheme to defraud internet service
     providers by selling cable modem hacking products and
14
15
     doing other things to help people who use them obtain
16
     cable internet service without making the required
17
     payments, and then I asked if you've read or heard
18
     anything about this case. Okay?
19
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
20
                THE COURT: All right. Now you know what the
21
     case is about that you're not going to help us decide.
22
     But thank you very much.
23
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
24
                (Juror leaves.)
25
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
```

```
4 about the schedule.
 1
 2
                (Next juror.)
 3
                THE COURT: Hello.
                THE JUROR:
                            Hi.
 4
 5
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
 6
 7
                THE JUROR:
                            Joanne Collins.
 8
                THE COURT: Ms. Collins, in addition to the
     parties and my staff, we have two members of the public,
 9
10
     one of whom is a reporter. If there's anything you
11
     would prefer not to answer with the public or the media
12
     here, let me know and I'll have them step out.
13
                THE JUROR: All right.
14
                THE COURT: One question which you answered
15
     "yes" related to whether the schedule would impose so
     great a hardship that it would be difficult or
16
17
     impossible for you to serve. Why did you answer "yes"?
18
                THE JUROR: Um, I work for a Boston-based bank
19
     that was acquired a couple years ago by a Spanish-based
20
     bank and we are currently going through a conversion.
     The "big bang," as they call this, is supposed to happen
21
22
     in the beginning of April, but they're actually taking
     the substantive branches the first weekend in March and
23
24
     converting them. I work in the operations area.
25
     working 12-hour days. We're working weekends to ensure
```

```
that the transition for the customers is smooth.
 1
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
 2
 3
     you. I don't always, but in your case I will.
 4
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
 5
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT: I think this juror answered "yes"
 6
 7
     to 4 and 7.
8
                (Next juror.)
 9
                THE COURT: Would you say your name, please.
10
                THE JUROR: Jodi Garie.
11
                THE COURT: And, Ms. Garie, I think you
     answered -- well, two things.
12
13
           In addition to the parties and my staff, we have
     two members of the public here, one of whom is a
14
15
     reporter, and so if there's anything I ask you that you
16
     would prefer not to answer with the public or the media
17
     here, let me know and I'll ask them to step out.
18
                THE JUROR: Yes, sir.
                THE COURT: I think you answered "yes" to the
19
20
     question whether the schedule would impose so great a
     hardship that it would be difficult or impossible for
21
22
     you to serve. Why is that?
23
                THE JUROR: Yes, sir. I'm self-employed, I'm
24
     a personal trainer, and I have clients that are booked
25
     well in advance, and I believe seven days of me missing
```

```
work, it's my sole income, and missing my clients would
 1
     create a hardship for me paying the bills and surviving
 2
 3
     the week.
 4
                THE COURT: All right. You're excused. You
 5
     can go.
 6
                THE JUROR: Thank you. I appreciate that.
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
8
                THE COURT: I don't think we're going to get
     32 by 1:00, so I think, to avoid any rush in the
 9
10
     cafeteria, we'll stop in about 15 to 20 minutes.
11
                (Next juror.)
12
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
13
     the record.
                THE JUROR: Kathleen Seville.
14
                THE COURT: Ms. Seville, I think that in
15
16
     addition to the parties and my staff, we have two
17
     members of the public, one of whom is a reporter.
                                                         Ιf
18
     anything I ask you you prefer not to answer with the
19
     public or the media here, let me know and I expect I'll
     excuse them. Okay?
20
21
                (Silence.)
22
                THE COURT: All right. I think you answered
     "yes" to the question whether you or somebody close to
23
24
     you has been employed in law enforcement or was a
     defense lawyer. Why is that?
25
```

```
I didn't answer "yes" to that one.
 1
                THE JUROR:
                THE COURT: You didn't?
 2
 3
                THE CLERK: No, 5, jury service.
                THE COURT: For some reason I'm writing down
 4
 5
     "7" a number of times.
           What did the next one answer "yes" to?
 6
 7
                (Pause.)
 8
                THE COURT: I think you answered "yes" to
     whether you had ever served on a jury, is that correct?
 9
10
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
11
                THE COURT: When and where did you do that?
12
                THE JUROR: Somerville District Court, in
13
     state court, about three years ago.
14
                THE COURT: And is there anything about that
15
     experience which you think would injure your ability to
     be a juror in this case?
16
17
                THE JUROR: No.
18
                THE COURT: Well, you're eligible to be a
19
     juror, you're the 15th, and when we get 32, we'll see if
20
     you're actually going to be a juror.
                THE JUROR: Okay.
21
22
                THE COURT: Is there anything else you think
23
     you should have answered "yes" to?
24
                THE JUROR: Well, you mentioned something
25
     about having internet or cable access and at one point I
```

```
was paying for my cable with Comcast, but they provided
 1
 2
     me more than what I was paying for.
 3
                THE COURT: Did they provide you more than
     what you were paying for because they made a mistake?
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: Yeah.
 6
                THE COURT: Or did you get more than you paid
 7
     for because you had some kind of a device?
 8
                THE JUROR:
                            No, no device.
 9
                THE COURT: Because in this case part of the
10
     allegations are that Mr. Harris ran a business that sold
11
     products, and he did other things, to help people either
12
     get internet service from Comcast and others for free or
13
     to get premium service without paying the premium.
14
                THE JUROR: Yeah, I didn't have any device. I
     got my device from Comcast. I hooked it up, set it up,
15
16
     I paid my monthly bill, but they just gave me more than
17
     what I paid for.
18
                THE COURT: All right. Do you think that
19
     experience would in any way injure your ability to be
20
     fair to the government and the defendant?
21
                THE JUROR: I don't think so.
22
                THE COURT: I don't either.
23
           Okay. You're eligible to be a juror. Thank you
24
     for telling me.
25
                THE JUROR: Okay.
```

```
(Juror leaves.)
 1
                THE COURT: Dan, we'll going to go through
 2
 3
     about four or five more then stop for lunch.
                THE CLERK: Yes, Judge.
 4
 5
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
 6
 7
     7, I believe.
 8
           Hello. Please say your name for the record.
                THE JUROR: Chris Ciampa.
 9
10
                THE COURT: And, Mr. Ciampa, in addition to
11
     the parties and my staff, we have two members of the
12
     public here, one of whom is a reporter. If there's
13
     anything I ask you that you would prefer not to say with
14
     the public or the media here, let me know and I'll ask
15
     them to step out. Okay?
16
                THE JUROR: Okay.
17
                THE COURT: Um, I think you answered "yes" to
18
     the question of whether you or somebody close to you has
19
     been employed in law enforcement or in a defense
20
     lawyer's office. What caused to you answer "yes"?
21
                THE JUROR: A cousin who was a corrections
     officer.
22
23
                THE COURT: And do you feel comfortable you
24
     could judge his testimony like the testimony of anyone
25
     else?
```

```
1
                THE JUROR: Absolutely.
                THE COURT: I mean in law enforcement.
 2
 3
                THE JUROR: Right. Yes.
                THE COURT: And do you understand that you
 4
 5
     can't discuss this case with your cousin, while it's
     going on, or with anybody else?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: I do.
 8
                THE COURT: And would it be uncomfortable for
     you or your cousin if it turned out you were on a jury
 9
10
     that found a defendant not quilty?
11
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
12
                THE COURT: Then you're eligible to be a
13
     juror.
14
                THE JUROR: Can I just ask one question?
15
                THE COURT:
                            Yes.
16
                THE JUROR: I apologize.
17
                THE COURT: No. No.
18
                THE JUROR:
                            The time period, I wanted to just
19
     clarify that. You had mentioned the case would be from
20
     9:00 until 1:00?
21
                THE COURT: Yes, that's right.
22
                THE JUROR: But you also mentioned something
23
     about staying until 4:30?
24
                THE COURT: Yeah. It will be 9:00 until 1:00
25
     while we're hearing the evidence, but then when the
```

```
jury's deliberating, the jurors will be required, if the
 1
     deliberations aren't over, to continue in the afternoon
 2
 3
     until at least 4:30, and then if they wanted to stay
 4
     longer, we would stay longer.
 5
                THE JUROR: It's only one day I have trouble
     with. I'm in grad school and I have classes at 5:00 on
 6
 7
     Mondays. Other than that I could commit to that, but
8
     not on Mondays.
 9
                THE COURT: Where are you in school?
10
                THE JUROR: Waltham, Bentley University.
11
                THE COURT: Um, it's conceivable the jury
12
     would be deliberating a week from Monday. I hope we'll
13
     be finished before then. But if that were the case, if
     you remind us -- if you're on the jury and you remind
14
15
     us, then, you know, maybe I'll send everybody home by
16
     5:00.
            If you remind us.
17
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
18
                THE COURT: All right.
19
                (Juror leaves.)
20
                THE COURT:
                            The next person, I believe, is
21
     just 4 and 7.
22
                THE CLERK: Yes.
23
                (Next juror.)
24
                THE COURT: Hello.
25
                THE JUROR: Hi.
```

```
1
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
 2
     record.
 3
                THE JUROR: Ryan Kerrigan.
 4
                THE COURT: Mr. Kerrigan, in addition to the
 5
     parties and my staff, we have two members of the public
 6
     here, and one is a reporter. So if there's anything
 7
     that I ask you that you would prefer to answer without
 8
     the public or the media here, let me know and I expect
     I'll have them step out. Okay?
 9
10
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
11
                THE COURT:
                            I think the first question that
12
     you answered "yes" to is a question about whether the
13
     schedule would impose so great a hardship on you that it
14
     would be difficult or impossible for you to serve.
15
     is that?
16
                THE JUROR: I work for myself. I'm in the
17
     process of renovating a house for resale value, um, and
18
     that would pretty much completely stop, um, if I were --
19
                THE COURT:
                            Is this a house you own?
20
                THE JUROR: I own it and I'm currently paying
21
     a mortgage payment on it.
                THE COURT: Where is the house?
22
23
                THE JUROR:
                            In Falmouth.
24
                THE COURT: That's part of the reason we sit
     from 9:00 until 1:00, you know, you can get back and get
25
```

```
some work done.
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: I also have two employees who
 3
     would not be working while I was gone.
 4
                THE COURT: All right. You're excused.
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
 5
                THE COURT: Good luck.
 6
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
 8
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     4 and 14.
 9
10
                (Next juror.)
11
                THE COURT: Hello.
12
                THE JUROR: Hello.
13
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
14
     the record.
                THE JUROR: Svetlana Dobkin.
15
16
                THE COURT: Ms. Dobkin, in addition to the
17
     parties and my staff, there are two members of the
18
     public here and one is a reporter. If there's something
19
     I ask you that you would prefer to answer without
20
     representatives of the public or the media here, let me
     know and I expect I'll excuse them.
21
22
           I think the first question to which you answered
23
     "yes" to is whether the schedule imposes so great a
24
     hardship that it would be difficult or impossible for
25
     you to serve. Why is that?
```

```
THE JUROR: Well, I'm an anesthesiologist and
 1
     I have work responsibilities. I was really -- I was
 2
 3
     okay for the day, but I have to take my calls. So in
     seven days I have to --
 4
 5
                THE COURT: Where do you work?
                THE JUROR: I work for Anesthesia Associates
 6
 7
     of Massachusetts. My call is at Northshore Medical
8
     Center, Salem Hospital.
                THE COURT: All right. And did you know you
 9
10
     were scheduled to be called for jury service this week?
11
                THE JUROR: Yes, so I was waiting for the day,
12
     but I didn't know about missing so much of my
13
     responsibilities. I thought I would return --
                THE COURT: I'm sorry. You'll do what?
14
15
                THE JUROR: That I would return to work after
16
     jury duty.
17
                THE COURT: Yeah, I know, but jury duty is, in
18
     the federal courts, is not for a day, as you now know.
19
     But I'm going to excuse you, though. You can go.
20
                (Juror leaves.)
21
                THE CLERK: Judge, one more?
22
                THE COURT: Actually I was hoping to get the
23
     next two at least.
24
           All right, we'll do one, then stop for lunch.
25
     Because we're not going to get this done before 1:00.
```

```
So far nobody has come in, as they usually do, and
 1
     said, "Well, I have a long criminal record. I was
 2
     embarrassed to stand up," but we'll see. We're getting
 3
     there slowly, but I hope surely.
 4
 5
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello.
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: Hi.
8
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Moira Clawson.
11
                THE COURT: And, Ms. Clawson, in addition to
12
     the parties and my staff, we have two members of the
13
     public, one is a member of the media. If there's
14
     anything I ask you that you prefer not to answer with
15
     the public or with a reporter here, then I expect I'll
16
     ask them to step out, if you tell me. Okay?
17
                THE JUROR: Okay.
18
                THE COURT: I don't think you answered "yes"
19
     to any question, but having more time to think about it,
20
     is there anything you think you should have answered
     "yes" to?
21
22
                THE JUROR: No, not really. I am thinking
23
            My uncle was a cop, but he retired but I was
24
     born, so.
25
                THE COURT: All right. This says you're not
```

```
working now. Have you worked?
 1
                THE JUROR: Yeah, I've worked as a waitress,
 2
 3
     but right now I'm a full-time student, so.
 4
                THE COURT: And where are you at school?
                THE JUROR: Mass Bay.
 5
                THE COURT: Do you have classes in the
 6
 7
     morning?
                THE JUROR: No, I don't actually start up my
8
     classes again until next month.
 9
10
                THE COURT: All right.
11
           Well, you're eligible to be a juror, you're the
12
     17th, and when I get 32, we'll see if you're actually
13
     going to be one. All right?
14
                THE JUROR: Yes.
                THE COURT: Here, why don't you go back in.
15
16
     I'll go in and explain to them what's going on and then
     we'll take about 45 minutes for lunch. All right?
17
18
           In fact, you can take them down and give them an
19
     hour, have them eat in the jury assembly area. Thank
20
     you very much.
21
                (Juror leaves.)
22
                THE COURT: All right. So why don't you
23
     relocate. I'm concerned with how long it will take to
24
     get them down and get them back. So we'll give them an
25
     hour, we'll come back, finish this process, and then
```

```
we'll go and look at other issues that need to be
 1
 2
     cleaned up. Okay?
 3
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, just one quick
 4
     scheduling matter for tomorrow. As we talked about, we
 5
     expect that Mr. Phillips, on direct tomorrow, will go
     probably -- his direct will go until the afternoon and
 6
 7
     then obviously Mr. McGinty will have some time on cross.
 8
                THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Phillips will be plenty
 9
     for tomorrow.
10
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, that's -- thank you,
11
     your Honor. It will make life easier.
                THE COURT: Was that the question?
12
13
                MR. BOOKBINDER: That was the question.
14
                THE COURT: All right. And my present
15
     understanding is the next witness is Kohler?
16
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, Kohler.
17
                THE COURT: That you've accommodated the
     objection to the anticipated testimony. Okay. Go back
18
19
     out.
20
                (Recess, jury room, 12:25 p.m.)
21
                (Resumed, in courtroom, 12:30 p.m.)
22
                THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, let me tell
23
     you where we are and where we're going and where we're
24
     going imminently is to lunch.
25
           This process -- I know how to do this faster, but
```

I don't know how to do it better. It's an important part of the trial. And I would -- I had hoped -- I don't think I said this earlier, but to get 32 of you qualifying as eligible to be jurors and from the 32 we will select 14, but right now I only have 17, and the cafeteria gets pretty crowded at 1:00, so I don't expect I'd have 32 by 1:00. Therefore I'm going to excuse you. I'm going to ask the Court Security Officer,

Mr. Chamberlein, to take you down as a group, as much as possible, to go get your lunch and then to go eat in the jury selection area, in the lounge there.

You may see the lawyers and other people involved in the case down in the cafeteria. They're not permitted to speak to you. If they don't speak to you they're not being impolite, they're just following orders. So please don't misunderstand that.

Please don't discuss, among yourselves, the little you know about the case or those of you whom I have already talked to, what you've said to me. I expect we'll continue to make good progress when you come back, which will be -- you should be back before 1:30, and we'll pick the jury this afternoon.

Okay. Is there anything else before we adjourn? (Silence.)

THE COURT: The Court is in recess.

```
(Short recess, 12:30 p.m.)
 1
 2
                (Resumed, in jury room, 1:30 p.m.)
 3
                THE COURT: All right. We're going to start
 4
     with Number 31 and hopefully accelerate our progress.
 5
     Everybody is back, including the reporter.
 6
           Can I ask the gentleman who just came in, if he
 7
     doesn't mind, to identify himself for the record.
8
                MR. WILLOUGHBY: Sure. My name is Gary, last
 9
     name is Willoughby.
10
                THE COURT: Mr. Willoughby. Okay.
11
     you.
12
                (Next juror.)
13
                THE COURT: Hello. Would you please say your
14
     name for the record.
15
                THE JUROR: Bryan Cole.
16
                THE COURT: And, Mr. Cole, in addition to the
17
     parties and my staff, we have members of the public,
18
     including at least one reporter. If there's anything I
19
     ask you that you prefer to answer without the public or
20
     the media present, let me know and I expect I'll excuse
21
     them.
           I don't think you answered "yes" to anything.
22
23
     Having had more time to think about it, is there
24
     anything you think you should have answered "yes" to?
25
                THE JUROR: Well, I remembered that my
```

```
grandfather used to work for a cable company, but he's
 1
     retired now.
 2
 3
                THE COURT: About how long ago was that?
 4
                THE JUROR:
                            10 years ago.
 5
                THE COURT:
                            Do you know which cable company?
 6
                THE JUROR:
                            It was Time Warner when he
 7
     retired.
8
                THE COURT: And do you know whether he had
     anything to do with internet service?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: I don't remember.
11
                THE COURT: Okay. And I see that you're an IT
12
     manager, is that right?
13
                THE JUROR: Yes.
14
                THE COURT: What do you do in your work?
15
                THE JUROR: It's a nebulous term.
16
     manage everybody from support technicians to network
17
     administrators and programers.
                THE COURT: Do you have anything to do with
18
19
     acquiring internet service?
20
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
21
                THE COURT: And what do you do relating to
22
     acquiring internet service?
23
                THE JUROR: We actually are acquiring new
24
     offices and hospitals, so we have to get the internet
25
     place for our LAN, we have to get drops put in.
```

THE COURT: Okay. And in this case I expect there's going to be testimony -- essentially the charges are that Mr. Harris engaged in a scheme to sell devices that would permit obtaining internet service without paying anything, or without paying for premium service, or did other things to promote that activity. And there's going to be some testimony, as I understand it, about modified modems and other technology. If you're a juror, like every other juror, you're going to be required to decide the case based on the evidence and not based on what you know independently.

THE JUROR: Okay.

THE COURT: And I see you smiled.

THE JUROR: There's a lot to know.

THE COURT: There's a lot to know. And the fundamental issues, as far as I know, are not so much about -- well, I mean, there may be some questions, for example, about whether this is technology that could be only used for an illegitimate purpose or whether it could also be used for other purposes, and there's going to be testimony about that, and the jurors are going to have to decide the case based on the evidence and, as I said, not on some expertise or experience that they have independently.

Do you think you would be able to do that in this

```
1
     case?
                THE JUROR: I don't think so.
 2
 3
                THE COURT: Probably not?
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
 4
 5
                THE COURT: All right. When you say "probably
 6
     not," why do you say that?
 7
                THE JUROR: Well, just based on your
 8
     description of equipment that would have to be
     proprietary to a scam, doesn't -- well, there's a lot of
 9
10
     equipment that could get you to do pretty much anything,
11
     it's just how you use it.
12
                THE COURT: It's how you use it. And in this
13
     case somebody's going to testify as to how it could be
14
     used, and that person will be cross-examined, so you'll
15
     have that evidence, but do you think you'll be sitting
     there thinking, "Well, you know, I understand this
16
17
     technology, too, and I don't think that's right based on
18
     what I know about the technology or about technology"?
19
                THE JUROR: I can see that happening.
20
                THE COURT: Okay. Why don't you step out for
21
     just a minute.
22
                THE JUROR: Okay.
23
                (Steps out.)
24
                THE COURT: Are there any additional questions
25
     you think I ought to put to this juror or do you have
```

any objections?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, the government does object for exactly the reasons the Court identified, that he's got -- this is not just someone who is a scientifically sophisticated person. I agree with Mr. McGinty that we want people from all walks of life. But this is someone who works in providing internet technology and he just has an independent basis to know or question the evidence. I don't think there's any way he can set aside that and he made that pretty clear.

THE COURT: Mr. McGinty.

MR. McGINTY: I'm concerned about the availability of people on the jury, to serve on the jury who do have technical internet background. We've lost Juror 3, who was excused for cause, we lost Juror 18 excused for cause, both of them -- one of whom was an assistant architect at BU, the other one a consulting individual at the Federal Reserve Bank, both of them having expertise in the internet area. He has internet expertise, but he has not indicated that he has internet modem expertise or a special knowledge that would be integral to the specific subject here.

We expect people to have backgrounds, we expect them to bring those backgrounds to bear, but we don't want that to crowd away the specific knowledge that

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they're been given in connection with this particular
 1
     case here. But asking him whether he can, um, whether
 2
     he could view skeptically the use of, um, you know,
 3
 4
     internet systems, um, given his experience, well, his
 5
     answer has got to be, yeah, he would be, to some degree.
 6
                THE COURT: I don't think I asked him that
 7
     question.
8
                MR. McGINTY: But, you know, I think the --
     the issue is whether he knows anything about modems or
 9
10
     whether he knows anything about modem technology, and if
11
     he doesn't --
12
                THE COURT: Okay, I'll ask him.
13
                MR. McGINTY: And if he doesn't, um, I would
14
     object to him being --
15
                THE COURT: Well, I'll ask him some more
16
     questions.
17
                (Juror returns.)
18
                THE COURT: Mr. Cole, let me ask you a couple
19
     of other questions.
20
                THE JUROR:
                            Sure.
21
                THE COURT: Do you know anything about modems
22
     and modem technology?
23
                THE JUROR:
                            Yeah.
24
                THE COURT: You do?
25
                THE JUROR: Yeah.
```

```
THE COURT: Well, do you know how modems might
 1
     be modified and how modified modems might be used?
 2
 3
                THE JUROR: (Pause.) Probably. I mean, yes.
 4
     They have to be modified per the signal depending on who
 5
     the carrier is and what have you.
 6
                THE COURT: Do you know whether modems can be
 7
     modified to, um, show that they have a -- do you know
8
     what a MAC address is?
                THE JUROR: Yes. You can clone the MAC
 9
10
     address and display it to somebody else.
11
                THE COURT: You know about that?
12
                THE JUROR: Yes.
13
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
     you because you have not just internet experience, you
14
15
     have independent knowledge -- well, it sounds like you
16
     could be a witness in this case and you can't -- well,
17
     you've got to decide the case based on the evidence.
18
           But let me ask you one other question. Do you
19
     have any attitude about -- one way or the other, about
20
     the theft of internet services by people?
21
                THE JUROR: Oh, I don't like paying for cable
22
     either.
23
                THE COURT: What's that? You don't like
24
     paying for cable either?
25
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
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THE COURT: You're excused because you can't
 1
 2
     decide the case based solely on the evidence.
 3
                (Juror leaves.)
 4
                THE COURT: The next person, I think, answered
 5
     "yes" to 5, jury service, and 12, cooperating
 6
     witnesses.
 7
                (Next juror.)
 8
                THE COURT: Hello.
                THE JUROR: Hello.
 9
10
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
11
     record.
12
                THE JUROR: Mary McDonough.
13
                THE COURT: Ms. McDonough, in addition to the
14
     parties and my staff, we have two representatives, two
15
     people from the public, including one who's a reporter.
16
     If there's anything I ask you that you prefer not to
17
     answer with the public or the media here, let me know
18
     and I expect I'll excuse them. Okay?
19
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
20
                THE COURT: I think you answered "yes" to
     Question 12 which asked whether you could follow an
21
22
     instruction to examine the testimony of somebody
     convicted of a crime or anybody else given immunity for
23
24
     their testimony with special care, um, but decide
25
     whether it's truthful based on your view of the
```

credibility of the person testifying or whether there's other evidence that corroborates or supports their testimony and rely on it if you find it was truthful or whether you'd have trouble following that instruction?

Why did you answer "yes" when I asked, "You might have trouble following that instruction?"

THE JUROR: When you asked the question it just hit me that I would have difficulty in it. I don't really know how to express how it would be, it just would be that I would feel -- I guess -- well, I wouldn't just accept it. I don't know.

THE COURT: But actually let me explain it more, because I'll give you a bigger instruction or a more complete explanation on what the instruction would be.

THE JUROR: Okay.

THE COURT: The instruction, in essence, would be that you've heard some testimony from somebody, or more than one person, who committed a crime and, um, is testifying pursuant to an agreement with the government that he hopes will benefit him, will get him not prosecuted or a lower sentence, and maybe from other witnesses who haven't been prosecuted or admitted to a crime, but have immunity, which means what they say can't be used against them, so they don't have a Fifth

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Amendment right not to testify. And it's permissible
 1
     for the government, you know, to use witnesses that it
 2
 3
     has agreements with or have been granted immunity. But
 4
     people, in that circumstance, have a particular motive
 5
     to lie, to make things up, you know, to tell the
 6
     government what it wants to hear. So therefore you
 7
     should examine the testimony of such a witness
     especially carefully and rely on it with caution, but,
8
     you know, you should be open to believing it if after
 9
10
     examining it closely you find it's truthful either
11
     because of --
12
                THE JUROR: Because of other information?
                THE COURT: -- because of other information.
13
14
     Yeah.
15
           Do you think you'd be able to follow that
     instruction?
16
17
                THE JUROR: I still have a reaction like if
18
     they're benefitting, I just don't know if -- I just
19
     can't accept it.
20
                THE COURT: All right. Why don't you step out
21
     for just a second.
22
                THE JUROR: Okay.
23
                THE COURT: Thank you.
24
                (Steps out.)
25
                THE COURT: Is there an objection?
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MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor.
 1
                THE COURT: Because she can't follow the
 2
 3
     instruction?
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes.
 4
 5
                THE COURT: Okay. Do you want to be heard on
           But I'm inclined to excuse her.
 6
     that?
 7
                (Pause.)
 8
                THE COURT: Okay. You can bring her back.
                (Juror returns.)
 9
10
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
11
           There are no right or wrong answers, just honest
12
     answers, and I appreciate your candor. You can go. I
13
     expect you'll get sent home.
                (Juror leaves.)
14
15
                THE COURT: The next person, I think, answered
     "yes" to 5, jury service, and 7.
16
17
                (Next juror.)
18
                THE COURT: Hello.
19
                THE JUROR: Hello.
20
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
     record.
21
22
                THE JUROR: Marybeth Robinson.
23
                THE COURT: And, Ms. Robinson, in addition to
24
     the parties and my staff, there are two members of the
25
     public and at least one is a reporter. If there is
```

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anything I ask you that you prefer not to answer with
 1
 2
     the public or the media here, let me know and I expect
     I'll excuse them.
 3
 4
           I think you answered "yes" to the question whether
 5
     you or someone close to you was employed in law
     enforcement, or by a defense lawyer. Who was that?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: I had a sister who was a retired
8
     police officer.
 9
                THE COURT: Where did she work?
10
                THE JUROR: Billerica police.
11
                THE COURT: And do you feel you could judge
12
     the testimony of a law enforcement officer like the
13
     testimony of anybody else and not assume that person is
14
     more likely or less likely to be telling the truth
     because he works in law enforcement?
15
16
                THE JUROR: Yes.
17
                THE COURT: And do you understand you couldn't
     discuss the case while it's going on with your sister or
18
19
     anybody else?
20
                THE JUROR: Correct.
21
                THE COURT: Would it be uncomfortable for you
     with your sister if it turned out you were on a jury
22
23
     that found a defendant not guilty?
24
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
25
                THE COURT: And I think you said also that you
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had had jury duty?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: Yeah, within the last year.
 3
                THE COURT:
                            Where was that?
                THE JUROR: The Superior Court in Woburn.
 4
 5
                THE COURT: And is there anything about that
     experience that would injure your ability to listen to
 6
 7
     the evidence, decide the case based on the evidence and
8
     the law as I describe it, and reach a verdict?
 9
                THE JUROR: No. It was a three-day jury
10
     trial.
11
                THE COURT: Well, you're eligible to be a
12
     juror, you're the 18th, and when I get 32, we'll see if
13
     you're actually going to be one. Okay?
14
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
15
                THE COURT: Thank you.
16
                (Juror leaves.)
17
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
18
     10, 12, theft of jury service, and attitudes towards
19
     cooperating witnesses.
20
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello.
21
22
                THE JUROR: Hello, sir.
23
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
24
     the record.
25
                THE JUROR: Peter Shelley.
```

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THE COURT: Mr. Shelley, in addition to the
parties and my staff, there are two members of the
public, including at least one reporter. And in view of
what I'm going to ask you, if you would prefer that the
public and the media be excused, um, I'll ask them to
step out.
                      That's fine with me.
          THE JUROR:
          THE COURT: All right.
      Well, the first question to which you answered
"yes" is whether you or anybody close to you had ever
obtained television or internet service without paying
the required fee. What prompted you to answer "yes"?
          THE JUROR: I know a few people who have done
that, yes.
          THE COURT: And what do you think about it?
          THE JUROR: Well, in a way it's not a big
deal, but when you look at the overall effect of it, of
everybody doing it, then, yeah, it is a big deal. So I
quess I'm not okay with it.
          THE COURT: You're not okay with it?
          THE JUROR:
                      No.
          THE COURT: In this case, when you say you
know some people who did it, without naming their
names -- well, let me ask you this. Did you ever do
it?
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THE JUROR: No, I never had to. I always got
 1
 2
     caught for everything I did.
 3
                (Laughter.)
 4
                THE COURT: All right. And how close are
 5
     these people you know to you?
 6
                THE JUROR: One is a real good friend of mine.
 7
                THE COURT: Okay. And in this case the charge
     is -- well, in this case some of the witnesses, I'm
8
     told, will be people who allegedly buy products from
 9
10
     Mr. Harris's company and, you know, would testify about
11
     how they used them to effectually steal internet
12
     services. So arguably people similarly situated to your
13
     friends. And Mr. Harris is not charged essentially with
14
     stealing internet service for himself, but allegedly
15
     conspiring and engaging in a scheme or business to
16
     promote those thefts.
17
           Do you feel comfortable that you could be fair to
18
     both the government and the defendant in a case like
19
     this and if the evidence proves the defendant quilty
20
     beyond a reasonable doubt, vote to find he's guilty, and
     if it doesn't, vote to find him not guilty?
21
22
                THE JUROR: Um, the only reason I would not be
23
     able to do that is I do have an issue with people
24
     testifying for --
25
                THE COURT: That's what I was going to ask
```

you. But is there anything about the particular nature of the charges?

THE JUROR: No, it's just that if you have people that are getting off on a deal or something, that I do have issue with that.

THE COURT: All right. What would you say your issue with that is?

THE JUROR: Well, I've been exposed to four or five people that have gotten deals or reduced charges and they're usually worse than the people that -- every one of them was worse than the people that they were testifying against. One of them was an outright liar.

THE COURT: Well, in this case, you know, just to explain a little more, I expect there's going to be at least one witness who has been convicted of a crime who has entered into an agreement with the government and others who will testify that they bought these devices or acquired these devices and used them to steal internet service and they've been given immunity, which means nothing they say can be used against them, because otherwise they'd have a Fifth Amendment right not to testify. And I'll tell the jury that it's permissible for the government to enter into these agreements and to grant immunity, because essentially it's up to the government as to who gets immunity and this is a

permissible technique. But, you know, a person who is facing possible prosecution or who has been convicted has an incentive to make up a story to satisfy the government and to try to help himself.

So therefore, if you're on the jury, you should scrutinize that person's testimony particularly carefully and rely upon it with caution. But you should be willing to decide, after scrutinizing it that way, whether it's true, whether the person comes across to you as believable, whether what he says is supported by other evidence, and if you find it believable, to rely on it and give it whatever weight you think it deserves.

Do you feel you could follow that instruction or do you think the views you've expressed, based on your experience about cooperating witnesses, would basically --

THE JUROR: Honestly I'd have to say it would be kind of like they would have to prove to me that they were telling me the truth.

THE COURT: And can you imagine they might persuade you or do you think it would be extremely hard?

THE JUROR: I just think they tend to embellish it themselves for themselves to look better.

That's honestly how I feel. 1 THE COURT: All right. And there's no right 2 3 or wrong answers, just honest answers, is what I need. 4 Could you step out for a minute, please. 5 (Steps out.) THE COURT: All right. Is there any objection 6 7 to him, Mr. Bookbinder? 8 MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor. MR. McGINTY: Could the Court ask one more 9 10 question? 11 Notwithstanding your concern about whether they 12 would embellish or not, are you able to follow my 13 instruction, that nonetheless to evaluate the 14 credibility and --THE COURT: I've already asked him that 15 16 question and he wasn't able to say or he wouldn't say 17 "Yes." I'll ask him -- well, I'll ask him again. But 18 I'm inclined to excuse him. There's a kind of depth to 19 this, um, that based on personal experience, and not 20 just an idea of knowing particular people, that he would identify with the witnesses whom he's never encountered, 21 22 because they have to start with every witness with an

open mind and then you have to scrutinize some of the

testimony with particular care. But he's got a strong

presumption, if not assumption, that such witnesses are

23

24

25

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not going to tell the truth.
 1
 2
           Well, bring him in.
 3
                (Juror returns.)
                THE COURT: I'd like to ask you essentially
 4
 5
     the same question in a somewhat different way.
           If I tell you it's your obligation to start with
 6
 7
     every witness, a law enforcement witness, somebody who's
 8
     not in law enforcement, and somebody's who's got an
     agreement with the government, with on open mind and to
 9
10
     scrutinize the testimony of somebody who has been given
11
     immunity because of his own criminal conduct with
12
     particular care and rely on it with caution, but, you
13
     know, to be open to believing it if he seems credible
     and maybe if evidence supports it, do you think you
14
15
     could start with that open mind or not?
16
                THE JUROR: Well, I think in my experience I
17
     tend to be a little prejudiced.
18
                THE COURT: Yeah, I'm going to excuse you. As
19
     I said, there's no right or wrong answers, only honest
20
               I appreciate your candor.
     answers.
                THE JUROR: Sorry.
21
22
                MS. SEDKY: Thank you.
23
                (Juror leaves.)
24
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
25
     6, 7 and 10. 6 is involvement in criminal activity, 7,
```

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employment in law enforcement, 10, obtaining television
 1
     or internet service.
 2
 3
                (Next juror.)
 4
                THE COURT: There you go. Please say your
 5
     name.
 6
                THE JUROR: Lorraine Melling.
 7
                THE COURT: All right. Ms. Melling, I think
8
     one of the questions -- I'm sorry. Let me take a step
     back.
 9
10
           We have the parties and my staff, but also two
11
     members of the public, at least one of whom is a
12
     reporter, and if you would prefer that I ask them to
13
     step out, because I'm going to ask you about why you
14
     answered whether you or somebody close to you had ever
15
     been involved in a criminal matter or have you or
16
     anybody close to you ever obtained television or
17
     internet service without paying. If you would prefer
18
     that I excuse them, then I'll do that.
19
                THE JUROR: Nope. It doesn't matter.
20
                THE COURT: Okay. Why don't we work
21
     backwards.
22
           I asked you whether you or somebody close to you
     had ever obtained television or internet service without
23
24
     paying a required fee. Why did you answer that "yes"?
25
                THE JUROR: Um, I used to have a black box
```

```
that you got with more stations than you were paying
 1
 2
     for, through cable.
 3
                THE COURT: And in this case, one of the
 4
     charges is that Mr. -- or part of the charge is that
 5
     Mr. Harris sold these devices and did other things that
     either permitted people to get internet service for free
 6
 7
     or to get premium service without paying a premium.
 8
                THE JUROR: Uh-huh.
                THE COURT: And some of the witnesses are
 9
10
     going to be people who I understand will say, you know,
11
     "I got these devices and that's what I used it for."
12
                THE JUROR: Uh-huh.
13
                THE COURT: Similar to what, perhaps, to
14
     having one of those black boxes.
                THE JUROR: Uh-huh.
15
16
                THE COURT: Do you feel, given what you just
17
     described, that you could be fair to both the government
18
     and the defendant and decide this case based on the
     evidence?
19
20
                THE JUROR: Um, I really don't know.
                THE COURT: All right. And just explain
21
22
            I see your grimace, but just explain it in a
23
     little more words to me.
24
                THE JUROR: Well, I know it's against the law,
25
     but I don't kind of see any harm in it, too, so.
```

```
THE COURT: All right. And -- all right.
 1
 2
     going to excuse you. Thank you very much.
 3
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
                (Juror leaves.)
 4
 5
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     5, regarding jury service, and she's retired, as is her
 6
 7
     spouse, and I'll see what she and her spouse did.
 8
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello.
 9
                THE JUROR: Hello, Judge.
10
11
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
12
     the record.
13
                THE JUROR: Kathryn Heinze.
14
                THE COURT: Ms. Heinze, in addition to the
15
     parties and my staff, I have two members of the public,
16
     at least one of whom is a journalist. If there's
17
     anything I ask you that you would prefer to discuss
18
     without the public or the media here, let me know.
19
           I think you said that at some point you've served
20
     on a jury, is that right?
21
                THE JUROR: Yeah, it was about 20 years ago.
22
                THE COURT: Is there anything about that
23
     experience that you think would injure your ability to
24
     be a person who decides this case?
25
                THE JUROR: Um, I don't think so.
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THE COURT: And this says you're retired.
 1
 2
     What did you do before you were retired?
 3
                THE JUROR: I was a school nurse for many
 4
     years.
 5
                THE COURT: And it says your spouse is
               What did he do?
 6
     retired.
 7
                THE JUROR: He was a claims adjuster.
 8
                THE COURT: All right. Well, you're eligible
     to be a juror, you're the 19th, and when I get 32, we'll
 9
10
     see if you're actually going to be one. Okay?
11
                THE JUROR: Okay.
12
                THE COURT: Thank you very much. I appreciate
13
     your perseverance, if not patience.
                THE JUROR: You're quite welcome, your Honor.
14
15
                (Juror leaves.)
16
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
17
     10 about the payment for free service.
18
                (Next juror.)
19
                THE COURT: Hello.
20
                THE JUROR: Hello.
21
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
22
23
                THE JUROR: Leana Pomales.
24
                THE COURT: Ms. Pomales, in addition to the
25
     parties and my staff, we have two representatives of the
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public here, at least one of whom is a reporter.
 1
     view of what I'm going to ask you, your answer to the
 2
 3
     question about whether you or somebody close to you ever
 4
     obtained television or internet service without paying
 5
     the required fee, if you would feel more comfortable
 6
     answering with them outside the room, then I'll ask them
 7
     to go out. It's up to you.
8
                THE JUROR: I'm okay.
 9
                THE COURT: Okay. Well, why did you answer
10
     "yes" to the question about whether you or somebody else
11
     close to you ever obtained television or internet
12
     service without paying a required fee?
13
                THE JUROR: My brother, actually when I lived
14
     with him, he didn't pay for it.
15
                THE COURT: To get what, television or
16
     internet or both?
17
                THE JUROR: It was all combined. It was just
18
     a package.
19
                THE COURT:
                            I see. And how did he get it?
20
                THE JUROR: I want to say -- well, I'm not too
21
     sure.
22
                THE COURT: All right. And how long did you
23
     live with him while this was going on?
24
                THE JUROR: Um, probably about three or four
25
     months.
```

1 THE COURT: And how long ago was it? 2 THE JUROR: Um, it was five or six years ago. 3 THE COURT: All right. And in this case Mr. Harris is charged, in effect, 4 5 with running a business and having a scheme where he's sold or provided devices and did other things to 6 7 encourage people to get either internet service for free 8 or premium service without paying the extra amount, and some of the witnesses, um, I expect, are going to be 9 10 people who will say, "I bought or got these devices and 11 that's how I used them," essentially to steal service, 12 and it may be similar to what you just described your 13 brother did. As I said, if you're a juror, your 14 obligation is to presume Mr. Harris is innocent, listen 15 to the evidence, and if it proves him guilty beyond a 16 reasonable doubt, find he's quilty, and if it doesn't 17 prove he's guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, find him 18 not guilty. But essentially you'd be required to put 19 aside your brother's experience and not be influenced by 20 what he did or what you think about what he did. 21 Do you feel you could do all of that in this case? 22 THE JUROR: Um --23 THE COURT: There's no right or wrong answer, 24 I just need an honest answer. 25 THE JUROR: No.

```
THE COURT: You don't feel you could do that?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
 3
                THE COURT: All right. You're excused.
 4
     you.
 5
                (Juror leaves.)
 6
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
 7
     5, about jury service.
 8
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello.
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Hello.
11
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
12
     the record.
                THE JUROR: Robin Zahner.
13
14
                THE COURT: And, Ms. Zahner, in addition to
15
     the parties, we have two members of the public, at least
16
     one is a member of the media, a reporter. If I ask you
17
     anything that you'd feel more comfortable answering
18
     without the reporter or the public, let me know and I
19
     expect I'll ask them to step out.
20
           But I think you only answered "yes" to the
     question whether you had ever been on jury service?
21
22
                THE JUROR: Yes.
23
                THE COURT: What prompted you to answer
24
     "yes"?
25
                THE JUROR: That was twenty years ago and I
```

```
was on a case in Dedham court.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Is there anything about that
 3
     experience that might affect your ability to participate
 4
     in deciding this case?
 5
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
 6
                THE COURT: Well, you're eligible to be a
 7
     juror, you're the 20th, and when I get 32, we'll see if
8
     you're actually going to be one. Okay?
 9
                THE JUROR: Okay.
10
                (Juror leaves.)
11
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
12
     4, on the schedule, 5, jury selection.
13
           Do you have something else?
                (Pause.)
14
15
                THE COURT: Oh, actually, she didn't answer
16
     "yes" to anything, 39, Cheryl Ropelle. Nothing. I was
17
     looking at 40.
18
                (Next juror.)
19
                THE COURT: Hello.
20
                THE JUROR: Hi. How are you?
21
                THE COURT: Fine, thanks. How are you?
22
                THE JUROR: Good.
23
                THE COURT: Would you say your name for the
24
     record.
25
                THE JUROR: Cheryl Ropelle.
```

```
THE COURT: Ms. Ropelle, in addition to the
 1
 2
     parties and my staff, we have two members of the public,
 3
     at least one of whom is a reporter. If anything I ask
 4
     you you feel more comfortable answering without the
 5
     public or the reporter, let me know.
 6
           You didn't answer "yes" to anything. Having more
 7
     time to think about it, is there anything you feel you
8
     should have answered "yes" to?
 9
                THE JUROR: No.
10
                THE COURT: All right.
11
           And where does your husband work?
12
                THE JUROR: At home.
13
                THE COURT: All right. Well, you're eligible
14
     to be a juror, you're the 21st, and when I get 32, I'll
15
     see if you're actually going to be one. Okay?
16
                THE JUROR: Okay.
17
                THE COURT: Thank you.
18
                (Juror leaves.)
19
                THE COURT: The next person, Number 40,
20
     answered "yes" to 4, schedule, 5, jury service.
21
                (Next juror.)
22
                THE COURT: Hello.
23
                THE JUROR: Hello.
24
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
25
     record.
```

1 THE JUROR: William Wing. THE COURT: Mr. Wing, in addition to the 2 parties and my staff, there are two members of the 3 4 public here, at least one of them is a reporter. If 5 there's something you would feel more comfortable 6 discussing in the absence of the public or a reporter, 7 let me know. I may well excuse them. 8 I think the first thing you answered "yes" to is whether the schedule would impose a particular hardship 9 10 Why is that? on you. 11 THE JUROR: Um, would it be possible for the 12 reporter not to be here for that? 13 THE COURT: Yes. I'd like both of you to leave. 14 15 (Public leaves.) 16 THE JUROR: I've served on juries before and I 17 know this is important and I know you guys need me. Ι 18 understand that. But I am in a bad position at the 19 My world is coming apart. 20 I own a small printing company in Framingham and, um, TD Bank called in my credit line in January because 21 22 two of my biggest customers went bankrupt in January and 23 I was using a credit line to pay for companies and when

they found out that that money was never paid, they took

the line away from me. And --

24

25

```
1
                THE COURT: So this is a hard time for you in
 2
     business?
 3
                THE JUROR: Yes. I'm sorry.
                THE COURT: You're excused. I understand.
 4
                                                             Ι
 5
     can see you would do this if you could.
 6
                THE JUROR: I would have.
 7
                THE COURT: I know you would have. All
8
     right. Good luck.
 9
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
10
                (Juror leaves.)
11
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
12
     4 and 12, the schedule, and cooperating witnesses.
13
                (Next juror.)
14
                (Public enters again.)
15
                THE COURT: Hello.
16
                THE JUROR: Good morning. Afternoon.
17
                THE COURT: Would you come right here.
           Could you say your name for the record, please.
18
19
                THE JUROR: Robert Cannon.
20
                THE COURT: Mr. Cannon, in addition to the
21
     parties and my staff, there are two members of the
22
     public, at least one of whom is a reporter, and if
23
     there's anything that you would prefer to answer without
24
     the public or the media here, let me know and I expect
25
     I'll ask them to step out.
```

```
I think the first question to which you answered
 1
     "yes" to is whether the schedule would impose a special
 2
     hardship. Why is that?
 3
 4
                THE JUROR: My wife just got her job back
 5
     after a long time. My son's got vacation this week.
 6
     I'm a small business owner. I can't take time off. And
 7
     on top of it, the two guys that I have working for me,
     if I'm not there working -- I own a plumbing company,
8
     then they're not working.
 9
10
                THE COURT: All right. You're excused.
                                                          You
11
     can go.
12
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
13
                (Juror leaves.)
14
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
15
     5, on jury service.
16
                (Next juror.)
17
                THE COURT: Right here. Hello.
18
                THE JUROR: Hi.
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
19
20
     the record.
21
                THE JUROR: Maureen Bradley.
                THE COURT: Ms. Bradley, in addition to the
22
     parties and my staff, we have two members of the public
23
24
     here, one's a reporter. If there's anything I ask you
25
     that you feel more comfortable discussing without the
```

```
public or the media here, let me know and I expect I'll
 1
 2
     excuse them.
 3
            I think the question you answered "yes" to was
 4
     whether you had ever served on a jury before. What
 5
     caused you to answer "yes"?
 6
                THE JUROR: Because I have.
 7
                THE COURT: When and where.
8
                THE JUROR: Probably about six or seven years
     ago and it was in Brockton.
 9
10
                THE COURT: All right. Is there anything
11
     about that experience that would injure your ability to
     decide this case?
12
13
                THE JUROR: I don't think so.
14
                THE COURT: I don't either.
15
            All right. You're eligible to be a juror, you're
     the 22nd, and when I get 32, we'll see if you're
16
17
     actually going to be a juror. Okay?
18
                THE JUROR: Okay.
19
                THE COURT:
                            Thank you.
20
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
21
     7, 10 \text{ and } 12.
22
23
            I'll have to phrase that question differently.
24
                MR. McGINTY: Or watch out for spontaneous
25
     answers, I guess.
```

```
1
                THE COURT: I quess so.
 2
                (Next juror.)
 3
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: Kevin Demello.
 6
                THE COURT: Mr. Demello, in addition to the
 7
     parties and my staff, there are two members of the
 8
     public here, at least one of them is a reporter, and
     given what I'm going to ask you about your questions you
 9
10
     answered "yes" to, if you would feel more comfortable
11
     answering without the public and the reporter here, then
12
     I'll ask them to step out.
13
                THE JUROR: Nope, I'm fine.
                THE COURT: You're fine?
14
15
                THE JUROR: Uh-huh.
16
                THE COURT: Okay.
17
           I think one question you answered "yes" to was
18
     whether you or anyone close to you ever obtained
19
     television or internet service without paying a required
20
     fee.
21
                THE JUROR: Uh-huh.
                THE COURT: What were the circumstance that
22
23
     prompted you to answer "yes"?
24
                THE JUROR: Well, I didn't want to, um, but
25
     it's basically that I had just been divorced and I had
```

moved into an apartment building and my daughter had -and I told her we weren't going to have cable for a
while because I couldn't afford it, and -- I said but
just plug all the wires in because sometimes you get
better reception through the whole house, you get some
basic channels, and cable was on it. I think it was
just poor wiring from the rest of the building, but it
was on, and I said, "Oops, there you go." I just left
it until I could pay for it. It was about six months,
solid.

THE COURT: And then you paid for it?

THE JUROR: Ever since.

THE COURT: All right.

Now, in this case the defendant is charged with running a business, in essence a scheme, but a business that provided devices to people that would permit them to get internet service without paying for it or a premium service without paying the premium and it's charged that he did other things, too, to promote that activity. And some of the witnesses are going to be people testifying, I think, under plea agreements or immunity agreements who will say that, "I acquired these devices or one of these devices and I used it to get internet service without paying for it." And as I told you, if you're a juror in this case, you'll be required

to presume that Mr. Harris is innocent, listen to the evidence and if this evidence proves he's guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, find him guilty, and if it fails to prove he's guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, find him not guilty.

Given what you've just described to me, um, do you feel you could perform those duties and essentially not be influenced by your own experience of what you did for six months?

THE JUROR: Um, I think so. I can't imagine I wouldn't be. I mean, I've never been in the environment to have to question myself about it, but I think I would be.

"yes" to the question of whether you would have difficulty following the instruction I described, that is, that some of the witnesses are going to be people who've either been convicted of stealing internet services or would be vulnerable to being convicted and they've entered into an agreement with the government or they've been given immunity, which is essentially the government's choice, um, that says, you know, anything you say can't be used against you. It's their Fifth Amendment right. And I will tell the jurors that this is a permissible law enforcement technique, however,

people, you know, who could be prosecuted themselves and enter into agreements with the government have a particular motive to make up their testimony, say what the government wants to hear, in the hopes of getting a benefit themselves. So you should, as a juror, scrutinize their testimony with particular care, rely on it with caution, but, you know, after starting with an open mind and scrutinizing it, if you find the person is believable or, you know, in the way they testify, or that what the person says is corroborated or supported by other evidence, then you can believe what that person says and give that evidence whatever weight you think it deserves.

Do you feel you would be able to do that?

THE JUROR: Um, I think so, and I say "I think so" just because I always -- you know, I guess just like anybody else, if you have nothing to lose, it really doesn't matter what you say. So I think I would be okay at least listening to it and making my best decision on it. I've never been put in the position, so it's kind of hard to say, when someone's faced with it, you know, how they'd react to it, but I think I'd be all right with it.

THE COURT: But basically what I'd be directing you to do is to start with an open mind, and

```
you're saying you would be skeptical, and I'm saying,
 1
     you know, you should examine it particularly carefully
 2
 3
 4
                THE JUROR: Right.
 5
                THE COURT: -- but, you know, sometimes people
     in that position tell the truth, sometimes they don't
 6
 7
     tell the truth, so to just use your best judgment.
 8
           Do you think you would be able to do that?
                THE JUROR: I think so. I hope I can.
 9
10
                THE COURT: Do you have any serious doubts or
11
     concerns?
12
                THE JUROR: Again I've never been put in the
13
     position. So, I mean, I would think that I would be
     perfectly capable of sitting there and listening to
14
15
     somebody telling me something and have the most open and
16
     objective way of doing it.
17
                THE COURT: Okay. And I think you said that
18
     you or somebody close to you had been employed in law
     enforcement?
19
20
                THE JUROR: I have family.
                THE COURT: Who is that?
21
22
                THE JUROR: My uncle on my father's side is a
23
     lieutenant in Major Crimes in Fall River. I have a
24
     cousin who is just a regular officer in Fall River.
25
     then a second cousin, really, who is the Chief of Police
```

```
of Westport.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: All right. And do you feel you
 3
     could judge the testimony of a law enforcement officer
 4
     like that of anyone else and not assume that person is
 5
     more likely or less likely to be telling the truth
 6
     because he works in law enforcement?
 7
                THE JUROR: Oh, yeah, that doesn't matter.
 8
                THE COURT: And do you understand you couldn't
     talk about the case with your relatives or anybody else
 9
10
     while it's going on?
11
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
12
                THE COURT: Would it be uncomfortable for you
13
     if it turned out you were on a jury that found the
14
     defendant not guilty?
                THE JUROR: Nope.
15
16
                THE COURT: All right.
17
           Why don't you step out for just a minute.
18
                THE JUROR: Sure.
19
                (Steps out.)
20
                THE COURT: Is there any objection to
     Mr. Demello?
21
22
                MR. BOOKBINDER:
                                No.
23
                MR. McGINTY: No, your Honor.
24
                THE COURT: Okay. Have him brought back.
25
     Bring him back, please, Dan.
```

```
(Juror returns.)
 1
                THE COURT: All right. Mr. Demello, you're
 2
 3
     eligible to be a juror, you're the 23rd, and when I get
     32, we'll see if you're actually going to be one. Okay?
 4
 5
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
                THE COURT: Thank you.
 6
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
8
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     4, schedule, 5, jury service, 6, involvement in a
 9
10
     criminal matter.
11
                (Next juror.)
12
                THE COURT: Hello.
13
                THE JUROR: Hi.
                THE COURT: Right here. Please say your name
14
15
     for the record.
16
                THE JUROR: Pamela Woleyko.
17
                THE COURT: Ms. Woleyko, in addition to the
     parties and my staff, we have two members of the public,
18
19
     at least one of whom is a reporter. If there's anything
20
     I ask you that you would rather discuss without the
21
     public or the reporter here, let me know and I'll ask
22
     them to step out.
23
           But I think the first thing to which you answered
24
     "yes" to is whether the schedule would impose a special
     hardship on you. Why is that?
25
```

THE JUROR: Well, I don't know if it will -it's just my very close friend is dying right now of
cancer and the chances are -- I don't know, you know,
whether at some point in the next week he would need me,
but I want to be there in the evenings.

THE COURT: You can be there in the evenings, you can be there in the afternoons, and the other thing I'll tell you is that I'm going to have alternates and if it's something really dire, and it's a situation where you feel you really should be there --

THE JUROR: Okay.

THE COURT: Certainly before the jury is deliberating, I would let you go. You know, you would tell Mr. Hohler and I would let you go. Certain things are more important than jury service. And if you're deliberating, I might still let you go, and then they'll have to start the deliberations again with one of the alternates.

Do you feel okay about going ahead on that basis?

THE JUROR: Oh, absolutely.

THE COURT: All right.

Then I think you said that you or somebody close to you had been involved in a criminal matter in some way?

THE JUROR: Um, criminal in that it went to

```
trial?
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Well, no.
 3
                THE JUROR: Okay. But just to be on the safe
     side, I was the victim of a carjacking like 20 years
 4
     ago. I was like the first one in Boston.
 5
 6
                            The first carjacking?
                THE COURT:
 7
                THE JUROR: Yeah, they didn't even know what
8
     it was, the detectives were like, what? And then right
     after that they were -- well, I wasn't really very
9
10
     afraid because I had no idea what was happening. So
11
     that's it. I survived.
12
                THE COURT: All right. And, you know, do you
13
     think there's anything about that experience that would
14
     affect your ability to be fair both to the government
     and the defendant here?
15
16
                THE JUROR: No. Absolutely not. I just told
17
     you that to be on the safe side.
18
                THE COURT: Okay.
           And I think you also answered "yes" to the
19
20
     question of whether you had ever served on jury duty?
21
                THE JUROR: Yeah.
22
                THE COURT: When and where did you do that?
                THE JUROR: That was, um -- let's see, it was
23
24
     when I was living in Boston. So I would say 18 years
25
     ago.
```

```
THE COURT: And is there anything about that
 1
     experience that would injure your ability to decide this
 2
 3
     case?
 4
                THE JUROR: No, it was about a video store, a
 5
     contract.
 6
                THE COURT: All right.
 7
           Well, you're eligible to be a juror, you're the
8
     24th, when I get 32, I'll see if you're actually going
     to be one. Okay?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
11
                (Juror leaves.)
12
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     14, about having some problem understanding English or
13
14
     hearing or something like that, and he's also -- it's a
15
     he -- he's a software engineer.
16
                (Next juror.)
17
                THE COURT: Hello.
18
                THE JUROR:
                            Ηi.
19
                THE COURT: No reason to be nervous.
20
                THE JUROR: Okay.
21
                THE COURT: What if I say "Neehow Mow," would
22
     that make you less nervous?
23
                THE JUROR: Oh, yes.
24
                THE COURT: It means, "How are you doing?" in
25
     Chinese, right?
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```
THE JUROR: Yes. Where did you learn that?
 1
 2
                THE COURT: In China, but it's half of my
     vocabulary. When you leave I'll say "Shea Shea," and
 3
 4
     you'll know the other half.
 5
                (Laughter.)
 6
                THE COURT: Would you say your name for the
 7
     record, please.
 8
                THE JUROR: Xiaoyun Wang.
 9
                THE COURT: Okay. And in addition to the
10
     parties and my staff, I have here two members of the
11
     public, one of whom is a reporter, and so if there's
12
     anything you would prefer to answer without the public
13
     or the reporter here, I'll ask them to step out. Okay?
                THE JUROR:
14
                            Okay.
                THE COURT: I think you answered "yes" to
15
16
     Question 14 as to whether you had any difficulty
17
     understanding English or hearing or something like that
18
     that would make it hard for you to be a juror?
19
                THE JUROR: Yeah, because I honestly don't
20
     quite understand the case today. I don't quite
     understand the Question Number 14. I kind of guessed.
21
22
                THE COURT: How long have you been in the
23
     United States?
24
                THE JUROR: Um, I came here in 1995. I did
25
     barely speak any English, so --
```

```
THE COURT: And do you have trouble
 1
 2
     understanding some of the questions?
 3
                THE JUROR: Yeah, like 13 and 14.
 4
                THE COURT: Well, 13 is very important because
 5
     it's the basic rules that apply in any criminal case.
                THE JUROR: Yeah, 80 percent, I think.
 6
 7
                THE COURT: You understood 80 percent?
 8
                THE JUROR: Yes.
                THE COURT: I'm going to excuse you, okay?
 9
10
     All right? So you don't have to be so nervous anymore.
11
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you. Goodbye.
     "Shehee."
12
13
                (Juror leaves.)
14
                THE COURT: The next person had a problem with
15
     the schedule.
16
                (Next juror.)
17
                THE COURT: Hello. Right here. I'll explain
18
     the crowd.
19
           Will you say your name for the record, please.
20
                THE JUROR: Ann Fitzgerald.
                THE COURT: Ms. Fitzgerald, in addition to the
21
22
     parties and my staff, there are two members of the
23
     public, at least one of whom is a reporter. If there's
24
     anything I ask you that you prefer to answer without the
25
     public or the reporter, let me know and I expect I'll
```

```
1
     ask them to step out.
 2
                THE JUROR: Sure.
 3
                THE COURT: I think you said that the schedule
     would impose a special hardship on you. Why is that?
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: I'm self-employed and I'm in the
     middle of a job, which won't be over for probably five
 6
 7
     or six days, and I initially called and requested to see
8
     if I could come in March and they said "No." It's like
     feast or famine.
 9
10
                THE COURT: Okay, I'm going to help you.
11
     going to excuse you for today, but you're going to get
12
     recalled in March or April.
13
                THE JUROR: Okay. Could they make it in
14
     March?
15
                THE COURT: Yeah, I'll ask them to make it in
16
     March.
17
                THE JUROR: Thank you, your Honor.
18
                THE COURT:
                            I'm sorry. Good luck.
19
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
20
                (Juror leaves.)
21
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     7, which is employment in law enforcement, and 11, which
22
23
     I think is experience favorable or not favorable to law
24
     enforcement.
25
                (Next juror.)
```

THE COURT: Hello. Please say your name for the record.

THE JUROR: Brenton Tolles.

THE COURT: Mr. Tolles, in addition to the parties and my staff, we have two members of the public, at least one of them's a reporter. If there's anything I ask you that you prefer to answer without the reporter or the public present, let me know and I'll probably ask them to step out.

I think one of the questions you answered "yes" to is whether you had or someone close to you had an experience with law enforcement, favorable or unfavorable, that might affect your ability to be impartial in this case. Why is that?

THE JUROR: I've just had -- my son had a run-in with the -- um, I forgot what they're called, they're the surveillance from the ponds where we live, and they gave him a hard time. And I was just thinking back over it now and I guess they didn't arrest him, but they were trying hard. And I've sort of forgotten about it until you said that and I said to myself, "Should I report this or not?" And, you know --

THE COURT: It's just what I wanted to get at. You know, in this case the case is prosecuted by the federal government, um, and they'll be testimony, I

```
think, from an IRS agent and an FBI agent and, of
 1
     course, they're not the people who dealt with your son,
 2
 3
     that the facts are very different.
 4
           Do you think you would be able to not forget about
 5
     what happened to your son, but set it aside, and judge
     the testimony of those officers and all the evidence,
 6
 7
     but, you know, without being impacted by what happened
8
     to your son? And there are no right or wrong answers.
     I just need honest answers.
 9
10
                THE JUROR: I think I would try to do the best
11
               I don't think it would impact me too much.
12
                THE COURT: Do you think it would have some
13
     influence?
14
                THE JUROR: I doubt it.
15
                THE COURT: All right. And how do you feel
     about those officers?
16
17
                THE JUROR: Well, I have mixed feelings. They
18
     were out there, I assume, trying to do their job, but we
19
     had lived on the pond for years and years and years and
20
     we were just out fishing and they were trying to arrest
21
     him and, you know --
22
                THE COURT: All right. And I think you also
     said that you or somebody close to you had been employed
23
24
     in law enforcement. Who is that?
```

THE JUROR: My son.

25

```
THE COURT: Your son?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: But that was many years later.
 3
                (Laughter.)
 4
                THE JUROR: That one I do have some bad
 5
     feelings about. I think they gave him a raw deal.
 6
     town hired him, he moved up there, and then they canned
 7
     him in about thirty days for reasons that neither of us
     could think of.
8
 9
                THE COURT: All right. Um, I'm going to
10
     excuse you from being a juror in this case.
                                                    I just
11
     think it's -- that even before you heard any of the
12
     evidence, it's dredging up a lot of stuff that I can see
13
     is very emotional for you, and it would get harder not
14
     easier as you're sitting here for a week. So you can
15
     go.
16
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
17
                (Juror leaves.)
18
                THE COURT: All right.
           The next person had a problem with the schedule,
19
20
     with cooperating witnesses, and maybe in understanding
21
     or speaking English, although he appears to be a medical
22
     researcher.
23
                (Next juror.)
24
                THE COURT: Hello.
25
                THE JUROR: Hello.
```

THE COURT: Please say your name for the record.

THE JUROR: Harish Patel.

THE COURT: And, Mr. Patel, in addition to the parties and my staff, we have two members of the public, at least one of whom is a reporter. If there's anything you feel more comfortable discussing without the public or the reporter, let me know and I may well, ask them to step out.

THE JUROR: Sure.

THE COURT: I think the first question to which you answered "yes" to is whether the schedule would impose a special hardship on you. Why is that?

THE JUROR: The reason is my mother-in-law is terminally ill. I just got back from India about a month ago and I got the notice that I was a juror. And the situation is not stable. That was the reason. And also when I got back, there's a little change in our organization at work here, there's a lot of changes going on, and it's the duration actually, as you mentioned, about seven or eight days. So that's the reason I answered "yes."

THE COURT: Well, with regard to your mother-in-law, for example, if she were to pass away or you needed to go back to India, then I'll have alternates,

```
so I could let you go. And part of the reason we sit
 1
     from 9:00 until 1:00 is so that people can keep up with
 2
 3
     their work.
 4
           Do you think you would be able -- if I kept you on
 5
     the jury, do you feel you would be able to pay careful
     attention, take whatever time is necessary to decide, or
 6
 7
     do you think you would be distracted and rushing to get
8
     out?
 9
                THE JUROR: I think I would be distracted and
10
     difficult actually because of the reorganization at work
11
     as well.
12
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
13
     you. You can go.
14
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
15
                THE COURT: Good luck.
                (Juror leaves.)
16
17
                THE COURT: The next person has a problem with
     the schedule and an involvement in a criminal matter.
18
19
                (Next juror.)
20
                THE COURT: Hello.
21
                THE JUROR: Hello.
22
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
23
24
                            Winnie Ho.
                THE JUROR:
25
                THE COURT: And, Ms. Ho, in addition to the
```

```
parties and my staff, we have two members of the public,
 1
     at least one of whom is a reporter, and if there's
 2
     anything you would feel more comfortable discussing with
 3
 4
     the public or the reporter not here, then I'll ask them
 5
     to step out. Okay?
 6
                THE JUROR: Okay.
 7
                THE COURT: I think the first question you
8
     answered "yes" to was whether the schedule would impose
     a special hardship on you. Why is that?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Um, I have a vacation planned like
11
     last year and we're going to Europe, so there's no --
                THE COURT: It was planned last year?
12
13
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
                            And when is the vacation?
14
                THE COURT:
15
                            Um, Thursday, on February 23rd.
                THE JUROR:
                            The day after tomorrow?
16
                THE COURT:
17
                THE JUROR: Yeah, Thursday.
18
                THE COURT:
                            And when are you going to be
     back?
19
20
                THE JUROR: Um, March 1st.
21
                THE COURT: All right. I'll excuse you.
22
           And you made these arrangements a year ago?
23
                THE JUROR: A year and a half.
24
                THE COURT: Before you knew you had jury
25
     duty?
```

```
1
                THE JUROR: Oh, definitely, yes.
 2
                THE COURT:
                            I'm going to excuse you, but
 3
     you'll be called back in March or April.
 4
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
 5
                MS. SEDKY: Have fun. Enjoy your trip.
 6
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
 8
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
 9
     jury service.
10
                (Next juror.)
11
                THE COURT: Hello.
12
                THE JUROR: How do you do, your Honor.
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
13
     the record.
14
15
                THE JUROR: Brian P. Downey.
16
                THE COURT: And, Mr. Downey, I think you
17
     answered "yes" to the question of whether you -- well,
18
     let me tell you this. We have the parties here, we have
19
     my staff, and we have two members of the public, at
20
     least one of whom is a reporter. If there's anything
21
     you feel more comfortable discussing without the public
22
     or the reporter, then I'll ask them to step out. Okay?
23
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
24
                THE COURT: I think the question to which you
25
     have answered "yes" to is whether you had ever served on
```

```
1
     a jury before. Is that right?
 2
                THE JUROR: Yes.
 3
                THE COURT: When and where had you served on a
     jury?
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: Um, Hartford Superior Court, I
     believe, and it was about 1983.
 6
 7
                THE COURT:
                           Okay. Is there anything about
 8
     that experience that would impact on your ability to
     listen to and decide this case?
 9
10
                THE JUROR: No.
11
                THE COURT: And, having had more time to think
12
     about it, are there any questions, other than that one,
13
     that you think you should have answered "yes" to?
14
                THE JUROR: Um, only that the company that I
15
     work for, um, National Grid, sometimes they've
16
     experienced problems with the theft of electricity,
17
     known in our business as "diversion," which might be
18
     comparable to theft of cable or theft of --
19
                THE COURT: All right. And it says you're a
20
     utility worker?
                THE JUROR:
21
                            Yeah.
22
                THE COURT: Do you know what people do to
23
     divert electricity?
24
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes, I do.
25
                THE COURT: All right. And do you do any work
```

with internet service providers like Comcast?

THE JUROR: Well, only insofar as identifying what wires belong to them from pole to pole, um, and the same with telephone, AT&T, and the various services between the poles.

THE COURT: All right. And do you have any particular attitudes about the diversion of electrical services?

THE JUROR: Yes.

THE COURT: What are your attitudes?

THE JUROR: Well, our company goes after the people and, you know, for restitution or reimbursements or to bring them to court, depending on the amount.

know, the question for the jury was not going to be, you know, "Do you like the theft of internet service or dislike it?" the question is going to be -- there's a particular charge in the case, Mr. Harris is charged essentially with engaging in a scheme to sell products that permit people to get internet service without paying for it or premium service without paying the premium and doing other things, um, and the question is going to be whether the government has proved that beyond a reasonable doubt. And if you're a juror, you would be called upon to put aside, you know, your

```
feelings about the diversion of electrical services or
 1
 2
     for something that's arguably comparable, and decide
     whether the evidence that proves the charge or any of
 3
 4
     the charges beyond a reasonable doubt.
 5
           Do you think you would be able to do that or do
     you think you would be impacted by your attitude about
 6
 7
     the diversion of service?
 8
                THE JUROR: I think I would be impacted.
                THE COURT: And just explain that to me a
 9
     little, please.
10
11
                THE JUROR: Well --
12
                THE COURT: Why is that?
13
                THE JUROR: Well, being in the utility
14
     industry, I mean, I'm --
15
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
16
     you. You can go. There's no right or wrong answers,
17
     just honest answers. All right. You can go.
18
                (Juror leaves.)
19
                THE COURT: You know, I know this is a
20
     ponderous process, it takes a long time, but there was
     no glimpse of that sitting in court hours ago, and the
21
22
     person would get on the jury and not be able to follow
23
     my instructions.
24
           All right. The next person, also jury service.
25
                (Next juror.)
```

```
THE COURT: Hello. Would you please say your
 1
 2
     name for the record.
 3
                THE JUROR: Yes, it's Edward Demers.
 4
                THE COURT: Mr. Demers, in addition to the
 5
     parties and my staff, there are two members of the
 6
     public present, and at least one of them is a reporter.
 7
     If there's anything that you would prefer we discuss
8
     without the public or the reporter, let me know.
 9
           I think the only question to which you answered
10
     "yes" is whether, um, you had been on a jury before.
11
                THE JUROR: Yes.
12
                THE COURT: When and where were you on a
13
     jury?
14
                THE JUROR: I don't know exactly when, but
15
     I've served in the county level three times.
16
                THE COURT: And is there anything about those
17
     experiences that would impact your ability to decide
18
     this case?
19
                THE JUROR: No, it was an excellent
20
     experience, um, in each case.
21
                THE COURT: All right. Well, maybe you'll get
22
     another one, because you're eligible to be a juror,
23
     you're the 25th, and when I get 32, we'll see if you're
24
     actually going to be one. Okay?
25
           Is there something else? Go ahead.
```

```
THE JUROR: As we went to lunch, I think one
 1
 2
     of the questions was about if you knew anyone who had
 3
     used --
 4
                THE COURT: Right.
 5
                THE JUROR: Well, I realize that a woman I use
     to work with, 8 years ago, had illegal cable.
 6
 7
                THE COURT: And in this case I think some of
 8
     the witnesses are going to be people who will testify,
 9
     under agreements or immunity from the government, that
10
     they, in effect, stole internet services.
11
           Do you think you could put that woman's
12
     experiences aside and just decide this case based on the
     evidence?
13
14
                THE JUROR: Absolutely. Yes.
15
                THE COURT: Okay. You're eligible to be a
16
     juror. Thank you.
17
                (Juror leaves.)
18
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
19
     14 about not having some other reason why she couldn't
20
     be a juror.
                (Next juror.)
21
22
                THE COURT: Hello.
23
                THE JUROR: Hi.
24
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
25
     the stenographer. You can sit down.
```

```
THE JUROR: Maria Brandao.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: All right. Ms. Brandao, in
 3
     addition to the parties and my staff, we have two
 4
     members of the public here and one at least is a
 5
     reporter. But if there's something you would feel more
 6
     comfortable discussing without the public or the
 7
     reporter here, I'll ask them to step out. Okay?
 8
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
 9
                THE COURT: I think you answered "yes" to the
10
     question of whether you had some trouble understanding
11
     English or hearing or something like that that would
12
     make it hard for you to be a juror.
13
                THE JUROR: Understanding English.
                THE COURT: You have trouble understanding
14
15
     English?
16
                THE JUROR: Yes.
17
                THE COURT: Let's see. Where are you from
18
     originally?
19
                THE JUROR:
                            Cape Verde.
20
                THE COURT:
                            And how long have you been in the
21
     United States?
22
                            Um, 25.
                THE JUROR:
23
                THE COURT:
                            25 years?
24
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
25
                THE COURT: I see you're not working now.
                                                            Did
```

```
1
     you work at one time?
 2
                THE JUROR: Yes.
 3
                THE COURT: Where did you work?
 4
                THE JUROR: Um, I used to work at a cleaning
 5
     company, um, John Hancock Accident Cleaning Company.
 6
                            So you worked at John Hancock at a
                THE COURT:
 7
     cleaning company?
 8
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
 9
                THE COURT: Okay. Did you go to school in the
10
     United States?
11
                THE JUROR:
                            I go to high school.
12
                THE COURT: And were you taught in English or
13
     in another language?
                            ESL, usually.
14
                THE JUROR:
15
                THE COURT: English as a Second Language?
16
                THE JUROR: Yeah.
17
                THE COURT: And when you were working and you
18
     spoke to other people, what language did you talk to
19
     them in?
20
                THE JUROR: Um, most likely Spanish, you know,
21
     Cape Verdean people only.
22
                THE COURT: Have you been able to understand
23
     me so far?
24
                THE JUROR: Um, I guess so. I think in, you
25
     know, in making a decision on a jury, you know, I don't
```

```
know how complicated it is, and that's my concern.
 1
                THE COURT: Well, I appreciate you're
 2
 3
     discussing that with me. Why don't you step out for a
 4
     minute. Okay?
 5
                (Steps out.)
                THE COURT: What are your thoughts about this
 6
 7
     potential juror?
8
                MR. BOOKBINDER: No objection from the
 9
     government.
10
                MR. McGINTY: I think she appreciates the
11
     difference between understanding conversational English
12
     and understanding in a courtroom, and I think what she's
13
     probably doing is reflecting on the important
14
     responsibility and being candid about whether she could
15
     take on this added responsibility of really
16
     understanding the testimony. So I would not object if
17
     the Court excused her.
18
                THE COURT: I'll talk to her a little more. I
19
     think I might excuse her. I quess I want to see whether
20
     she's just being careful or having difficulty
     understanding. This case is more technical than most
21
22
     and, you know, she would have to be in deliberations and
23
     feel confident enough to speak. So --
24
           Actually I think I'm going to excuse her.
25
                (Juror returns.)
```

```
THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
 1
           I'm going to let you go. I think it's a close
 2
 3
     question, your English is not bad, but this case is
 4
     technical and complicated, and you might have difficulty
 5
     following all of the evidence. So I am going to excuse
     you. But thank you very much.
 6
 7
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
 8
                THE COURT: Thank you. Bye.
                (Juror leaves.)
 9
10
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
11
     7, which is employment in law enforcement.
12
                (Next juror.)
13
                THE COURT: Would you say your name, please.
                THE JUROR: Catherine Umina.
14
15
                THE COURT: Ms. Umina, I have the parties
     here, I have my staff, and two members of the public, at
16
17
     least one of whom is a reporter. If there's anything
18
     we're going to discuss that you feel more comfortable
19
     talking about without the reporter and the public, I'll
20
     ask them to step out. Okay?
                THE JUROR: Okay.
21
22
                THE COURT: I think the only question you
23
     answered "yes" to is whether you or somebody close to
24
     you has been employed in law enforcement?
25
                THE JUROR: Yes.
```

```
Who is that?
 1
                THE COURT:
 2
                THE JUROR: My brother. He's a police officer
 3
     in Newton.
 4
                THE COURT: In Newton?
 5
                THE JUROR: Yes.
                THE COURT: And do you feel comfortable that
 6
 7
     you could judge the testimony of a law enforcement
8
     officer like the testimony of anybody else and not
     assume he's more or less likely to be telling the truth
 9
10
     because he works in law enforcement?
11
                THE JUROR: Um, I think I could be honest.
12
     could be impartial.
13
                THE COURT: Okay. And do you have any
14
     substantial doubt about that?
15
                THE JUROR: No, I don't.
16
                THE COURT: And do you understand you couldn't
17
     discuss this case with your brother or anybody else
18
     while it's going on?
19
                THE JUROR:
                            Yeah.
20
                THE COURT: Would it be uncomfortable for you
21
     if it turned out you were on a jury that found the
22
     defendant not guilty?
23
                THE JUROR: No.
24
                THE COURT: All right. Well, you're eligible
25
     to be a juror, you're the 26th, and when I get 32, we'll
```

```
see if you're actually going to be one. Okay?
 1
                (Juror leaves.)
 2
 3
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes"
     with regard to the schedule.
 4
 5
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello.
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: How are you doing?
                THE COURT: Good.
 8
 9
           Would you please say your name for the record.
                THE JUROR: John Caron.
10
11
                THE COURT: All right. Mr. Caron, we have the
12
     parties, we have my staff, and we have two members of
13
     the public, one of whom, at least, is a reporter.
14
     there is something you would prefer not to discuss with
15
     the public and the reporter present, I expect I'll ask
16
     them to step out. Okay?
17
                THE JUROR: Yes.
18
                THE COURT: I think the only question to which
19
     you answered "yes" is the question whether the schedule
20
     would impose a special hardship on you. Why is that?
                THE JUROR: Um, I own a pretty busy restaurant
21
22
     in Boston. One of my managers, um, I thought this was a
23
     good week to -- one of my managers is away on vacation
24
     and my job manager is getting married, so he has wedding
25
     plans. So I was kind of holding the fort for this week
```

and, um --1 2 THE COURT: Okay. What are the hours you 3 usually work? 4 THE JUROR: I work seven days a week from like 5 10:00 in the morning until 12:00, 2:00, or like 4:00 in 6 the morning. 7 THE COURT: Because one of the reasons we sit 8 from 9:00 until 1:00 is so that busy people can go to work later and, if I excuse you, you're going to have to 9 10 come back like next month or something when the other 11 managers are going to come back. 12 Is that going to be better? You could end up on a 13 longer case. 14 THE JUROR: Well, whatever. THE COURT: This is going to be -- well, let 15 16 me delve into that a little more deeply. Sometimes I 17 excuse people because of the schedule, sometimes I 18 don't, but I just wanted you to understand the whole 19 thing. 20 You know, if you're a juror, you'll have to be here between 9:00 and 1:00 for about a week hearing the 21 evidence, but, as I say, part of the reason we sit from 22 23 9:00 until 1:00 is so that the jury really can be a

cross-section of the community, people with substantial

responsibilities and others who don't have so much to

24

25

do, and it helps on that. But when the jury's deliberating, you're going to have to be here in the afternoon, and I don't know how long that will take, it could be one day, and that's it, and we might come back a second day. I just can't predict. So there's that. What I need is jurors who won't be so worried about what's going on at work that they can't listen to the evidence or jurors that once they're deliberating, they'll be in such a rush to get it over with that they won't conscientiously think it through.

So, you know, I could excuse you and say you'll get called back in March or April or, you know, we could see. I'm trying to get 32 jurors and 14 are actually going to -- 32 potential jurors and 14 are going to get selected today. You might or might not get selected.

But if you ended up on this jury, do you think you could be able to take a deep breath, or have a drink tonight, and come in and listen to the evidence carefully and when it became time to deliberate and decide, you know, take whatever time is necessary to do that thoughtfully, or do you think you would be so distracted and in such a rush that you couldn't do that?

THE JUROR: Well, I couldn't say I wouldn't be thinking of it at all, um --

```
THE COURT: You know, all I need is an honest
 1
 2
              There's no right or wrong answer. And I don't
 3
     get the impression that you're making this up. So just
 4
     tell me.
 5
                THE JUROR: No, we're a very busy restaurant.
 6
     Um, under the circumstances, with my managers being out,
 7
     no. Had they not been out, it would have been a good
8
     time.
 9
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
10
     you, but you're going to get recalled at some point. So
11
     you can go for today, but I suspect you'll get called in
12
     March or April.
13
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
14
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
15
     4, 5, 7.
16
17
           It's rare it takes me this long to get a jury.
18
     Oh, yeah, 11.
19
                (Next Juror.)
20
                THE COURT: Good afternoon.
21
                THE JUROR: Hello.
22
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
23
24
                THE JUROR: Dr. Peter Gale.
25
                THE COURT: And, Dr. Gale, we have the
```

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parties, we have my staff, we have two members of the
 1
 2
     public, and one is a reporter. If there is anything you
 3
     would prefer to discuss without the public or the
 4
     reporter, then I'll probably excuse them.
 5
           You answered a number of questions "yes" including
 6
     the question whether the schedule would impose a special
 7
     hardship on you. Why is that?
 8
                THE JUROR: I work in a two-doctor clinic and
     the other doctor is on vacation today. I have 150
 9
10
     people scheduled in our neuromuscular skeletal practice
11
     this week and God knows how many next week, and I have a
12
     long-awaited vacation prepaid for next week.
13
                THE COURT: Did you make that before or after
14
     you --
15
                THE JUROR: Four months ago.
16
                THE COURT: You're excused. You can go.
17
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
18
                (Juror leaves.)
19
                THE COURT: The next person answered 4, 7, 10
20
     and 11.
21
                (Next juror.)
22
                THE COURT: And 12. I just can't read it.
23
           Hello.
24
                THE JUROR:
                            Ηi.
25
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
```

record. 1 THE JUROR: Susan Collina. 2 3 THE COURT: And, Ms. Collina, we have the 4 parties, we have my staff, we have two members of the 5 public, at least one of whom is a reporter. If there's 6 anything we're going to discuss that you would prefer to 7 discuss without the public or the media, let me know and 8 I expect I'll ask them to step out. 9 I think the first question to which you answered 10 "yes" is whether the schedule would impose a special 11 hardship on you. Why is that? 12 THE JUROR: Um, I hurt my knee and I have 13 X-rays next week. I have a fragment of something in my 14 knee and I'm supposed to get an MRI next week, but I 15 have to postpone that and find out if I need surgery or 16 not. So that's my main concern. 17 THE COURT: All right. Did you say you also 18 knew somebody who got internet or TV service without 19 paying for it? 20 THE JUROR: Yeah, it's from my childhood when cable first came out. I think when it first came out 21 22 someone had a black box or something. 23 THE COURT: All right. You're excused. 24 THE JUROR: Thank you. 25 (Juror leaves.)

```
THE COURT: The next person, if I can read my
 1
     writing, it's 4, 6 and 12.
 2
 3
                (Next juror.)
 4
                THE COURT: Hello. Good afternoon. Would you
 5
     please say your name for the record.
 6
                            Nancy Cass.
                THE JUROR:
 7
                THE COURT: Ms. Cass, we have the parties, my
8
     staff, two members of the public, at least one of them
     is a reporter, and if there's something you feel more
 9
10
     comfortable discussing without the public or the
11
     reporter, let me know and I expect I'll ask them to step
12
     out.
           I think the first thing you answered "yes" to is
13
14
     whether the schedule would impose a special hardship on
     you. Why is that?
15
16
                THE JUROR: Yes, because this coming Monday is
17
     the 27th and a good friend of mine has a court date in
18
     Providence, Rhode Island. He's being charged with
19
     felony assault and I'm his character witness for that
20
     date.
                THE COURT: Well, if I excuse you, you're
21
22
     going to have to come back next month or something.
23
                THE JUROR: That is no problem. It's the only
24
     thing I have on my schedule.
25
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to excuse
```

```
you. But you'll have to come back in March or April.
 1
                THE JUROR: Okay, that's fine. I just get
 2
 3
     something in the mail or something?
 4
                THE CLERK: I can help you.
                THE JUROR: Oh, sorry.
 5
                (Juror leaves.)
 6
 7
                THE COURT: The next person is 6, 7, 12 and
8
     14.
 9
                (Next juror.)
10
                THE COURT: Hello.
11
                THE JUROR: Good afternoon, your Honor.
12
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
13
     the record.
14
                THE JUROR: John Joseph Loughlin, Jr.
15
                THE COURT: All right. Mr. Loughlin, we have
16
     the parties, we have my staff, we have two members of
17
     the public, at least one of them is a reporter, and if
18
     there's anything we're going to discuss that you would
19
     prefer to discuss without the public or the reporter
20
     present, let me know and I may excuse them.
21
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
22
                THE COURT: Okay. I think the first question
23
     to which you answered "yes" is whether you or somebody
24
     close to you had ever been involved in a criminal
25
     matter. What prompted you to answer "yes" to that
```

```
question?
 1
 2
                THE JUROR:
                            Thirty years ago I was a police
 3
     officer, sir.
 4
                THE COURT:
                            What was that?
 5
                THE JUROR:
                            I was a police officer for thirty
 6
     years.
 7
                THE COURT:
                            You were?
 8
                THE JUROR: In the City of Lowell Police
     Department for thirty years.
 9
10
                THE COURT: Okay. Do you feel comfortable
11
     that you could judge the testimony of a law enforcement
12
     officer like the testimony of anybody else?
13
                THE JUROR:
                            Sure.
14
                THE COURT: And I think you also answered
15
     "yes" to the question of whether you'd have difficulty
16
     following an instruction that said that when there's a
17
     person who's testifying pursuant to a plea agreement
18
     with the government, because he's committed a crime, or
19
     because he has immunity, that you should start with an
20
     open mind, scrutinize that testimony with particular
21
     care because such a person has an incentive to lie, but
22
     if you find the person is telling the truth, either
23
     because he appears credible or is corroborated by other
24
     evidence, um, you know, you will find that he's being
25
     truthful and give the testimony whatever weight you
```

```
think it deserves.
 1
 2
           Do you have sort of a problem with that
 3
     generally?
 4
                THE JUROR: Yes.
 5
                THE COURT: What is that?
 6
                THE JUROR: I don't like people that are
 7
            I don't like rats. Even though it's part of
8
     police work. I understand that. But to me, if they're
     going to turn on their friends to gain something, then
 9
10
     they're not doing the public any good, I guess.
11
                THE COURT: All right. You're excused. Thank
12
     you.
13
                THE JUROR: Thank you, sir.
14
                (Juror leaves.)
15
                THE COURT: The next person didn't answer
16
     "yes" to anything.
17
                (Next juror.)
18
                THE COURT: Hello.
19
                THE JUROR: Hello.
20
                THE COURT: Would you please say your name for
     the record.
21
                THE JUROR: Dominic Dimanche.
22
23
                THE COURT: Mr. Dimanche, we have here the
24
     parties, my staff, two members of the public, one of
25
     whom at least is a reporter, and if there's anything
```

```
we're going to discuss or you prefer to discuss without
 1
 2
     the public or the reporter, please let me know.
           I don't think you answered "yes" to anything, but
 3
     having more time to think about it, is there anything
 4
 5
     you feel you should have answered "yes" to?
                THE JUROR:
 6
                            Nope.
 7
                THE COURT: And what do you do at Best Buy?
8
                THE JUROR: I work in electronics, video
     games, computers, pretty much everything in there.
 9
10
                THE COURT: All right. Does your work at all
11
     involve anything relating to theft of internet services,
12
     or alleged theft of internet services?
13
                THE JUROR: No, we sell routers and things
14
     like that, but any time people think about it, we just
15
     kind of shoe-it-off.
16
                THE COURT: What do you mean by any time they
17
     think about it?
18
                THE JUROR: You know, sometimes they'll
19
     insinuate like how much range there is with a -- how
20
     much a router can reach and, you know -- let's say
     something like cable, we talk about that, or things of
21
22
     that nature, where you provide them like -- Comcast or
23
     something like that.
24
                THE COURT: All right. You're eligible to be
25
     a juror. Why don't you go take your seat. You're the
```

```
27th and I'm hoping to get 32 very soon and then we'll
 1
     see if you're actually going to be a juror. Okay?
 2
 3
                THE JUROR: Thank you, very much.
 4
                (Juror leaves.)
 5
                THE COURT: The next person also didn't answer
     "yes" to anything.
 6
 7
                (Next juror.)
 8
                THE COURT: Hello. Would you say your name
     for the stenographer, please.
 9
10
                THE JUROR: James Walsh.
11
                THE COURT: Mr. Walsh, we have the parties, we
12
     have my staff, we have two members of the public, at
13
     least one of whom is a reporter, and if there's anything
     you would like to discuss without the reporter or the
14
15
     public, let me know and I will probably excuse them.
16
           I don't think you answered "yes" to anything.
17
     Having more time to think about it, is there anything
18
     you think you should have answered "yes" to?
19
                THE JUROR: Yes, I do now, about the time
20
     off. You said this could be a 7-day-plus case?
21
                THE COURT: Yeah.
22
                THE JUROR: I just assumed that my work would
23
     cover that, and I made a phone call, and it's only for
24
     two days. My wife is out of work. I'm the only one
25
     pulling a paycheck right now. I can't afford any time
```

```
off of work right now. Plus I'm the only warehouse guy
 1
     at my job. But for you to -- I can't afford to take one
 2
 3
     day off without pay. It will just put us in a big, big
 4
     hole. Deeper in a hole. We're already in arrears. I
 5
     would have said "yes" to this in the beginning, but --
                THE COURT: And you know we do pay something
 6
 7
     for jury service?
8
                THE JUROR: Yeah, but it won't cut it.
                THE COURT: You're excused.
 9
10
                THE JUROR: Okay. All set? Thank you very
11
            I'm sorry about that.
12
                THE COURT: Okay.
13
                (Juror leaves.)
14
                (Next juror.)
15
                THE COURT: The next person is 6, 7 and 12.
           Hello.
16
17
                THE JUROR: Hi.
18
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
19
     record.
20
                THE JUROR: Joseph Witt.
21
                THE COURT: All right. Mr. Witt, we have the
22
     parties, we have my staff, and we have two members of
23
     the public, at least one of whom is a reporter, and if
24
     there's anything you would like to discuss without the
25
     reporter or the member of the public, then I'll ask them
```

```
1
     to step out. Okay?
 2
                THE JUROR: Okay.
 3
                THE COURT: I think one question you answered
     "yes" to is whether you or anybody close to you had ever
 4
 5
     been involved in a criminal case. Why did you answer
     "yes" to that?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: My brother. He's been in and out
8
     of jail four times. He was a witness in a murder case
 9
     here in Boston, it was in the newspaper a little bit,
10
     last year anyway.
11
                THE COURT: And, um, has your brother ever
12
     been prosecuted in federal court as opposed to state
13
     court?
14
                THE JUROR: Well, he was a witness in federal
     court for a murder trial, so I don't know. I'd have to
15
     say "no" to that.
16
17
                THE COURT: Well, if he was in federal court,
18
     the answer is "yes."
19
                THE JUROR:
                            Right, but he wasn't on trial.
20
                THE COURT:
                            Oh, he wasn't prosecuted?
21
                THE JUROR:
                            Right, he was a witness.
22
                            Oh, okay. Do you know who the
                THE COURT:
23
     defendant in that case was?
24
                THE JUROR: Last name began with a "C", a
     murder trial. White. He was in jail at the time. And
25
```

```
1
 2
                THE COURT: And somebody got killed?
 3
                THE JUROR: My brother was being like a little
     sneak or a little rat, ratting out the inmate to get
 4
 5
     better time off or whatever.
 6
                THE COURT: Okay. And you said you had some
 7
     concerns about witnesses who made deals with the
8
     government and whether they would --
 9
                THE JUROR: Yeah, because I think what he did
10
     was wrong.
11
                THE COURT: What he?
12
                THE JUROR: I think what he did was wrong.
13
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to -- would
14
     you be able to sort of put that aside completely in this
15
     case?
16
                THE JUROR: Um, I don't know. Because my
17
     brother's a shit bag, you know.
18
                (Laughter.)
19
                THE JUROR: You know, I'm sorry. I just call
20
     it like it is.
21
                THE COURT: Okay. All right. You're excused.
22
                (Juror leaves.)
23
                MR. McGINTY: Well, I object. The issue is
24
     whether he could follow the instructions. Certainly
25
     he's got intimate knowledge of his brother's character
```

and apparently he told us too much, but --1 2 (Laughter.) 3 THE COURT: No, I could have spun that out. 4 But seeing his demeanor and his language and also -- and 5 hold on just a second. 6 And also the fact that his brother was a witness 7 for the U.S. Attorney's Office, apparently, um, I just don't have any confidence that he would be able to put 8 it aside. He just made that quickly clear to me without 9 10 having to ask a lot of questions, that he wouldn't 11 follow the instructions, and that he's going to be 12 impacted by the view of his brother. So your objection is noted, but it's overruled. 13 14 Go ahead. 15 (Next juror.) 16 THE COURT: The next person, I think, did not 17 answer "yes" to anything. 18 Now is your turn. Please say your name for the 19 record. 20 THE JUROR: Emily Sterling-Graves. THE COURT: And, Ms. Sterling-Graves, we have 21 the parties, my staff, two members of the public, at 22 23 least one of them is a reporter, and if there's anything 24 you prefer to discuss without the reporter or the 25 public, let me know.

```
I don't think you answered "yes" to anything.
 1
     more reflection, is there anything you think you should
 2
     have answered "yes" to?
 3
 4
                THE JUROR: No.
 5
                THE COURT: This says you're not working now.
     Did you work at one time?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
8
                THE COURT: In what capacity?
                THE JUROR: A social worker.
 9
10
                THE COURT: Okay. It says your husband is a
11
     lawyer?
12
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
13
                THE COURT: What kind of lawyer?
14
                THE JUROR: Immigration law.
                THE COURT: Okay.
15
16
           Well, you're eligible to a juror, you're the 28th,
17
     I'm hoping to get 32 before we see which 14 actually
18
     serve. If you wait a little longer, we'll get there.
19
                (Juror leaves.)
20
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
     7, law enforcement, and 9, employment with a cable
21
22
     company.
23
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, the next one says
24
     "works for Pre Cause." If you would just inquire what
25
     that is?
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```
(Next juror.)
 1
                THE COURT: Hello.
 2
 3
                THE JUROR: Hi.
                THE COURT: Please say your name for the
 4
 5
     record.
 6
                THE JUROR: Justin Ouinlan.
 7
                THE COURT: Mr. Quinlan, we have the parties,
 8
     we have my staff, we have two members of the public, at
 9
     least one of them is a reporter, and if there's anything
10
     you would prefer to discuss without the public or the
11
     reporter, let me know and I expect I'll ask them to
12
     leave.
13
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
14
                THE COURT: I think you answered "yes" to the
15
     question whether you or somebody close to you has been
16
     employed by a cable company or an internet service
17
     provider?
18
                THE JUROR:
                            Yes.
19
                THE COURT:
                            Who is that?
20
                THE JUROR:
                            My fiance.
                THE COURT: What does she do?
21
22
                THE JUROR: She was a sales rep for Comcast
23
     for four years and now she's working for a marketing
24
     company and probably 80 percent of the business is with
25
     Comcast and RCN. And she's also on a nonprofit for
```

women in the cable and telecommunications industry.

THE COURT: All right. And have you ever talked to her about people getting internet service without paying for it?

THE JUROR: Yeah, it comes up kind of when some of the pricing discussions do. We just kind of talk about it at home.

THE COURT: And what kinds of things does she say?

THE JUROR: Um, more how it just drives up the price.

THE COURT: And if you are a juror in this case you wouldn't be asked, "What do you think about people getting internet service without paying for it?" you would be asked, "Does the evidence prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the charges in this case" -- essentially whether "Does it prove beyond a reasonable doubt that Mr. Harris engaged in a scheme to sell devices intended to be used to get internet services without paying and did other things to promote that?"

Do you think you could put aside your fiance's experience and those discussions and decide this case based on the law as I described it and the evidence exclusively or do you think you would or might well be impacted by your fiance's experience and views?

```
THE JUROR: I think I could be impacted.
 1
 2
     would like to have a clear mind, but just to be honest
 3
     with you --
 4
                THE COURT: Well, there's no right or wrong
 5
     answers, just honest ones. Thank you. You're excused.
 6
                THE JUROR: Thank you.
 7
                (Juror leaves.)
8
                THE COURT: The next person, I think, did not
     answer "yes" to anything.
 9
10
                (Next juror.)
11
                THE COURT: Hello. Would you please say your
12
     name for the record.
                THE JUROR: John Medeiros.
13
14
                THE COURT: Mr. Medeiros, I don't think you
15
     answered "yes" to anything. Having more time to think
16
     about it, is there anything you feel you should have
17
     answered "yes" to?
18
                THE JUROR: No, I felt comfortable with that.
19
                THE COURT:
                            Okay.
20
                THE JUROR: You know, I didn't have to answer
21
     anything.
22
                THE COURT: Okay. And where do you work?
23
                THE JUROR: New Bedford, it's called HCC
24
     Amertag -- HCC Amertag, that's the name of the company.
25
                THE COURT: What do you do there?
```

```
THE JUROR: A machinist.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Okay. You're eligible to be a
 3
     juror, you're the 29th, and hopefully when I get 32,
     we'll see if you're going to be one. Okay?
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: Okay.
                (Juror leaves.)
 6
 7
                THE COURT: The next person answered "yes" to
8
     6, to involvement with a criminal matter.
 9
                (Next juror.)
                THE COURT: Hello.
10
11
                THE JUROR: Good afternoon.
12
                THE COURT: Good afternoon. We have the
13
     parties, we have my staff, we have two members of the
     public, at least one of them is a reporter, and if
14
15
     there's anything we're going to discuss that you would
16
     feel more comfortable discussing without the reporter or
17
     the public, I'll ask them to step out.
18
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
19
                THE COURT: I think you answered "yes" whether
20
     you or anybody close to you had ever been involved with
     a criminal matter. Why is that?
21
                THE JUROR: I would like to have that off the
22
23
     record, please.
24
                THE COURT: Okay. Please step out.
25
                (Public steps out.)
```

```
THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.
 1
                THE JUROR: I was convicted of indecent
 2
 3
     assault and battery back in 1999, I believe.
 4
                THE COURT: All right. And what happened as a
 5
     result of that?
 6
                THE JUROR: I received probation and
 7
     counseling.
8
                THE COURT: And that was about '99?
                THE JUROR: Yeah, around 1999.
 9
10
                THE COURT: And where were you prosecuted?
11
                THE JUROR: In Salem District Court.
12
                THE COURT: Okay. And you said you got
13
     probation and counseling?
14
                THE JUROR: Yes.
15
                THE COURT: And have you had any problems ever
16
     since?
17
                THE JUROR: No, I've been clean. Perfect.
18
                THE COURT: And indecent assault and battery
19
     on whom?
20
                THE JUROR: On a child under 14. It was
     inappropriate -- an inappropriate touching.
21
22
                THE COURT: All right. And how do you feel
23
     about, you know, the law enforcement process in your
24
     case?
25
                THE JUROR: I thought I was treated very
```

```
1
     fairly.
 2
                THE COURT: Okay. And that, you know,
 3
     experience has nothing to do with the facts of this
 4
     case. Do you think you could not forget about it, but
 5
     put it aside, presume the defendant is innocent, um,
 6
     listen to the evidence, find he's quilty if it proves
 7
     he's quilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and find he's not
8
     quilty if it doesn't prove that?
 9
                THE JUROR: Absolutely. I felt the criminal
10
     system, in my case, worked as it should.
11
                THE COURT: Why don't you just step out for a
12
     minute.
13
                (Steps outside.)
                THE COURT: Is there any objection to
14
15
     Mr. Plourde?
16
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, is he eligible?
17
     I believe with felony convictions, at least, it makes
18
     you ineligible for jury service rights.
                THE COURT: Well, it's a complicated issue.
19
20
     You can have your rights restored. That's actually a
     complicated issue.
21
22
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Well, I suggest maybe you
23
     should inquire about that, because if he's not eligible
24
25
                THE COURT: Well, what question do you propose
```

```
I ask, because I actually haven't looked into this
 1
 2
     recently.
 3
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Whether that's a physical --
     whether there's any conviction would be a start, and if
 4
 5
     it's a misdemeanor, I don't think that that makes you
     ineligible. But I think that's --
 6
 7
                THE COURT: All right. And let's say there's
8
     a satisfactory answer on that, um, then is there an
     objection?
 9
10
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Um, then I don't think so,
11
     your Honor.
12
                THE COURT: All right.
13
                MR. McGINTY: My understanding is that the
     maximum is 2 1/2 house for indecent A & B. I don't know
14
15
     that there's a state prison alternative, but that would
16
     only be if it was prosecuted in the Superior Court.
17
     in the Superior Court his maximum would be 2 1/2, so it
18
     would have been a state court misdemeanor.
19
                THE COURT: Well, let's bring him in.
20
                (Juror returns.)
21
                THE COURT: All right. Mr. Plourde, let me
     ask you this. In what court were you prosecuted in?
22
                THE JUROR: Salem District Court.
23
24
                THE COURT: In the District Court. And do you
25
     know whether your -- whether your case resulted in a
```

```
conviction or were you given a --
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: It was a plea.
 3
                THE COURT: A plea. Did you plead guilty or
     was it a plea --
 4
 5
                THE JUROR: It was a plea agreement. I'm not
     clear as to whether I was -- they set it out --
 6
 7
                THE COURT: Do you know whether you were just
8
     admitting to sufficient facts?
                THE JUROR: I think I admitted to sufficient
 9
     facts in the case and that's what the agreement was.
10
11
                THE COURT: All right.
12
           Has anybody ever told you that you have a felony
     conviction?
13
14
                THE JUROR: I believe so, but I don't know for
15
     sure.
16
                THE COURT: Has anybody ever told you whether
17
     or not -- well, has your right to vote been affected by
18
     this conviction?
19
                THE JUROR: No. No, I can vote.
20
                THE COURT: Has anybody ever told you whether
21
     your right to serve on a jury has been affected by this
     conviction?
22
23
                THE JUROR: No, they have not.
24
                THE COURT: All right.
25
           I think you're eligible to be a juror in the case
```

```
and we'll put you down, you're the 30th, I'm hoping to
 1
     get two more shortly, and then we'll see if you're
 2
 3
     actually one. Okay?
 4
                THE JUROR: Thank you, very much.
 5
                (Juror leaves.)
                THE COURT: And, Dan, before you bring in the
 6
 7
     next person, I want to talk to the lawyers, and before
8
     you bring back the others.
 9
                (Clerk leaves and then returns.)
10
                THE COURT: Based on what I know, it doesn't
11
     sound to me as if he's disqualified. If the government
12
     wants, I'll actually let you run his record, so long as
13
     you give it to the defendant and to me, with your
14
     position. He's, at the moment, a potential alternate
15
     and I don't know whether he'll get on or not. If it
     turns out he's disqualified, then I'll eliminate him,
16
17
     you know, if he survives your peremptory challenges.
18
     Okay?
19
                (Silence.)
20
                THE COURT: Is that okay, Mr. McGinty?
21
                MR. McGINTY: Yes, it is, your Honor.
22
                THE COURT: All right.
23
           The next is 4, 6 and 7.
24
                THE CLERK: And 10.
25
                THE COURT: I have 10 for the next person.
```

```
(Next juror.)
 1
 2
                (Public reenters, also.)
 3
                THE COURT: All right. Hello.
                THE JUROR:
                            Hi.
 4
 5
                THE COURT: Would you please tell me your name
     for the record.
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: Andrew Hyman.
 8
                THE COURT: And, Mr. Hyman, we have the
     parties, my staff, two members of the public, at least
 9
10
     one of whom is a reporter, and if there's anything we're
11
     going to discuss that you would prefer to discuss
12
     without the reporter or the public, then I'll ask them
13
     to go out. Okay?
14
                THE JUROR: Yes.
15
                THE COURT: All right. The first question you
     answered "yes" to is whether the schedule would impose a
16
17
     special hardship on you. Why is that?
18
                THE JUROR: Well, I work for myself, so I need
19
     to make income to pay the bills, and there's nobody
20
     else. If I don't do it -- well, it's the end of the
21
     month and the photography business hasn't been great and
22
     I need to do whatever I can do. I really can't afford
23
     to take the time off.
24
                THE COURT: Well, we're going to be sitting
25
     from 9:00 till 1:00, which is part intended to let
```

```
people work in the afternoons. Would that be a problem
 1
 2
     for you?
 3
                THE JUROR: Just with appointments that I have
     set up and everything.
 4
 5
                THE COURT: Did you set those appointments up
     before or after you knew you had jury service?
 6
 7
                THE JUROR: Well, before.
 8
                THE COURT: All right. You're excused.
                                                          Go
     ahead.
 9
10
                (Juror leaves.)
11
                THE COURT: What do you have for 67?
12
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, I would also note
13
     for the record that Mr. Hyman is the one who asked me
14
     whether I lived in Newton.
15
                THE COURT: Okay. All right. Go ahead.
16
                (Next juror.)
17
                THE COURT: Hello.
18
                THE JUROR: Hi.
19
                THE COURT: Would you sit down, please.
           Would you please say your name for the record.
20
                THE JUROR: Charles Upton, U-P-T-O-N.
21
22
                THE COURT: Mr. Upton, we have the parties, we
23
     have my staff, we have two members of the public, one of
24
     them is a reporter, at least, and if you would prefer
25
     that the reporter and the member of the public leave
```

```
while we talk, then I'll ask them to go.
 1
 2
                THE JUROR: No, that's all right.
 3
                THE COURT: Okay.
           Now, one of the questions that you answered "yes"
 4
 5
     was Number 14 as to whether you had some difficulty
     hearing or understanding English or something like
 6
 7
     that.
8
                THE JUROR: There is. I have some medical
              I, for some time, have been on disability, and
 9
10
             But my hearing has deteriorated more. In fact,
11
     January 10th I went to Belltone for another hearing exam
12
     and after two hours there my hearing is moderate to
13
     severe bilaterally.
14
                THE COURT: And do you have a hearing aid or
15
     anything?
16
                THE JUROR: No, because -- just cost-wise and,
17
     you know, they keep coming up with new things and you
18
     just don't want to wear them. But they're on sale now.
19
     If I bought it, I would have gotten a report.
20
                THE COURT: I see. We have devices that will
     enhance your hearing, although then you also have to
21
22
     participate in the jury deliberations.
23
           I'm going to excuse you. I can see you're having
24
     trouble hearing me.
25
                THE JUROR: Oh, I try to read lips.
```

```
THE COURT: I know.
 1
 2
           Would you like to be excused?
 3
                THE JUROR: Yes.
                THE COURT: Then you can.
 4
                THE JUROR: Okay. Thank you.
 5
                (Juror leaves.)
 6
 7
                THE COURT: The last person, I think, did not
8
     answer "yes" to anything.
 9
                (Next juror.)
10
                THE COURT: Hello. You can sit down.
                                                        Wе
11
     saved the best for last.
12
           Could you say your name for the record.
13
                THE JUROR: Gary Delva.
14
                THE COURT: Mr. Delva, we have the parties, we
15
     have my staff, we have two members of the public,
16
     including at least one reporter. If you would rather
17
     talk without the public or the reporter, let me know and
18
     I'll ask them to step out.
19
           I don't think you answered "yes" to anything.
20
     Having more time to think about it, is there anything
     you think you should have answered "yes" to?
21
22
                THE JUROR: Um, it could be the last
23
     question.
                I didn't hear you. So what's --
24
                THE COURT: Yeah, I asked whether you have
25
     some trouble hearing or speaking English or any other
```

```
reason you couldn't be a good juror.
 1
 2
           Do you have trouble hearing?
 3
                THE JUROR:
                            No.
                THE COURT: Okay. And do you work for
 4
 5
     yourself?
                THE JUROR:
                            I'm not working.
 6
 7
                THE COURT: Okay. What did you do when you
8
     worked?
                THE JUROR: I used to drive cabs and I worked
 9
     doing dry cleaning.
10
11
                THE COURT: Dry cleaning. All right.
12
           Have you been able to understand me okay?
13
                THE JUROR: Yes.
14
                THE COURT: Okay. Well, you're eligible to be
     a juror, and if you go out, pretty soon we're going to
15
     find out if you're actually going to be one. Okay?
16
17
                THE JUROR:
                            Okay.
18
                THE COURT: All right. You can go.
19
                (Juror leaves.)
20
                THE COURT: All right. I am one short of what
21
     I was aiming for, but rather than -- I have 21 more
22
     downstairs, but rather than ask them all the 15
23
     questions, I think what I'm going to do is the
24
     following.
25
           I'll have you exercise your challenges with regard
```

to this group. Ordinarily if -- and the defendant will get 6 -- I'm sorry, the defendant will get 10, the government will get 6, and we'll have four rounds at sidebar where the defendant goes first and then the government will go first on the last two alternates, and I'll explain this at sidebar.

Ordinarily if you didn't exercise all 16

challenges to the first 28, I would just eliminate the lowest numbers. And you can exercise them in any order. You can exercise your first challenge to Number 28 and your last challenge to Number 1. But if you decided not to use all your challenges on the first 28, then why don't we just leave the rest. I suggest we leave the rest as potential alternates. Maybe we can do that. Otherwise you'll each get one challenge to 29, 30, 31, and I might go with just one alternate. All right? It's 3:30 and we have some other things to do. It's taking me a little longer than expected.

So why don't we --

MR. McGINTY: I'm sorry. So you said four rounds. And how would that work?

THE COURT: I'm going to give you a chance to go out there and look at them and then I'm going to see you at sidebar, and I'm going to say "The defendant should exercise two challenges, the government one," and

```
I'm going to do that four times, and at that point
 1
     you're going to have to same number of challenges left,
 2
 3
     you should have two challenges left, and then I'll have
 4
     the government go first on the last two rounds. And if
 5
     you exercise all your challenges, that will be 16, 12 of
     the first 28 -- those challenges would be directed to
 6
 7
     the first 28, and then I'll give you one challenge each
8
     to the last three. Okay? All right?
           And if you don't exercise all 16 to the first 28,
 9
10
     do you want to leave the extras in as potential
11
     alternates?
12
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor.
13
                MR. McGINTY: Yes.
14
                THE COURT: Okay. We'll see where we are.
15
           All right. I'll give you a few minutes.
16
                MR. McGINTY: Can we just -- can three of us
17
     go into the room outside the courtroom, be there for a
18
     few minutes, so we can talk about it?
19
                THE COURT: Yes.
20
                MR. McGINTY: Thank you.
21
                THE COURT: All right. I'm going to give you
     5 to 8 minutes, but not too much.
22
23
                MR. McGINTY:
                             Okay.
24
                THE COURT: And, Dan, tell Jim I'd like him to
     hold the jurors, but I probably won't need them, but
25
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they can go in about 20 minutes.
 1
 2
                (Short recess, 3:20 p.m.)
 3
                (Resumed, 3:40 p.m., in courtroom.)
 4
                THE COURT: May I see counsel at sidebar.
 5
 6
                AT THE SIDEBAR
                THE COURT: All right. The defendant should
 7
8
     exercise two challenges.
                MR. McGINTY: 33 and 38.
 9
10
                THE COURT: 33, is Robinson, and 38 is
11
     Zahner.
12
           Now the government should exercise one challenge.
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Number 1.
13
                THE COURT: Number 1, Laventure.
14
15
           All right. Two more for the defendant.
16
                MR. McGINTY: 39.
17
                THE COURT: All right. 39 is Riopelle.
18
                MR. McGINTY: And 36.
                THE COURT: 36 is Heinze.
19
20
           And the government should exercise another one.
21
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Juror 8.
22
                THE COURT: Popson.
23
           Okay. Two more for the defendant.
24
                MR. McGINTY: 22.
25
                THE COURT: Fitzgerald.
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MR. McGINTY: And 13.
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Bissinger.
 3
           One more for the government.
 4
                MR. BOOKBINDER: 15.
 5
                THE COURT: Kiernan.
           All right. Let's see. And two more for the
 6
 7
     defendant.
8
                MR. McGINTY: 12.
 9
                THE COURT: Daly.
10
                MR. McGINTY: 11.
11
                THE COURT: Foresi.
12
           Okay. Now the government should exercise two, one
     on this round and one on the next round.
13
14
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Okay. 43.
15
                THE COURT: Demello.
16
                MR. McGINTY: I'm sorry. Which number is
17
     that?
18
                THE COURT: 43.
19
                MR. BOOKBINDER: And 53.
20
                THE COURT: Umina.
           All right. The defendant should exercise one.
21
                MR. McGINTY: 5.
22
                THE COURT: 5, Sebeika.
23
24
           And the government one.
25
                MR. BOOKBINDER: And we'll have one more
```

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remaining?
 1
 2
                THE COURT: Yeah.
 3
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Okay.
                THE COURT: Excuse me?
 4
 5
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes. 59.
                THE COURT: Dimanche.
 6
 7
           Does the defendant want to exercise one more?
8
                MR. McGINTY: 2.
                THE COURT: Gendall.
 9
10
           All right. So the remaining -- this should come
11
     out to 20.
12
           Well, here, are you able to tell us?
13
                THE CLERK: Yes, Judge. Number 9. Number
     10. Number 16 --
14
15
                THE COURT: Lele.
16
                THE CLERK: Number 17. 19. 26, Seville. 27,
17
     Ciampa.
             30, Clawson. 42, Bradley.
                THE COURT: Just a minute. Yes.
18
19
                THE CLERK: 44, Woleyko. 51, Demers. And the
20
     last one is 62, Sterling-Graves.
21
                THE COURT: Yes.
22
                (Counts.)
23
                THE COURT: That's 12.
24
           All right. You each get one challenge, if you
25
     want to use it for the last -- so we can end up with one
```

```
alternate, if you use them.
 1
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Um, yes. 65.
 2
 3
                THE COURT: Okay. Plourde.
           Does the defendant want to challenge one?
 4
                MR. McGINTY: The last three are --
 5
                THE COURT: Two left, Medeiros and Delva, if
 6
 7
     you don't use your challenge.
                MR. McGINTY: Number 61. Strike that.
8
                THE COURT: All right. So Madeiros is the one
 9
10
     alternate.
11
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes. Could we -- like an
     alternate jurors if --
12
13
                THE COURT: I can if I believe -- if you check
14
     the rule, I have discretion to do that, although I'm not
15
     required to do it. I can also start the deliberations
16
     over.
17
                (Pause.)
                THE COURT: All right. I don't think, it
18
19
     being 20 to 4:00, that I'm going to question all twenty
20
     downstairs, so -- well, all right.
           Why don't you read, Mr. Hohler, the name and
21
22
     numbers of the people who are going to be excused.
23
                THE CLERK: Okay, Judge. One minute, please.
24
                THE COURT: All right.
25
                (Pause.)
```

```
THE COURT: Okay. The people who are going to
 1
 2
     be excused are --
 3
                THE CLERK: Number 1. Number 2. Number 5.
 4
     Number 8. Number 11. Number 13. Number 15. Number
 5
     22, Fitzgerald. Number 33, Robinson. Number 36,
 6
     Heinze. Number 38, Zahner. Number 39, Riopelle.
 7
     Number 43. Number 53. Number 59, Dimanche. Number 65,
8
     Plourde. And Number 60.
 9
                THE COURT: That's correct.
10
           Do you agree?
11
               MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes.
12
                THE COURT: Mr. McGinty, do you agree?
13
               MR. McGINTY: Yes.
                THE COURT: All right. So ask the people who
14
15
     are going to be excused to stand.
16
                THE CLERK: Okay.
17
18
                (In open court.)
19
                THE CLERK: Ladies and gentlemen, when your
20
     number is called, please stand.
21
                THE COURT: Why don't you read the names as
     well as the number.
22
23
                THE CLERK: Number 1, Susan Laventure. Number
24
     2, April Gendall. Number 5, Joanne Sebeika. Number 8,
25
     Thomas Popson. Number 11, Joseph Foresi. Number 12,
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Charles Daly. Number 13, Therese Bissinger. Number 15,
 1
     Eileen Kiernan. Number 22, Thomas Fitzgerald. Number
 2
 3
     33, Marybeth Robinson. Number 36, Kathryn Heinze.
 4
     Number 38, Robin Zahner. Number 39, Cheryl Riopelle.
 5
     Number 43, Kevin Demello. Number 53, Catherine Umina.
     Number 59, Dominic Dimanche. Number 65, Robert
 6
 7
     Plourde. And Number 68, Gary Delva.
8
                (People stand.)
                THE COURT: All right. Do the parties agree
 9
10
     that those standing are the potential jurors who should
11
     be excused?
12
                MR. McGINTY: Yes.
13
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor.
                THE COURT: Okay.
14
           Ladies and gentlemen, those of you who are
15
     standing have rendered a great service to the
16
17
     administration of justice, but you will not be serving
18
     as jurors in this case. You may go downstairs with
19
     Mr. MacAlear.
20
           Mr. MacAlear, I won't need any additional jurors,
21
     but thank the people who are waiting.
22
                MR. MacALEAR: Absolutely, your Honor.
23
                (People leave courtroom.)
24
                THE COURT: Counsel may be seated.
25
                (Pause.)
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THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, those of you
 1
 2
     who are remaining will serve as the jurors in this case
 3
     and Mr. Hohler will get you in your seats.
 4
                THE CLERK: Number 9, Julianna Morrall.
 5
                (Takes seat in box.)
                THE CLERK: Number 10, Mitchell Antonette.
 6
 7
     Number 16, Malcolm Lele. Number 17, Cathleen Sheehan.
8
                (Take seat in box.)
                THE CLERK: Number 19, Scott Travis. Number
 9
10
     26, Kathleen Seville. Number 27, Christopher Ciampa.
11
     Number 30, Moira Clawson.
12
                (Take seat in box.)
13
                THE COURT: Actually, Dan, why don't we put
14
     her in the back row.
15
                THE CLERK: That's right, the second seat in
     the back row.
16
17
                (Moves to the back row.)
18
                THE CLERK: 42, Maureen Bradley.
19
                (Takes seat in box.)
20
                THE CLERK: 44, Pamela Woleyko.
21
                (Takes seat in box.)
22
                THE CLERK: Number 51, Edward Demers.
23
                (Takes seat in box.)
                THE CLERK: Number 62, Emily Sterling-Graves.
24
25
                (Takes seat in box.)
```

THE CLERK: And Number 64, John Medeiros.

(Takes seat in box.)

THE COURT: All right. Ladies and gentlemen, you have survived this painstaking and necessarily painstaking and important process. You will serve as the jury in the case.

I would like to ask Mr. Hohler, the Deputy Clerk, to administer to you your oath as jurors.

(THE JURY, sworn.)

THE COURT: you may be seated.

Ladies and gentlemen, in a few moments you're going to be excused for today. You should come back at 9:00 tomorrow morning. It's hard to predict probably how long it will take you to get here by 9:00 tomorrow morning, so try to leave ample time, and next week leave more time. The traffic about quarter to 7:00 this morning was very light because it was school vacation week, but it will probably be heavier next week. So come at 9:00. I may have a few things to go over with the lawyers before we start, but we'll keep working this afternoon. Then when you come in, I'm going to give you instructions relating to your duty as jurors and about the architecture of the trial and other matters. But for now, before I excuse you, I just want to tell you the following.

You heard me say in the process of selecting you that you have to decide the case based on the evidence and that means a couple of things. You can leave and tell your family, your employers, your friends, that you've become a juror in a case that's expected to take about seven to ten days, that the case involves an alleged scheme to steal internet services, but don't discuss even the little you know now about the case with anybody else. If you discuss it with anybody who's not on the jury, there's a risk that you'll be influenced by something other than the evidence.

In addition, when you come back don't discuss among yourselves the little that you know about the case. When I give you your instructions I'll tell you that you have to keep an open mind until the end of the case and that the evidence will come in like bits and pieces of a jigsaw puzzle and if you begin to discuss the evidence before it's time to deliberate and decide, there's a risk that you'll make up your mind based on incomplete evidence.

Don't do any research related to the case. You have to decide the case based on the evidence.

Everything -- the evidence will be presented from the witness stand in the form of exhibits. Don't do any research on the internet, for example, or in any other

way. That would be improper.

And don't read or listen or watch anything in the media about the case, and there may be media reports about the case. If you hear it on the radio, turn it off. If you glimpse it in the newspaper, skip it. Everything you need to know and everything you're entitled to consider will be presented here in the courtroom.

I thank you for your perseverance and I hope patience in this process. I've been working with the lawyers before today to get things well organized and we're going to continue to work when you're not in the jury box so things will go as efficiently as possible and I hope as coherent as possible for you. I think you've embarked on -- I know you've embarked on something that's very important to the parties, to the administration of justice, and I hope and trust you're going to find it to be a fulfilling responsibility to discharge as a citizen.

So with that I will excuse you for today and get back to work with the lawyers. All rise for the jury.

We'll be in recess briefly for the jury. Well, actually we'll stay. The jury is excused.

(Jury leaves, 3:50 p.m.)

THE COURT: All right. Let's see what's

necessary to get us going for tomorrow morning. And some of this is a little later than I expected it to be.

But before the jurors came up, we were talking about the permissible -- I was planning on explaining the permissible parameters of the Phillips testimony.

(Pause.)

THE COURT: I think I was on Page 3 of the defendant's memo. I was explaining that Phillips could testify about the day-to-day operations of TCNISO during the period he was there and that's part of the period of the alleged conspiracy.

As I said earlier, he's not going to be allowed to give expert testimony -- the testimony there would only be admissible as expert testimony under Rule 703, but he wasn't designated as an expert, so he can testify regarding his own knowledge, his own intention, his own actions, he can testify to what Mr. Harris said, but if there's opinion evidence beyond that, I expect, on objection, I'll find that inadmissible.

Are there any particular questions about the testimony as opposed to the exhibits that you'd like to ask?

MR. McGINTY: Your Honor, I -- I'm concerned about the Court's ruling that the personal conduct of

Mr. Harris can be part of a scheme. I'm not sure the -his personal conduct isn't alleged as an integral part
of the scheme. The personal conduct is being made a
basis for an inference of his knowledge of the existence
of a conspiracy. It will provide an ultimate foundation
for a consciousness of guilt instruction as well as
support for the architecture of the conspiracy. Um, all
of those things are taking personal conduct, which ought
to be separate from conduct that's part of the scheme,
and making it the basis for a --

MR. McGINTY: Because it's not part of the scheme. This is the equivalent of **Veragopolis** where a person's separate conduct involving fire is not the same as the insurance scheme, that was entirely separate, and in **Veragopolis** the case got reversed. So here --

THE COURT: Why should it be separate?

THE COURT: I'll look again at **Veragopolis**, but the --

MR. McGINTY: And the danger here is that -THE COURT: In fact, let they have it.

MR. McGINTY: The danger here is that whether Mr. Harris uses this for connecting to an ISP for free service or for enhanced service, either way, that may show the capability of the firmware, but that's not in dispute. We're not saying that this can't be used in

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that fashion. What instead it's being used at is a way of prejudicing him without probative effect, because it doesn't go to an issue that matters, and it's not part of the scheme.

THE COURT: Why isn't it part of the scheme? MR. McGINTY: Because the scheme is for him to sell this to others and whether he uses it personally is quite immaterial. I mean, whether he does something in his personal life or not -- um, if he's a drug user -how many times have I tried to get you a case -- of drug use in a drug case where he was told it doesn't bear on his drug activity because his drug activity is the dealing, not whether he was using it or not. So whether he uses it or not, I don't see how that's probative in a way that balances out the 403 prejudice, um, in how it can be used in a fashion that's being proposed here. Certainly if you look at the scheme there's nothing saying that part of the ability to deliver on this was Harris in the middle of this using the modem for a purpose of doing something else.

So I'm at a loss to understand how --

THE COURT: I think I understand, but let's see what the government says.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Um, your Honor, first of all, the testimony about Mr. Harris's use is not as simple as

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THE COURT: Excuse me just one second.

(Pause.)

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. BOOKBINDER: First of all, this is not just a question of showing that these products are capable theoretically or practically of being used this way, it's a question of how people were actually using them, and the fact that Mr. Harris was actually using them to steal service and to steal faster service is relevant to his knowledge about what these -- about what others were actually using the products for. The fact that we've not specifically named him as one of the users, and there were thousands of users in this case, and that suggests that we would be able to call, um, potentially any of them as a witness to describe what people who bought his products were doing. The fact that he isn't named in the indictment like those other people would not preclude their testimony from being relevant. No one is suggesting it's dispositive of any issue, it's not, but it is relevant.

Furthermore, your Honor, in the case law describing buyer/seller conspiracies there are -- one of the factors that several of the cases talk about is whether the personal law-breaking by the seller, if the

seller is committing a crime charged, that that is at least a relevant factor that juries can consider in deciding whether he's participating in a scheme with buyers. So for all of those reasons --

(Pause.)

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, for all of those reasons, I would suggest that this testimony is integral to the scheme in the conspiracy charged.

THE COURT: Well, as I said, um, I'm not persuaded that it should be excluded. It appears to me, as I understand it, that this is conduct by Mr. Harris during the period of the alleged conspiracy. If this was an alleged conspiracy to possess cocaine with intent to distribute it and Mr. Harris was the defendant and other people distributed it and he did, too, his own distribution would come in. I do think it's relevant to knowledge, intent, membership in the conspiracy, um, I think potentially overt acts. I'll look at Veragopolis perhaps again. But when I looked at it, I regarded it as distinguishable. I thought it was a prior arson that was admitted.

MR. McGINTY: It was, but the question was was that it was too close and whether the -- whether the proximity of the prior conduct to the current conduct

creates undue prejudice? And here, the allegation that relates to the interaction between Phillips and Harris relates to what they were doing as rooming together in a place they were sharing together. So, you know, somehow that bears probative effect on the scheme that's charged of Harris selling to other persons.

I don't know of any case in the drug area where it talks about the use of a person of drugs being probative of the existence of a conspiracy. I know of situations where a person disavows the existence of drugs in their house, um, where their drug use becomes probative of that fact, but how it becomes probative of a conspiracy I'm at a loss to understand. And frankly, your Honor --

THE COURT: I guess I'm repeating myself. I understand that it's intrinsic and not extrinsic and I understand that it can demonstrate -- its probative of whether Mr. Harris devised the scheme, which is the charge in Paragraph 60. So that's the ruling I make, subject to my considering it further, if possible.

MR. McGINTY: And, your Honor, also with respect to Mr. Phillips, um, the Court said that it was possible to get into testimony of the interrelationship between Mr. Phillips and Mr. Harris prior to the inception of the conspiracy. Um, they've gone to school together, so it goes back some years. During that time,

um, they had discussed a number of things including some 1 conduct by a firm that was involved in, um, providing 2 3 internet service for LAN city modems. I presume that 4 that is not going to be the subject of testimony from 5 Mr. Phillips. 6 THE COURT: It hasn't -- I don't recall that 7 being mentioned in any of the motions in limine. Was 8 it? 9 MR. McGINTY: No, it was outside the scope of 10 the conspiracy. I didn't make a motion in limine about 11 the --12 THE COURT: I think it's very standard 13 evidence relating to the relationship of the 14 co-conspirators, even if it's not within the period of 15 the conspiracy, and it's ordinarily relevant. Now, 16 there may be another reason to exclude it, but it's --17 Does the government intend to introduce evidence 18 prior to 2003? 19 MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor, we will be 20 asking Mr. Phillips about how he met Mr. Harris, um, and how they first started talking about the subject of 21 cable modem hacking. And, um, I believe that is before 22 23 -- well, it's around 2001 and 2002. 24 THE COURT: Okay. Well, I appreciate your

alerting me to this. If there's an objection, I'll

25

listen to it, and of course I'll decide it. But, you know, generally speaking, background relationships in the period of the alleged conspiracy are relevant and depending on what the question is, what the answers may be, um, I'll decide how to rule on the objection.

With regard to the Phillips exhibits, um, there's no objection to 1 and 2. There is an objection to Pages 3 to 6 of Exhibit 3. And I did, based on what I could glean from looking at the pages, think that those pages were problematic. I need to know what is the relevance? It indicates that Mr. Harris was not the moderator of this.

Is this a 4?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, it's a list of topics within one forum, correct.

THE COURT: It's a list of topics. It's not the whole message, is it?

MR. BOOKBINDER: No, it's a topic list.

THE COURT: Yeah, there may be a question of completeness. I don't know. But he's not the moderator. I don't know how the government proposes to prove -- well, I don't know what the relevance of this is. I don't know how the government proposes to prove that Mr. Harris read the information. It's not clear to me, to the extent this is hearsay, what rule the

government is relying on, um, to get some particular document in. And I'm not quite sure about the 403 analysis.

So what is this and -- and you know what my general questions are.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, the first part of the response is, I actually don't intend to use this with Mr. Phillips. I thought initially I would. I also had it listed for Mr. Russell and I think the plan would be to use the exhibit later on. So the first thing is if the Court would rather save this for a later day, we can do that.

THE COURT: Well, why don't we talk about it since I --

MR. BOOKBINDER: Well, I'm happy to address it now as well.

So these are a list of topics within one of the general areas of the forums and it's true that

Mr. Harris is not listed as a moderator of this

particular portion of the forum page. But again, um, he is the one -- the website is registered to him, he owns it, he runs the company, and we will have testimony from Mr. Phillips or Ms. Lindquist, at least from the two of them, that they discussed with him things that were on the forums regularly.

THE COURT: In 2008? 1 MR. BOOKBINDER: No, let's think about that. 2 3 THE COURT: But this is a document in 2008. 4 MR. BOOKBINDER: Correct, your Honor. And 5 they will -- Ms. Lindquist was only involved -- I think 6 they're both involved until 2007, um, so they were not 7 involved at the time, but they were involved for years 8 with him. And there's a course of conduct that they're also going to testify --9 10 THE COURT: And they're going to testify that 11 he read every post? 12 MR. BOOKBINDER: No, they will not testify 13 that he read every post, they will testify that they discussed things that were on the forums with him. 14 15 These are not individual posts, it's worth noting, these 16 are again basic topic areas, and so you don't have to 17 dig down to the specific posts to see what they're 18 talking about. 19 THE COURT: I'm too old. That doesn't 20 communicate anything to me. 21 Is this the way it would have come up on the 22 screen? 23 MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes. Your Honor, so what 24 happens is the first two pages of that exhibit are the 25 very general topic areas, there are, I believe nine on

the first -- I think they may be all on the first page. So there are nine general topic headings there. Then if you click on the one that says, I think it's "docsis," I don't have it right in front of me, your Honor, but if you click on the one, the top area that says "docsis," what you get is what comes up in pages, I think it's 3 through 6 of that exhibit, which is a sort of a more narrow list of topic headings. It's kind of like you've got the big table of contents with just the chapter headings and then you've got a more detailed table of contents, but it's still the contents, not the text.

THE COURT: Now you're talking my language. Go ahead.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Thank you, your Honor.

Um, so it's a more detailed table of contents.

And then if you click on any one of those items that's there, you would go to the actual thread, which is a series of posts by people, and if it's one post, it could be a hundred posts on that topic area. So these are the threat headings.

So I would suggest that this is something that's prominently on his website and it is reasonable to infer -- although certainly Mr. McGinty could argue and question about whether in fact the defendant looked at them.

And the second thing is, I'd suggest, as far as the hearsay issue is, these are not -- they're not in general, they're just topics that often mention an area, a name of an ISP, they're not assertions, they're not statements, and they're not being offered to prove anything in particular.

THE COURT: Well, some of them are. If you look at Page 3-03. Do you have the exhibits?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, if I could just grab -- I gave Mr. McGinty an extra copy.

Do you have another copy? Okay. Yes, your Honor, I've got 3-03, your Honor.

THE COURT: Four up from the bottom. It says, "Anyone want to trade MACs" and maybe that's a question mark, but arguably that's not hearsay. It says, "I have the 5100 Optimum on line." Isn't that an assertion?

MR. BOOKBINDER: That portion of it is, yes. But, again, it's a question of whether -- I mean, we would not be offering this to prove that someone out there actually has the 5100 optimum on line, whatever that is, um, rather to show that there are these topic headings where people are posting, where people are asking about trading MACs and --

THE COURT: Yeah, and do you have other evidence that shows that Mr. Harris knows that people

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     are trading MACs?
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: Do we have other? Um, I
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     believe that we do. I --
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                THE COURT: I think you have some of it --
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: I think he himself made a
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     post.
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                THE COURT: Right. Right, he himself offers
     MACs, right?
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Even I saw that yesterday. So --
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     and what's the marginal probative value of this?
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: Well, while his own personal
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     conduct is certainly relevant, the fact that his forums
     are full of topics on the subject of trading MACs of
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     different ISPs is again relevant to whether -- um, this
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     is just a case where just Mr. Harris is out there using
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     the product this way or whether lots of people are at
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     least asking about using the product this way.
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                THE COURT: Aren't Phillips and Hanshaw going
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     to testify about trading MACs and that they discussed
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     trading MACs with Harris?
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Um, I believe -- well, yes,
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     Hanshaw will say that. Absolutely, yes, they will.
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                THE COURT: At the moment, I -- I mean, I do
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     think this could be admitted under 104(b), you know, if
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I find there's enough evidence that the jury could find that he read it. Maybe. But it's to show, as I understand it, his knowledge that MACs are being traded.

And, you know, I'll listen to the evidence about, you know, how likely it is that he read these, but even if he did, you know, there aren't -- you know, there are just a lot of pages. And some of them are statements like, "I have the 5100 optimum," and many of these don't seem to fall into -- um, but I'm not persuaded it's admissible. You know what my concerns are. I mean, I'm not persuaded I shouldn't exclude it under Rule 403 and I think I have to go almost line by line to see whether some of them are problematic, that they are offered for the truth.

So you don't want to offer this through Phillips, you want to offer it -- you can't offer it unless you come back to me and persuade me it's permissible and appropriate.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Okay, your Honor.

THE COURT: And then, as far as I could tell, exhibits on your list, um, 5 through 29, that you want to get in with Phillips, either have no objections or they're the chats that I've already ruled on, right?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Correct.

THE COURT: And you say you've made the necessary redactions?

MR. BOOKBINDER: We have, we've made the redactions, we've given Mr. McGinty copies, and they're electronically redacted as well, so.

THE COURT: Okay. So "electronically redacted" means what, like on your computer?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Right. What it means, your Honor, is that when we, um, show them to the jury and during the trial, and they may appear on the juror's disk, they will be redacted in the same way that they're on the page.

important point. I now have in my jury room, but I've never used it myself in one of my cases, you know, the capacity to give the jurors a disk with the exhibits and it will come up on the screen, and you saw the screen. But you're going to have to be careful to make sure that what's on the disk is what's been admitted into evidence.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Yes, your Honor, and I understand that we will -- I know my office is preparing this right now, which has the exhibits as they stand now, but they will certainly change. For example, it may be that, count by count, like half of Exhibit 3 may

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not come in and if that's the case, we'll need to revise
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     both the original paper document before it comes in and
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     also -- and I think this is the way the system is
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     supposed to work, that at the end of the trial we'll
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     talk and we'll make sure that what's on the disk is the
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     final version and not --
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                THE COURT: But the parties will have to
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     basically agree that what's going back there on the disk
     is everything that should go and nothing else. All
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     right? Maybe Mr. Harris can help you figure this out.
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                MR. McGINTY: Can I have a moment with
     Mr. Bookbinder?
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                THE COURT: Yes.
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                (Pause.)
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                THE COURT: All right. Here, where are we?
     actually have a question for you regarding Exhibits 18
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     to 20.
                MR. McGINTY: Could we, just for a moment,
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     your Honor, the chats that the government has given us a
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     copy of -- and let me just back up a second.
     parties have been trying to iron this out and on
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     Saturday or Sunday, I guess it was Saturday, um, the
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     Saturday past, um, we, on two of the chats, offered the
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     contacts, so it made the chat to be broader, um, but
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     unbeknownst to us that created some technical problems
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and frankly I guess some considerable technical problems in the U.S. Attorney's Office. Um, and I didn't intend Ms. Sedky and Mr. Bookbinder to be spending part of Saturday, um, trying to rectify that. But what it's created though is, um, the parts that we've added, to be looking different from the parts that were originally segregated by the government as to what that exhibit looked like.

The second part of this is that the government has throughout this highlighted what they say are Harris's statements. So they have taken the little snippets and they sort of have drawn out of that and highlighted the parts that are Mr. Harris's statement, basically, um, sort of a "look at me" characteristic of what they're offering as an exhibit. We have, in other cases, objected to this, um, using the highlighter to try to amplify this on an exhibit, we would submit, is improper.

THE COURT: So you're objecting?
MR. McGINTY: We are objecting.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, can I address that? Um, this is not an attempt at a "look at me" technique. As you've seen, there are many cases that there are long chats with, um, the indication of who the speaking party is, who the receiving party is and what

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the text is. To try to make it clear who is saying what, we have consistently throughout -- and we have not done this in the excerpts that we like or in the excerpts that we don't like, we've always put Mr. Harris's statements in just with the yellow highlighting, so that it's clear which one is him and which one is someone else. We've done it just to make it easier for the jury and for the witnesses to read and to understand who is saying what. But particularly because, um -- and Mr. McGinty objected to many of the other statements, but it's much clearer that in all these cases Harris's statements are clearly admissible. So we thought it was a safe way to try to distinguish, um, so that someone looking at a page could see -- could just pick out the fact that this is dialogue between two people and which parts go to which. THE COURT: Well, is that what the page would have looked like if you went on the website or is it enhanced by the government? MR. BOOKBINDER: Um, no, it's enhanced, it is enhanced to make it -- and in an effort to make it clearer to read, your Honor. MR. McGINTY: It's also ripping it from the context, that's the problem.

THE COURT: Well, I don't know about ripping

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it from the context. I don't know why this is coming up since we've been talking about these things for weeks.

But basically, you know, while you're in court you can highlight something, you can blow it up, but basically the pages probably should look the way they looked on the -- the pages that are entered as exhibits should look the way they look on the website.

MR. McGINTY: Your Honor, just so it's clear, we have exchanged parts of these or the government has provided parts of these and over time has sort of indicated which parts of the chats it wants to admit. On these we've had to sort of, handwritten and circled, as this has gotten more refined, circled the parts that the government wanted to put in. What we weren't getting is it highlighted to tell us that basically where this goes in as an exhibit, we intend to highlight what Harris says as distinct from whatever the contextual background is of this. And frankly in some of the chats the reason that the context is important, um, is whether something's fanciful enough or that something is intended to be serious or not. They could pull out that statement and just sort of throw it out, it catches the eye, and --

THE COURT: They're two different things. If there's information that should be in there as an

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interest of completeness, there's a rule of evidence
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     that requires that and I understand the government's
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     trying to accommodate those concerns. I thought you
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     were talking now about certain statements by Mr. Harris
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     being bolded on the exhibits that weren't bolded on the
     websites that they come from, correct?
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                MR. McGINTY: That's correct. And my point is
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                THE COURT: I know what your point is.
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     Essentially I'm inclined to agree with you.
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                MR. McGINTY: In that case I'll sit down.
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                THE COURT: Although I'm concerned that it
     wasn't raised earlier.
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                MR. McGINTY: But as I said, I didn't know to
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     raise it, because I --
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                THE COURT: I mean to me.
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                MR. McGINTY: I didn't know to raise it
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     because I didn't get it offered in this fashion. So I
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     didn't know this was going to be what it looked like.
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                THE COURT: I know. All right.
                MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, and again, this
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     is not an effort to highlight any particular statements
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                THE COURT: Putting aside what the purpose is,
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     the document -- you know, you're citing in part like
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pages, you know, 3 through 6, the posts, and some of these things are bolded, you know, like the headers, and I assume that that's the way they looked on the website, isn't it?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Correct. Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So, you know, it should look the way it looked on the website. Is that feasible at this point?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Well, I suppose, your Honor, um -- I don't know, because we spent an enormous amount of time trying to get this right, um, and we sort of burned them into the images so that they would look that way on the printed copies, so --

THE COURT: Well, I don't know that you have to get it -- I'm not going to delay the trial because of this because when you're showing them, as I said, you can put it on the document presenter, blow it up, highlight it, it can be shown that way, but we're going to have to figure out what goes back to the jury.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Right. And it may be that we can accomplish getting the printed originals, um, to have the highlighting removed essentially and to have an image created on the jury's disk that doesn't have that on them. I just don't know because, as I said, we've had to burn in these so that they could be page numbered

and without screwing everything up, so --1 2 THE COURT: I'm not saying that they can't see 3 it this way tomorrow, but we're going to have to figure 4 out what goes back to the jury. It raises two other 5 issues for me. One, should the jurors have paper copies of these, so they can write on them? Maybe not. 6 7 MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, I mean, we could 8 certainly, if the Court wanted, provide paper binders, but the problem is, as the Court knows, is that -- and 9 10 this is frankly the reason that we did the highlighting, 11 is that the text is so small, in some cases, that the 12 advantage of the electronic monitors is we can blow up 13 and we will blow up the portions that we're talking about. I don't know that paper copies will be 14 15 particularly helpful. 16 THE COURT: All right. And also paper copies 17 might have the bolding. 18 But I think I'm going to let the jurors take 19 notes. Does anybody have an objection to that? 20 MR. BOOKBINDER: We don't. 21 MR. McGINTY: No, I don't. 22 THE COURT: With the usual admonition. But 23 let me ask you the following thing. 24 I'm reminded that two of the exhibits you want to

use with Phillips are 18 and 20, but those are chats,

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but they aren't chats that were mentioned in the motion in limine, so I haven't focused on them.

Are there any problems with 18 and 20?

MR. BOOKBINDER: I believe, your Honor, and again I'll take a look, but I believe that in both cases the only things we're offering are Harris's statements themselves and therefore they don't implicate the co-conspirator or any of the other exceptions. The other thing, your Honor, again, um, is that these chats, with the exception of the Phillips's chats in Exhibit 5, um, we do intend to ask Mr. Phillips about them because he's the one who copied them.

THE COURT: What's that?

MR. BOOKBINDER: We intend to ask him just simply to identify the document and then say, "What is this?" "Oh, this is a chat log or a portion of a chat log I copied when I left the company," and that's it.

We don't actually intend to offer it with him. So these would be come in -- we'd be offering them with the FBI agent.

THE COURT: Well, how do you offer them with the FBI agent?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Because Mr. Phillips copied them and then he provided them to the agent who then excerpted them and that is how he got them. So it sort

of provides the, um, chain of custody. But again to the extent that they are admitted as either Harris's own statements or co-conspirator statements, in the context of MooreR, for example, we're just going to review them with the FBI agent rather than with Mr. Phillips, who doesn't have any other knowledge about them. Also, the FBI agent, as the Court knows, there are some technical terms in there and some sort of internet chat terms and the agent will be in a position, and has been designated as an expert witness, to explain some of that language to the jury.

THE COURT: I mean, what are the authentication problems?

MR. McGINTY: The authentication problems are that, um, Phillips had taken these documents, apparently taking a selective number of them, he had preserved these chats, presumably using some sort of search method, preserved the searchable chats, but did not preserve the others, and then he, um, two years ago or two and a half years later, um, provides them to the government. Um, and we are, um, without any letting on if he edited them or the authenticity of these documents, we --

THE COURT: So you'll question them.

MR. McGINTY: Yes, we'll question them.

1 THE COURT: Okay. So I'll be alert to the foundation issues. 2 3 (Pause.) 4 THE COURT: Well, as far as I know, that takes 5 care of the issues to the extent possible concerning 6 Phillips. 7 Then does the government still want to refer to 8 some of the posts in the opening? You can talk. 9 (Pause.) 10 MR. BOOKBINDER: Your Honor, the plan from the 11 government would be not to -- we don't intend to 12 highlight or display any of the posts of any individual, 13 but Ms. Sedky is intending or hoping to refer to the 14 fact that there were these forums on which people 15 offered and traded MAC addresses. And the basis for 16 that would be -- we had some discussion with the Court, 17 when we last discussed this, about at least whether 18 those particular posts would be seen as outside the 19 hearsay rule because they are offers of --20 THE COURT: Well, have I been shown all of 21 them or just samples of them? 22 MR. BOOKBINDER: Well, your Honor, you have 23 been -- so on the MAC trading area, you've been shown --24 there are samples in our motion itself, two samples, and

the rest of them are in the -- there are two entire

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THE COURT: Well, I haven't looked at the exhibits. I'm going to tell them that what the government says is not evidence and you're engaged in

threads, about five pages worth, that are in Exhibit --

risky business if you say "We're going to show you the following evidence" and then I find it's not admissible. 6

MR. BOOKBINDER: And, your Honor, it may be that this sort of issue really isn't such a problem because to the extent that Ms. Sedky doesn't say, "You're going to see these," but rather, "These forums are out there and people use them." We also have testimony about that, they'll be testimony from several witnesses who will say, "Yeah, I went to their forums and I got MAC addresses that way." So that, I think, will provide a sufficient foundation for the opening and I think will avoid promising that they're going to see these particular products.

THE COURT: All right. Because I hadn't finished my analysis of the samples. I was tentatively of the view that the posts by Andrew Spear could be -the post, the one that's in the motion in limine, by Andrew Spear, um, could be conditionally admitted under Rule 801(d)(2)(E) as co-conspirator hearsay. As I understand it, Spear bought -- you say the evidence is going to show that Spear bought an SB-5100 Combo, which

can be used to steal internet service, and he asks for MAC addresses in the post indicating arguably an intent -- well, indicating an intent to use an interdependence -- and understanding the interdependence, that it was not useful to have the device alone unless you've got the MAC addresses.

So the evidence appears to be adequate to show and be conditionally admitted that the defendant sells a product which could be used to steal internet service, the evidence would indicate the defendant intended to agree with others and the agreement to steal would be evidence of a scheme. So it seems that particularly the way you represented the evidence now, that I'm likely to find by a preponderance that Spear was in a conspiracy with Harris and the posts were in furtherance of the conspiracy.

I hadn't got quite as far with the Sean19661 post, but as far as I know at the moment, Sean bought --

What are the Spear exhibits that have the whole thread?

MR. BOOKBINDER: Um, that's Exhibit 22, your Honor, and the threads that we would be offering on MAC trading are actually -- they were Pages 7 to 12, but I'm sure they're not anymore because the pages have changed, and again I didn't bring a copy down, but perhaps I

could --

THE COURT: Okay, I'll take a look at it.

MR. BOOKBINDER: Okay. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: But Sean, as I understand it, is Sean Davidson, and he brought only an adaptor, which doesn't have an inherently sinister purpose. I'm skeptical about whether Sean's statements could get in under 801(d)(2)(E) and I question whether they would be admitted for the effect on the defendant. I'd have to hear what the evidence would be to indicate -- to prove -- that it would be enough to prove that the defendant read those posts and I'd have to do a 403 balancing.

That's about as far as I got. I still have to develop my preliminary instructions. As I said, I think they're going to be fairly basic, sort of the black letter law concerning the conspiracy including what -- that the government has to prove the conspiracy charged in the indictment, not some other conspiracy. I may give something on the black letter law concerning single and multiple conspiracies or I may not, but I think <code>Portella</code> essentially gives me those elements.

I may say something about buyer/seller along the lines that, you know, merely selling a product that's capable of being used to steal internet service and even knowing that if somebody was going to use it to steal

internet service is not enough to prove the crimes, you know, to prove a conspiracy, but it is evidence that can be considered and along with other things -- well, it can be considered and along with other things with regard to the defendant's knowledge, an intent to agree, an intent to conspire, an intent to devise a scheme. Something along those lines.

MR. McGINTY: And with respect to **Direct**Sales, the Court's intentions are?

THE COURT: That is Direct Sales.

MR. McGINTY: Oh, but that's with respect to buyer/seller.

THE COURT: Well, I view **Direct Sales** now as essentially a buyer/seller case. I, at the moment, I think they're closely related, if not the same.

I don't know that I'll say this much tomorrow, but I'm inclined to say something like -- and this would be in context.

"The mere sale of a product to a buyer who uses it to commit a crime is not enough to conclude that a conspiracy exists between a buyer and a seller. This is true even if there are multiple sales between these parties and even if the illegal use is a known or foreseeable consequence of the sale. There's no conspiracy if the seller does not know the buyer's

intent to commit the specific substantive crime in this case, wire fraud, nor can you infer that a conspiracy exists because of the seller's mere knowledge that the buyer will use the goods illegally. Thus, while knowledge is necessary to show intent, without knowledge there can be no intent, knowledge itself is not enough. If the seller knows the buyer will use a device to commit a crime but does not intend to agree that it should be committed and act in order to assist its commission, no conspiracy between them exists. The seller must both know the buyer's aims and intend to achieve them." And I may say, "He must, in some sense, promote the conspiracy himself and make it his own and have a stake in the outcome," which I think is language from Falcone I just quoted.

But basically the way the evidence has been characterized to me, the government's going to be able to do that. But doesn't the government intend to show more than the sale of the products, that Mr. Harris was looking for MACs or advising people on how to trade MACs?

MR. BOOKBINDER: We do intend to show more than just the mere sale, your Honor. Yes, we do have some concern about whether -- again it's sort of a pure matter of law whether we need to, but we do intend to

have evidence that is beyond that.

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THE COURT: I may tell them something like "There are a number of" -- not tomorrow, but at the end, that:

"There are a number of things you may consider in determining whether the seller has the required intent, the intent to agree and the intent to commit wire fraud. One thing you may consider is the nature of the product that was sold. As you heard, in this case the parties disagree about the nature of the products Mr. Harris sold, specifically the purpose for which these products were designed and whether they had both lawful and unlawful uses. The nature and purpose of this product -- or products is for you to decide based on the evidence you have heard. The nature of the product can help inform your decision about whether the seller had the required knowledge about how the product would be used and whether he had the required intent that wire fraud be committed. You may also consider other evidence of the seller's knowledge and intent. For example, if it is proven that a buyer intends to use a product unlawfully" -- I'm sorry. "If it is proven that the seller knows that a buyer intends to use a product unlawfully, his efforts to promote the sale of the product to the buyer may or may in some

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circumstances be evidence of an intention to promote and cooperate in that illegal use. The seller's knowledge and intent to aid in the commission of a crime, on one side, in proving the conspiracy, but are not themselves enough, there is no conspiracy unless the buyer also intends both to agree and to commit the substantive crime, wire fraud. In deciding whether it has been proven that a conspiracy to commit a particular crime exists between a buyer and a seller, you may look to the history of dealings between the parties, the circumstances of a particular transaction or transactions, the communications between the parties, and other evidence relating to whether an agreement between the parties existed and that the purpose of the agreement was to commit wire fraud." I will instruct them that "They can also consider whether the defendant did more than sell items such as providing support, instruction, and assistance to the buyers, and the illegal release of the items."

Well, those are essentially what I'm thinking about now. If you want some guidance from me, particularly in the morning, um, if you're going to say anything about the law, I'm going to tell them, at some point, that I've discussed the law with you, that I haven't finally decided what my instructions are, and

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they have to follow the law as I give it at the end of
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     the case. But as always I'll try to keep you involved
     and informed of my evolving views so you won't peg your
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     theory of the case on something I'm not going to
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     instruct on. All right?
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                (Silence.)
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                THE COURT: Anybody have any questions at this
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     point?
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                (Silence.)
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                THE COURT: No.
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                MR. BOOKBINDER: No, your Honor.
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                THE COURT: All right.
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           Is there anything further we ought to discuss
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     today?
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                MR. McGINTY: I think not.
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                THE COURT: All right. We're off. I'll go
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     over with you tomorrow morning what I intend my
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     preliminary instructions to be and hopefully there won't
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     be anything else before we bring the jury in. But if
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     there is --
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                MR. McGINTY: Um, would those be e-mailable
     earlier?
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                THE COURT: No. No, because I'll probably
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     write them in the morning on my yellow pad.
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                MR. McGINTY: Given the chance, we could help
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edit them. 1 THE COURT: What's that? 2 3 MR. McGINTY: I said given the chance, we could help edit them. 4 5 THE COURT: They're going to be pretty basic. 6 I think they're not going to be much more than what I 7 told you at the outset. But given, you know, the First 8 Circuit elements of conspiracy, I might tell them, you know, something about a single versus multiple 9 10 conspiracies and I think I'll say very little about 11 buyer/seller Direct Sales, but that they can consider 12 the nature of the product as evidence. But there 13 probably needs to be more. MR. McGINTY: Can I ask? I mean, the nature 14 15 of the product sort of begs the question, "What's the 16 categories that differentiate their natures?" And 17 Direct Sales has restricted and unrestricted --18 THE COURT: Yeah, I don't, at the moment, 19 think that that's dispositive. I think if something is 20 inherently susceptible to an unlawful use, um, that has value. The government's theory is there's no legal 21 22 purpose for some of these devices and if the government proves that, that's sufficient -- well, that's evidence, 23

but not alone sufficient proof of a conspiracy or the

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scheme charged.

MR. McGINTY: But not to belabor the point, but in the U.S. it's not whether something is inherently susceptible to misuse, it's whether it's prohibited. I can sell anything literally indifferent to how it's used so long as it's not restricted. And the interesting thing about *Direct Sales* is that the reason that they use the words "susceptible to misuse" is they're doing it in connection with the notice part that goes with a product that's restricted. So that seems to be the key to *Direct Sales* and that's the part that I think the government --

THE COURT: Well, I'm sure I'll read **Direct**Sales yet again, but at the moment I doubt that I'll give an instruction that's that categorical.

MS. SEDKY: Your Honor, may I address the single versus multiple conspiracy or would you rather do that tomorrow?

THE COURT: No, that's okay. Go ahead.

MS. SEDKY: We submitted some pattern jury instructions, I mean, I tried to find every pattern instruction I could on single and multiple conspiracies and culled what I thought was an amalgamation of different circuits. I am concerned that if the Court is inclined to just announce the **Portella** standard, it won't necessarily be that, um -- it's a confusing

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standard, in my opinion -- in my humble opinion,
standing by itself, and I would just urge the Court to,
um, consider at least some of the pattern instructions
from other circuits.

THE COURT: Yeah, I'll look at some of the others, but you're here from Washington, but you're in the First Circuit, right?

MS. SEDKY: Right, I couldn't find any in the First Circuit, so I --

THE COURT: Well, they're not pattern instructions, but we went for a long time without pattern instructions. If there's a material difference between Portalla and an instruction in another circuit, um, I've got to the follow the First Circuit. To the extent you're saying that the First Circuit law, you know, perhaps should be stated more clearly, for the purpose of this case, than just the elements in Portalla, I will definitely look at all of that before the end. But -- I don't have to give any preliminary instructions tomorrow at all, but I regularly do it because I think it helps the jury listen to the evidence, but I always admonish them that they'll get much more detailed instructions at the end and they have to follow the instructions at the end if they seem different than what I told them at the beginning, and I

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think that admonition will be particularly appropriate
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     and important in this case.
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                MS. SEDKY: Thank you.
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                THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
           The Court is in recess until 9:00 tomorrow
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     morning.
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                (Adjourned, 4:45 p.m.)
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                      CERTIFICATE
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           I, RICHARD H. ROMANOW, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER, do
12
     hereby certify that the forgoing transcript of the
13
     record is a true and accurate transcription of my
     stenographic notes, before Chief Judge Mark L. Wolf, on
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15
     Tuesday, February 21, 2012, to the best of my skill and
16
     ability.
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19
     /s/ Richard H. Romanow 11-06-12
     RICHARD H. ROMANOW Date
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